



MI SYSTEM

**BU Installation Systems
Installation Technical Manual
Technical Data
MI System**

Version 2.1 10.2018



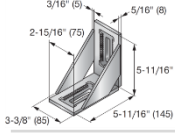
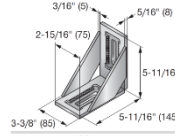
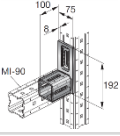
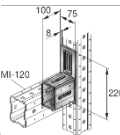
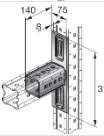
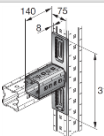

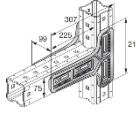
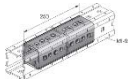



Terms of common cooperation / Legal disclaimer

The product loading capacities published in these Technical Data Sheets are only valid for the mentioned codes or technical data generation methods and the defined application conditions (e.g. ambient temperature load capacity not valid in case of fire, data not valid in support structures when mixed with third party products), assuming sufficient fastener, base material and building structure strength. Additional calculations, checks and releases by the responsible structural engineer might be needed to clarify the capacity of base material and building structure. Suitability of structures combining different products for specific applications needs to be verified by conducting a system design and calculation, using for example Hilti PROFIS software. In addition, it is crucial to fully respect the Instructions for Use and to assure clean, unaltered and undamaged state of all products at any time in order to achieve this loading capacity (e.g. misuse, modification, overload, corrosion). As products but also technical data generation methodologies evolve over time, technical data might change at any time without prior notice. We recommend to use the latest technical data sheets published by Hilti.

In any case the suitability of structures combining different products for specific applications need to be checked and cleared by an expert, particularly with regard to compliance with applicable norms and permits, prior to using them for any specific facility. This book only serves as an aid to interpret the suitability of structures combining different products for specific applications without any guarantee as to the absence of errors, the correctness and the relevance of the results or suitability for a specific application. User must take all necessary and reasonable steps to prevent or limit damage. The suitability of structures combining different products for specific applications are only recommendations that need to be confirmed with a professional designer and/or structural engineers to ensure compliance with User's specific jurisdiction and project requirements.

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MI System brackets - structural steel profiles			
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MI-Girders

Designation	Item number
MI-90 3m	304798
MI-90 6m	304799
MI-120 3m	304800
MI-120 6m	304801



Technical data			MI-90	MI-120
For girder MI / cross section including torsion				
Cross-sectional area	A	[mm ²]	1057.4	1456.24
Channel weight		[kg/m]	9.43	12.64
Material				
yield strength	$f_{y,k}$	[N/mm ²]	235.0	235.0
permissible stress*	σ_{rec}	[N/mm ²]	167.9	167.9
E-module		[N/mm ²]	210000	210000
thrust-module		[N/mm ²]	81000	81000
Surface				
hot dip galvanized		[μ m]	75	75
Cross-section values Y-axis				
Axis of gravity	e_y	[mm]	45.0	60.0
moment of inertia	I_y	[cm ⁴]	120.75	280.72
Section modulus	W_y	[cm ³]	26.83	46.79
Radius of gyration	i_y	[cm]	3.38	4.39
Cross-section values Z-axis				
Axis of gravity	e_z	[mm]	45.00	45.00
moment of inertia	I_z	[cm ⁴]	120.75	181.65
Section modulus	W_z	[cm ³]	26.83	40.37
Radius of gyration	i_z	[cm]	3.38	3.53
Data to the torsion				
torsional moment of inertia	I_t	[cm ⁴]	164.82	314.97
torsional section modulus	W_t	[cm ³]	38.82	71.69

Material composition: DD11 MOD - EN 10111, S235JR - EN 10025-2

Corrosion protection: Hot-dip galvanized, 75 μ m - ASTM A123

MIC-BA Connector

Designation **MIC-BA** Item number **2174677**

Corrosion protection:

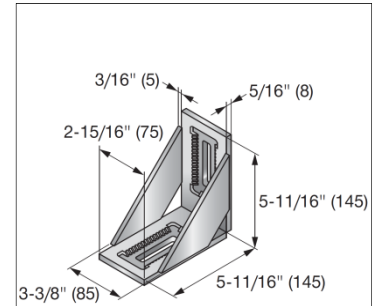
Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Connector, Plate	ISO 1461	55
Toothed Plate	ISO 1461	45
Backing Plate (Min.)	ISO 1461	45
Bolt; Nut	ISO 1461	40; 45

Weight:

2227g incl. components

Description:

Hot dipped galvanized, 90° Hilti MI angle connector, used for connecting two perpendicular MI girders. The baseplate has a serrated slot for improved shear loads and fine adjustment.



Hardware included per connector

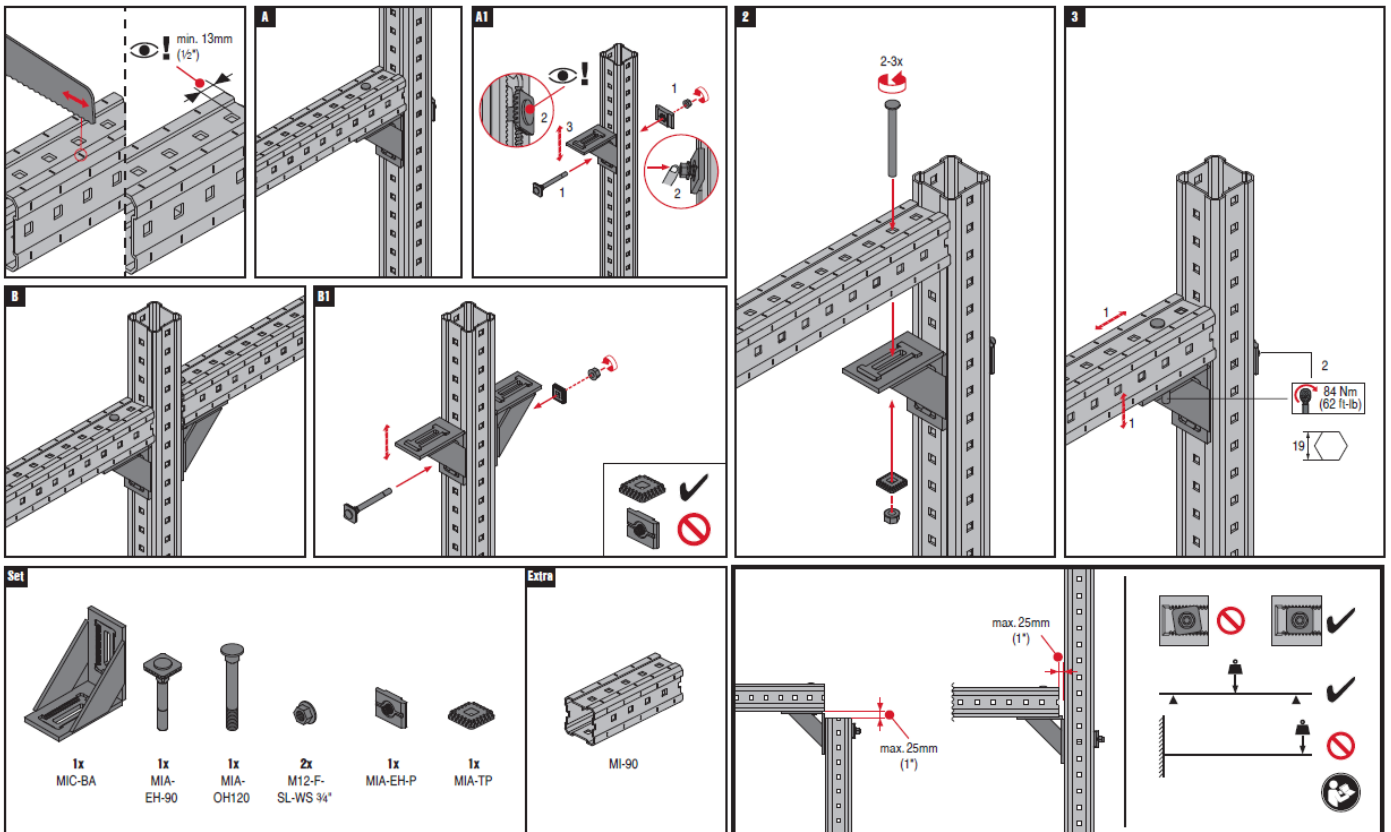


Material properties

Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Connector, Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Toothed Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Backing Plate (Min.) EN-GJMW-400-5 (DIN EN 1562)	$f_y = 220 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 400 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Bolt; Nut F Class 8.8 (ISO 898-1); Grade 8 (ISO 898-2)	$f_y = 640 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 800 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:



MIC-BA Connector

Possible loading cases		
Standard	Double	

Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Finite element analysis
- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

• EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
• EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures –Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	09.2011
• EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
• EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	03.2012
• EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-5:Plated structural elements	06.2012
• EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012
• EN 10025-2	Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels	02.2005
• RAL-GZ 655	Pipe Supports	04.2008

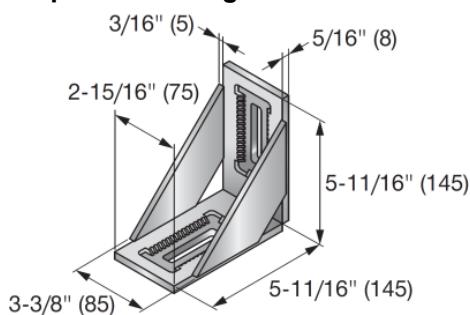
Software:

- Ansys 18.2
- Mathcad 15.0
- Microsoft Excel

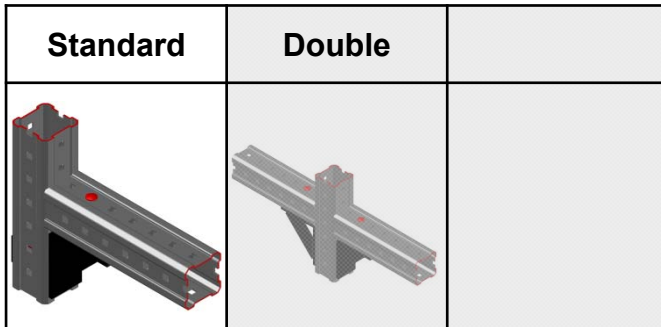
Validity:

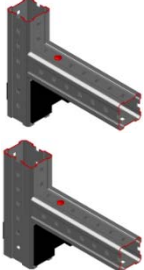
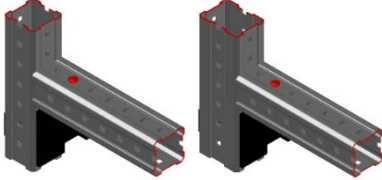
- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

Simplified drawing:

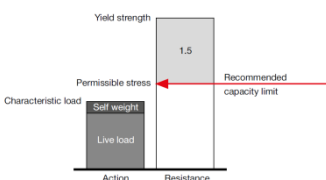
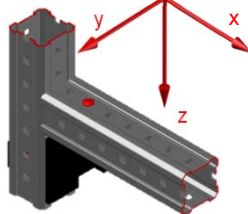


MIC-BA Connector



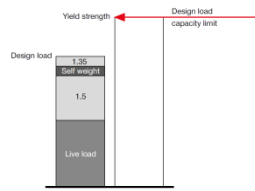
Loading case: Standard	Combinations covered by loading case
<p>Bill of Material for this loading case:</p> <p>For fixation on MI-90 girder 1x MIC-BA 2174677</p> <p>For fixation on MI-120 1x MIC-BA 2174677 1x MIA-EH120 304888 MIA-EH90 remains unused</p> 	<p>Connector used for Connecting MI-90 girder on either MI-90 or MI-120 girder in a 90-degree angle</p> 

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

Method							
	 <table border="1" data-bbox="1109 1108 1444 1220"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>6.13</td> <td>4.07</td> <td>4.47</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	6.13	4.07	4.47
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]					
6.13	4.07	4.47					

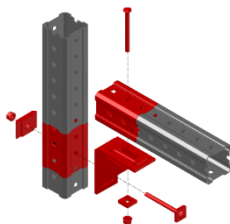
Design loading capacity - 3D

1/2

Method	
	

Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

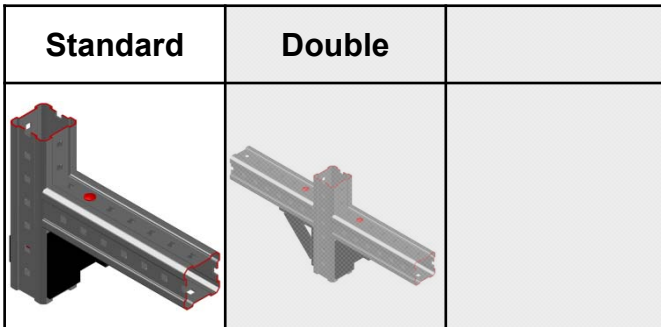
1. Connection system including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girders, per FEA simulation



MIC-BA Connector

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



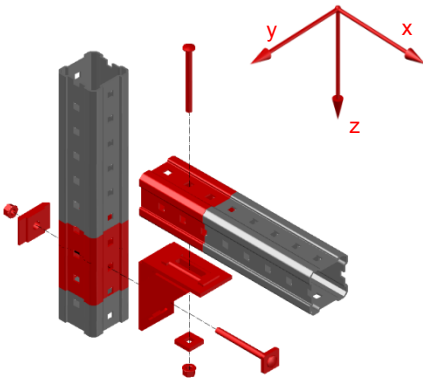
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/2

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girders, per FEA simulation



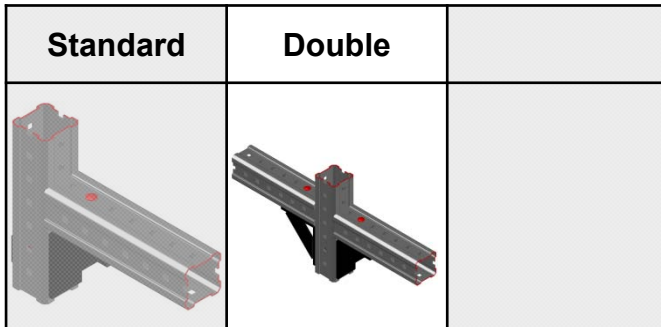
+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
9.20	9.70	6.10	6.10	19.60	6.70
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
0.28	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00



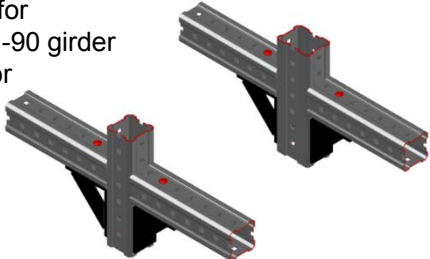
includes cross section resistance of steel plate and contact pressure

Interaction:

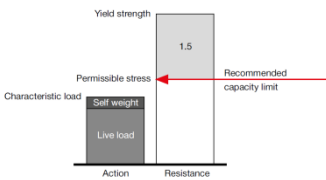
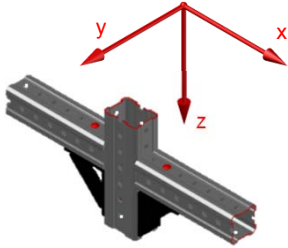
$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-BA Connector



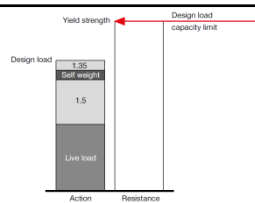
Loading case: Double	Combinations covered by loading case
<p>Bill of Material for this loading case: For fixation on MI-90 girder 2x MIC-BA 2174677 1x MIA-TP 305707 MIA-EH-P remains unused For fixation on MI-120 2x MIC-BA 2174677 1x MIA-EH120 304888 1x MIA-TP 305707 MIA-EH90 and MIA-EH-P remains unused</p>  	<p>Connector used for Connecting 2xMI-90 girder on either MI-90 or MI-120 girder in a 90-degree angle</p> 

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

Method							
	 <table border="1" data-bbox="1109 1086 1452 1209"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>5.52</td> <td>4.07</td> <td>4.02</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	5.52	4.07	4.02
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]					
5.52	4.07	4.02					

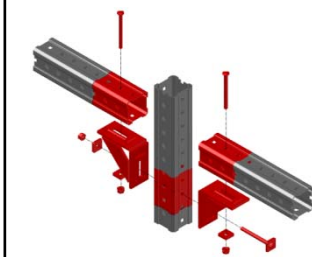
Design loading capacity - 3D

1/2

Method	
	

Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

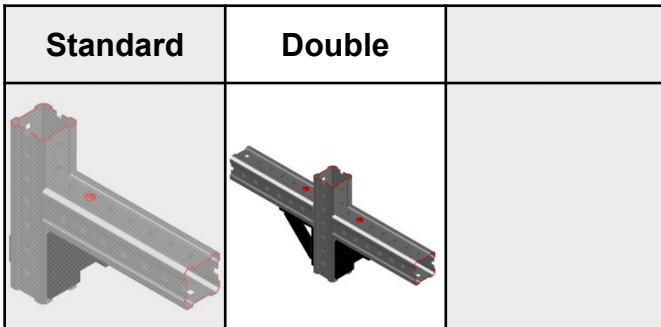
1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girders, per FEA simulation



MIC-BA Connector

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



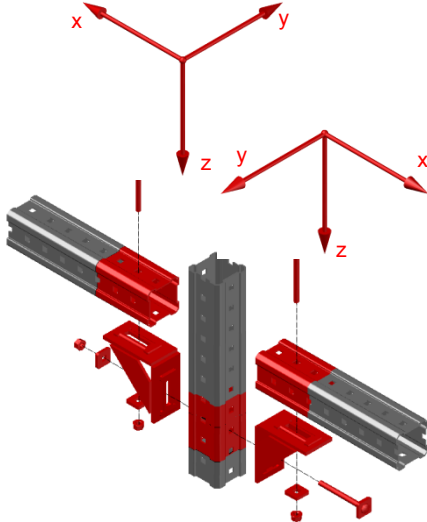
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/2

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. 1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girders, per FEA simulation
Resistance values for one side of the connection system**

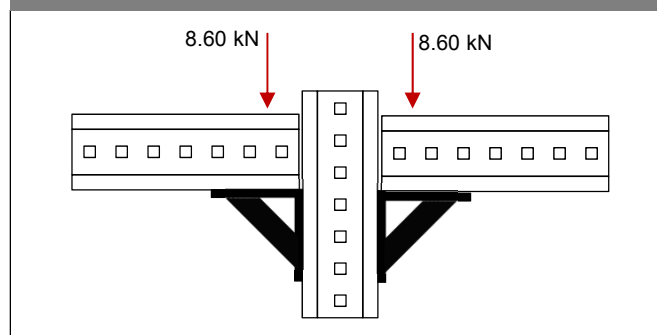


+F _{x,Rd} [kN]	-F _{x,Rd} [kN]	+F _{y,Rd} [kN]	-F _{y,Rd} [kN]	+F _{z,Rd} [kN]	-F _{z,Rd} [kN]
8.28**	8.60**	6.10**	6.10**	8.60**	6.03**
+M _{x,Rd} [kNm]	-M _{x,Rd} [kNm]	+M _{y,Rd} [kNm]	-M _{y,Rd} [kNm]	+M _{z,Rd} [kNm]	-M _{z,Rd} [kNm]
0.28**	0.28**	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

includes cross section resistance of steel plate and contact pressure
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

**Explanation how to apply resistance values - example of F_z



MIC-BAH Connector

Designation **MIC-BAH** Item number **2179532**

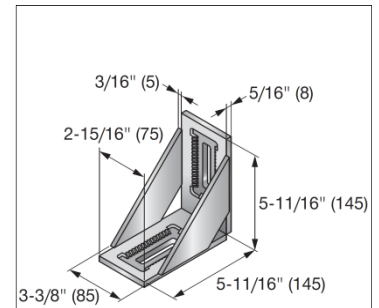
Corrosion protection:

Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Connector, Plate	ISO 1461	55
Toothed Plate	ISO 1461	45
Backing Plate (Min.)	ISO 1461	45
Bolt; Nut	ISO 1461	40; 45

Weight:
2227g

Description:

Hot dipped galvanized, 90° Hilti MI angle connector, used for connecting two perpendicular MI girders. The baseplate has a serrated slot for improved shear loads and fine adjustment. Suitable for cantilever applications only when used in Double configuration as defined in the IFU.



Hardware included per connector

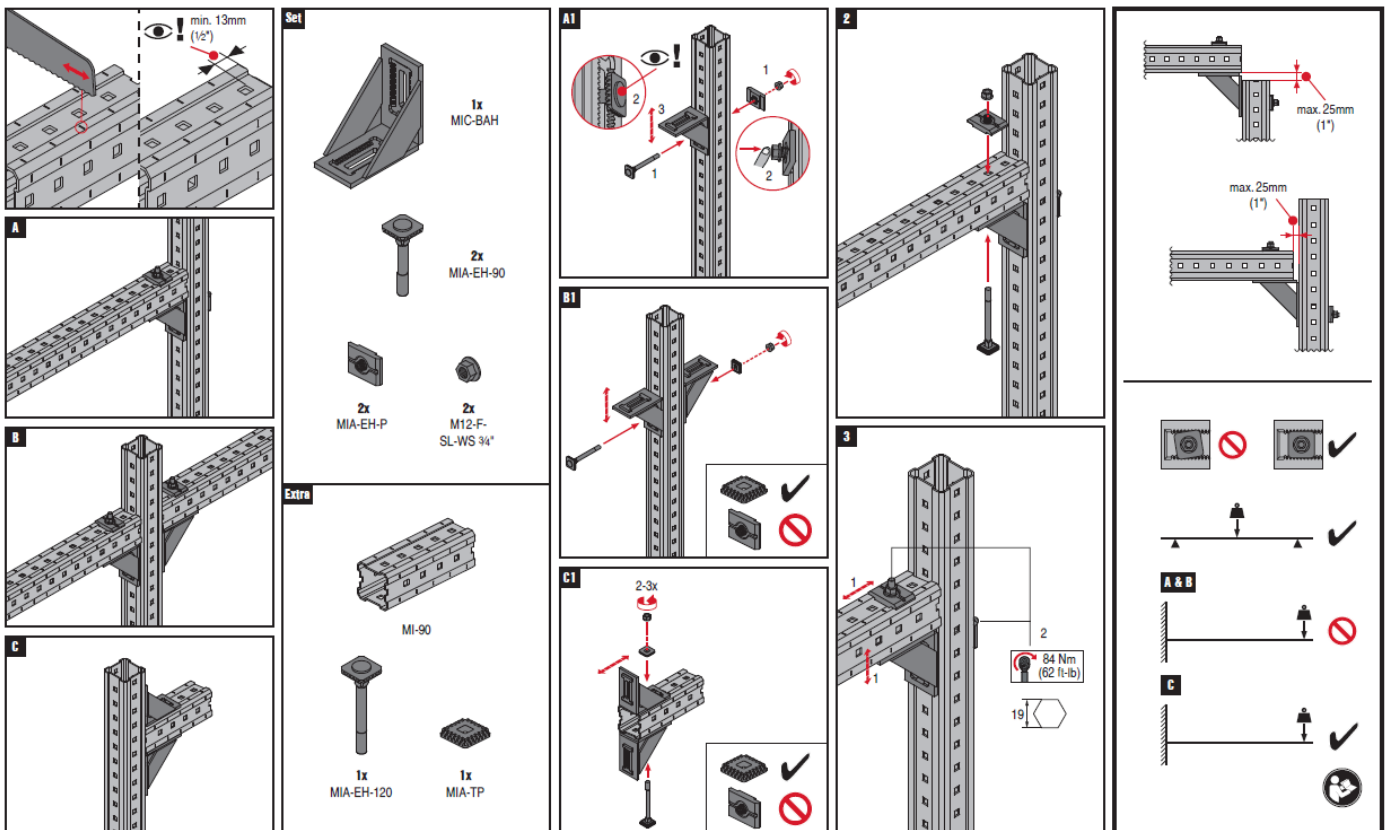


Material properties

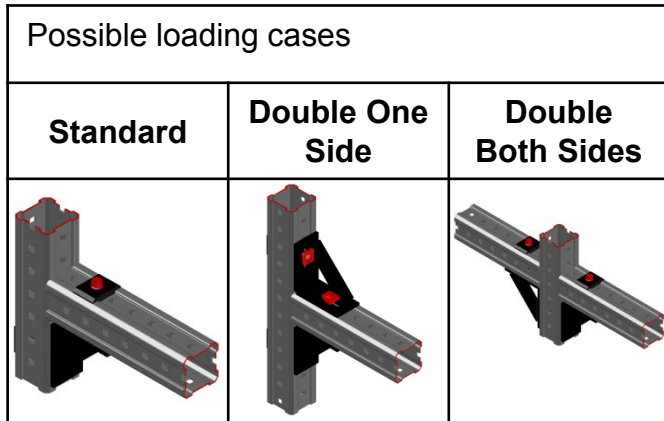
Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Connector, Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Toothed Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Backing Plate (Min.) EN-GJMW-400-5 (DIN EN 1562)	$f_y = 220 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 400 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Bolt; Nut F Class 8.8 (ISO 898-1); Grade 8 (ISO 898-2)	$f_y = 640 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 800 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:



MIC-BAH Connector



Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Finite element analysis
- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

• EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
• EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures –Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	09.2011
• EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
• EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	03.2012
• EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-5:Plated structural elements	06.2012
• EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012
• EN 10025-2	Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels	02.2005
• RAL-GZ 655	Pipe Supports	04.2008

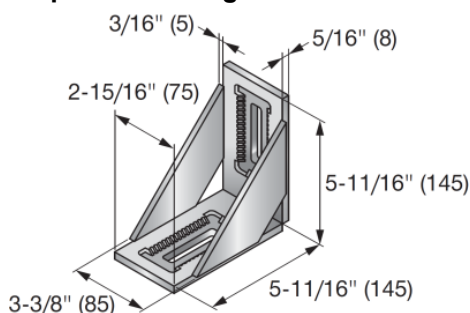
Software:

- Ansys 18.2
- Mathcad 15.0
- Microsoft Excel

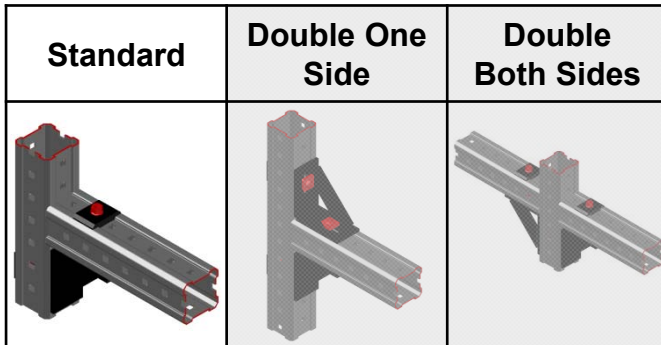
Validity:

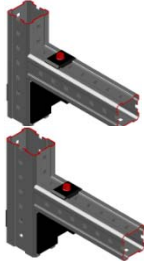
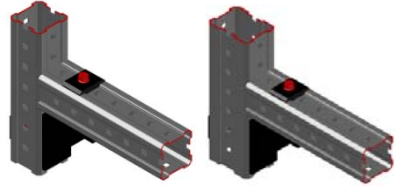
- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

Simplified drawing:

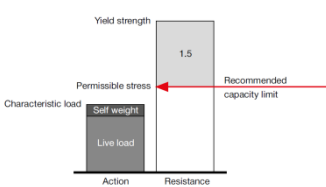
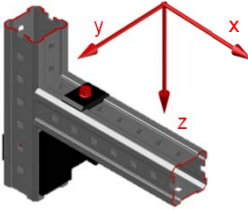


MIC-BAH Connector




Loading case: Standard	Combinations covered by loading case
<p>Bill of Material for this loading case:</p> <p>For fixation on MI-90 girder 1x MIC-BAH 2179532</p> <p>For fixation on MI-120 1x MIC-BAH 2179532 1x MIA-EH120 304888 MIA-EH90 remains unused</p> 	<p>Connector used for Connecting MI-90 girder on either MI-90 or MI-120 girder in a 90-degree angle</p> 

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

Method							
	 <table border="1" data-bbox="1109 1108 1444 1220"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>8.59</td> <td>4.07</td> <td>8.59</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	8.59	4.07	8.59
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]					
8.59	4.07	8.59					

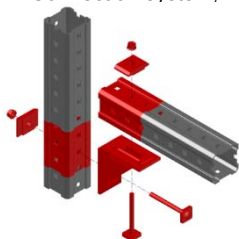
Design loading capacity - 3D

1/2

Method	
	

Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

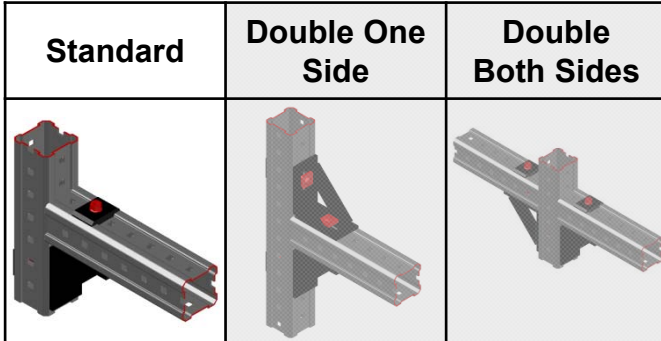
1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girders, per FEA simulation



MIC-BAH Connector

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



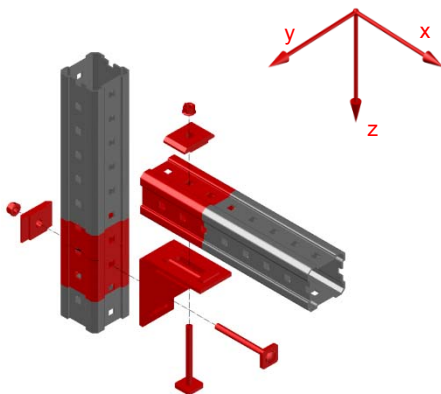
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/2

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girders, per FEA simulation



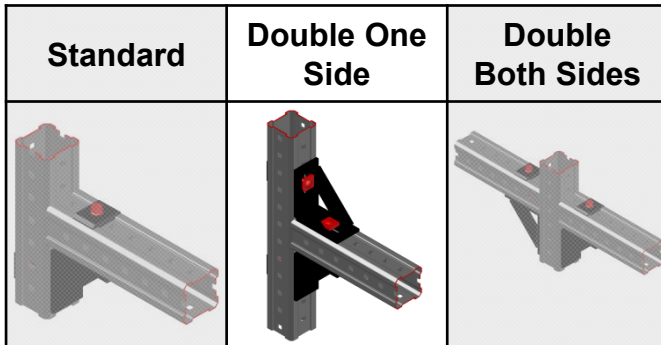
+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
12.88	20.80	6.10	6.10	20.80	12.88
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
0.62	0.62	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00


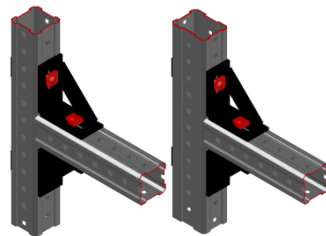
includes cross section resistance of steel plate and contact pressure

Interaction:

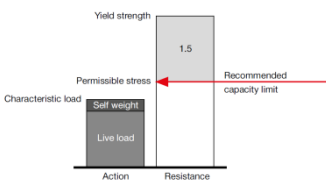
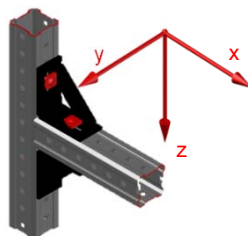
$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-BAH Connector



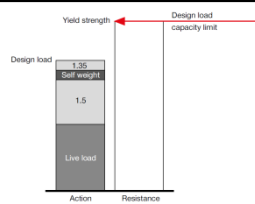
Loading case: Double One Side	Combinations covered by loading case
<p>Bill of Material for this loading case: For fixation on MI-90 girder 2x MIC-BAH 2179532 1x MIA-TP 305707 1xMI-EH90 and 1xMIA-EH-P remain unused For fixation on MI-120 2x MIC-BAH 2179532 1x MIA-TP 305707 2x MIA-EH120 304888 3xMIA-EH90 and 2xMIA-EH-P remain unused</p> 	<p>Connector used in pair for Connecting MI-90 girder on either MI-90 or MI-120 girder in a 90-degree angle</p> 

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

Method							
	 <table border="1" data-bbox="1109 1176 1444 1288"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>16.33</td> <td>8.13</td> <td>22.73</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	16.33	8.13	22.73
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]					
16.33	8.13	22.73					

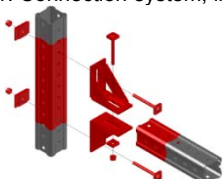
Design loading capacity - 3D

1/2

Method	
	

Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

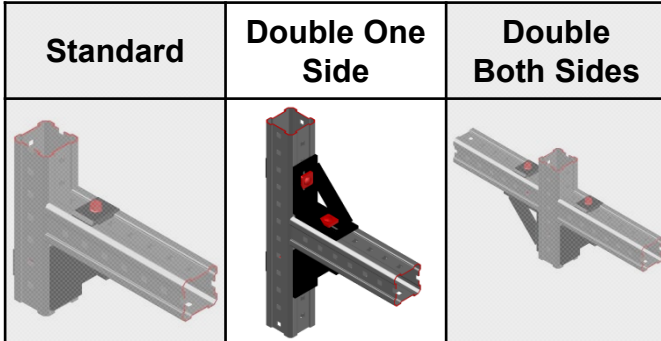
1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girders, per FEA simulation



MIC-BAH Connector

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



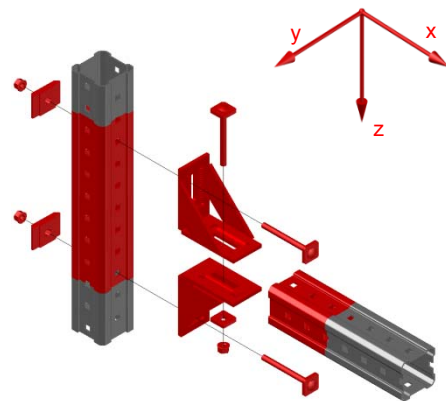
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/2

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girders, per FEA simulation



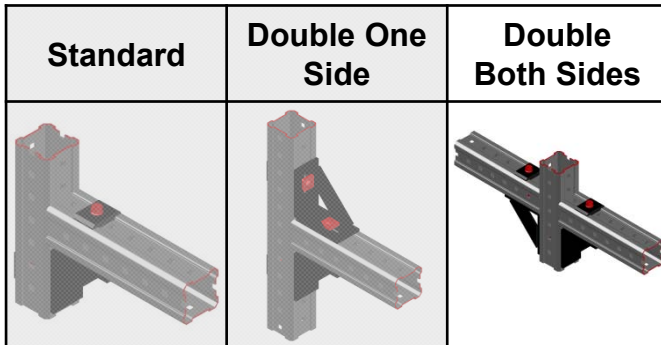
+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
24.50	28.60	12.20	12.20	34.10	34.10
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
1.87	1.87	2.10	2.10	1.16	1.16

includes cross section resistance of steel plate and contact pressure

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-BAH Connector



Loading case: Double Both Sides	Combinations covered by loading case
<p>Bill of Material for this loading case:</p> <p><u>For fixation on MI-90 girder</u></p> <p>2x MIC-BAH 2179532 1x MIA-TP 305707 1x MI-EH90 and MIA-EH-P remain unused</p> <p><u>For fixation on MI-120</u></p> <p>2x MIC-BAH 2179532 1x MIA-EH120 304888 1x MIA-TP 305707 The 2x MIA-EH90 and 2x MIA-EH-P remain unused</p>	<p>Connector used in pair for Connecting 2xMI-90 girder on either MI-90 or MI-120 girder in a 90-degree angle</p>

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications							
<p>Method</p>	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>7.63</td> <td>4.07</td> <td>5.73</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><small>These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</small></p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	7.63	4.07	5.73
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]					
7.63	4.07	5.73					

Design loading capacity - 3D		1/2
<p>Method</p>		

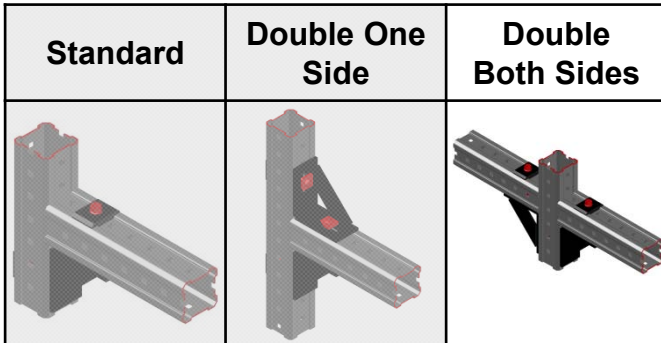
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girders, per FEA simulation

MIC-BAH Connector

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



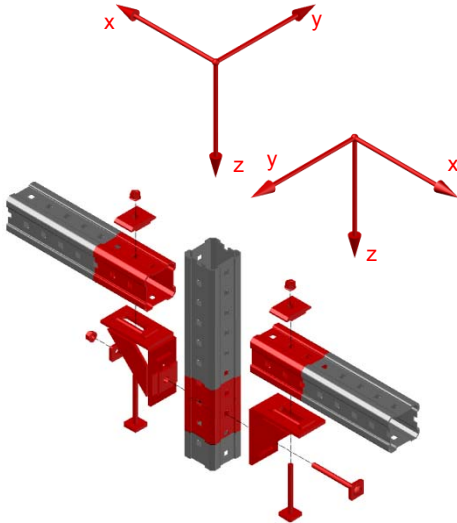
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/2

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girders, per FEA simulation Resistance values for one side of the connection system**

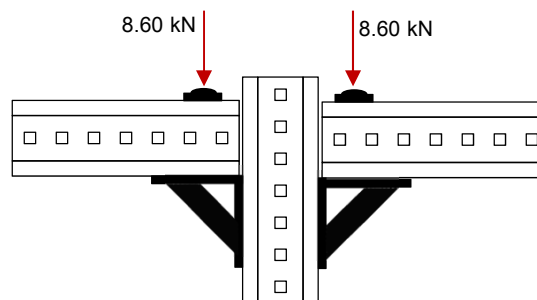


+F _{x,Rd} [kN]	-F _{x,Rd} [kN]	+F _{y,Rd} [kN]	-F _{y,Rd} [kN]	+F _{z,Rd} [kN]	-F _{z,Rd} [kN]
11.44**	17.64**	6.10**	6.10**	8.60**	8.60**
+M _{x,Rd} [kNm]	-M _{x,Rd} [kNm]	+M _{y,Rd} [kNm]	-M _{y,Rd} [kNm]	+M _{z,Rd} [kNm]	-M _{z,Rd} [kNm]
0.62**	0.62**	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

**Explanation how to apply resistance values - example of F_z



MIC-90-UH Connector

Designation **MIC-90-UH** Item number **2179533**

Corrosion protection:

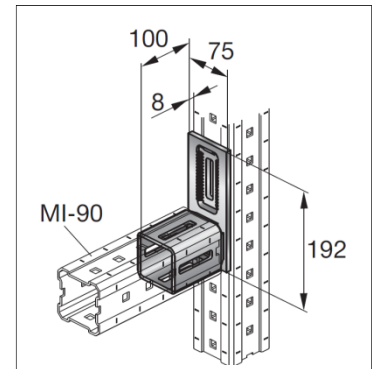
Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Connector, Plate	ISO 1461	55
Toothed Plate	ISO 1461	45
Backing Plate (Min.)	ISO 1461	45
Bolt; Nut	ISO 1461	40; 45

Weight:

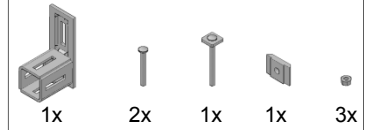
2510 g incl. components

Submittal text:

Hot dipped galvanized, 90° Hilti MI angle connector, used for connecting two perpendicular MI girders. The baseplate has a serrated slot for improved shear loads and fine adjustment, and the connector is connected with an oblong hole. Not suitable for cantilever applications.



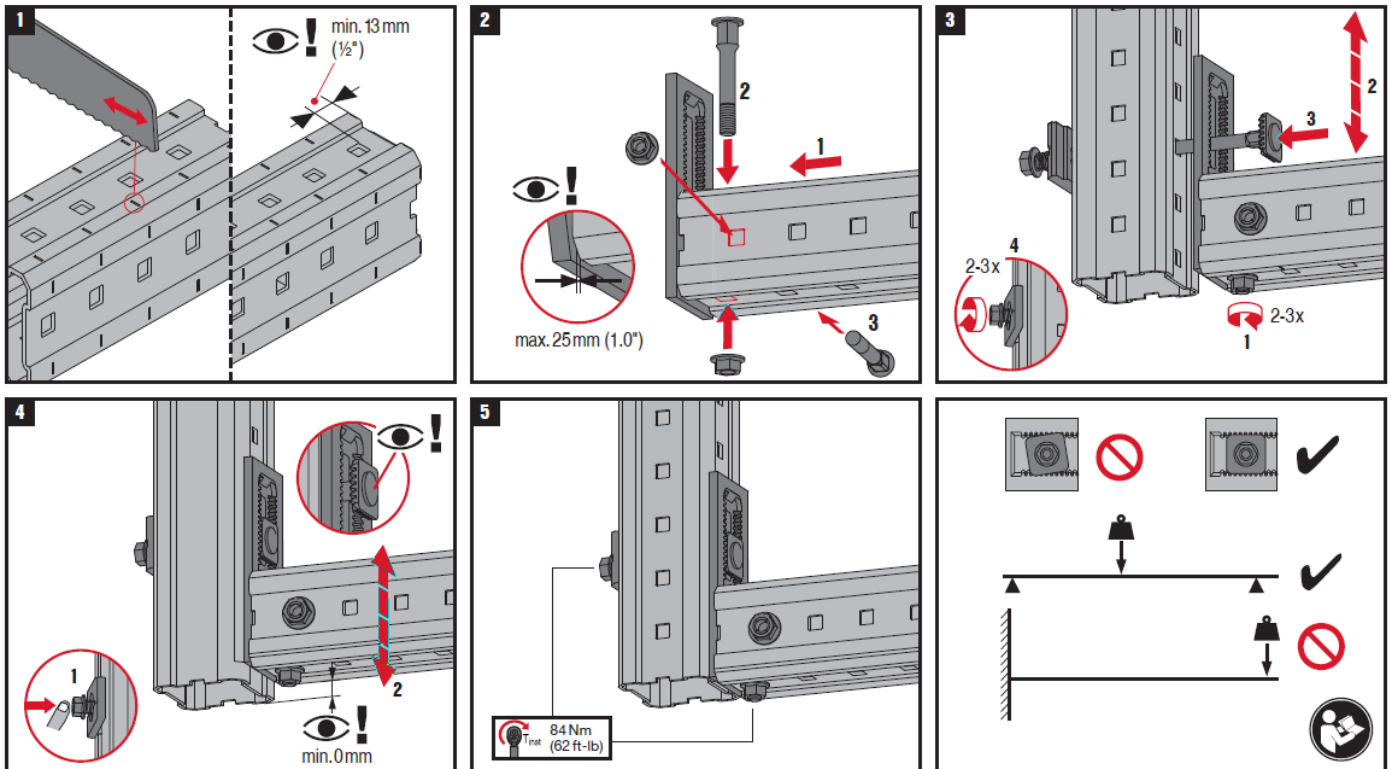
Hardware included per connector



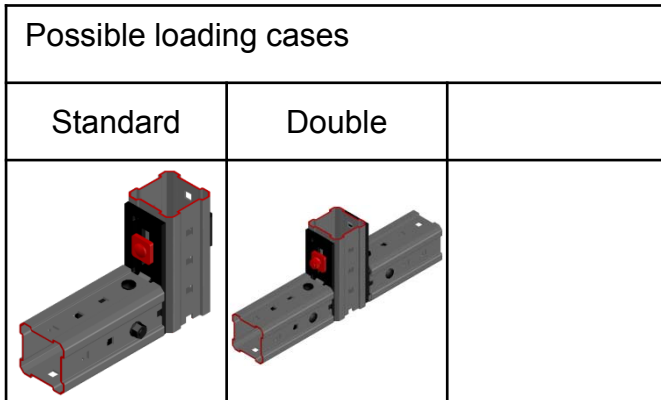
Material properties				
Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Connector, Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Toothed Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Backing Plate (Min.) EN-GJMW-400-5 (DIN EN 1562)	$f_y = 220 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 400 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Bolt; Nut F Class 8.8 (ISO 898-1); Grade 8 (ISO 898-2)	$f_y = 640 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 800 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:



MIC-90-UH Connector



Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

- | | | |
|---------------|---|---------|
| • EN 1990 | Basics of structural design | 03.2003 |
| • EN 1991-1-1 | Eurocode 1: Actions on structures –Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings | 03.2012 |
| • EN 1993-1-1 | Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings | 03.2012 |
| • EN 1993-1-3 | Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting | 09.2010 |
| • EN 1993-1-5 | Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-5:Plated structural elements | 06.2012 |
| • EN 1993-1-8 | Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-8: Design of joints | 03.2012 |

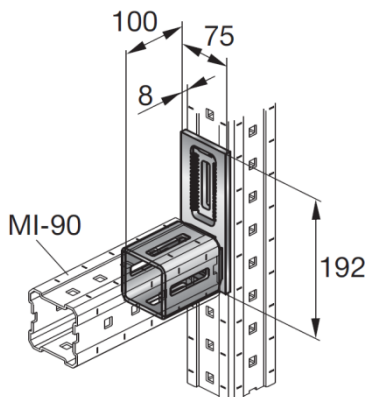
Software:

- Mathcad 15.0
- Microsoft Excel

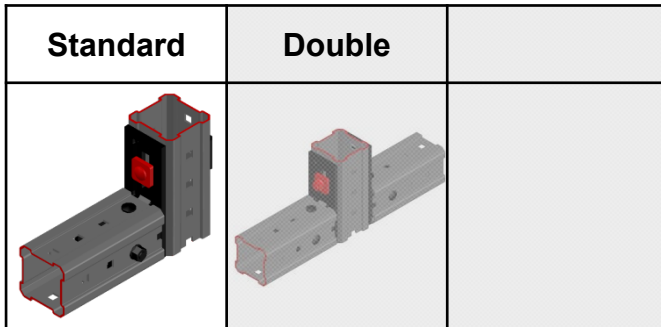
Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

Simplified drawing:



MIC-90-UH Connector



Loading case: Standard	Combinations covered by loading case
<p>Bill of Material for this loading case For fixation on MI-90 girder Angle incl. all components 1x MIC-90-UH 2179533 For fixation on MI-120 1x MIC-90-UH 2179533 1x MIA-EH120 304888 The MIA-EH90 remain unused</p>	<p>Connector used for connecting MI-90 girder on either MI-90 or MI-120 girder in a 90-degree angle</p>

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

Method							
	<table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>2.00</td> <td>9.82</td> <td>11.33</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="font-size: small;">These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	2.00	9.82	11.33
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]					
2.00	9.82	11.33					

Design loading capacity - 3D 1/3

Method	

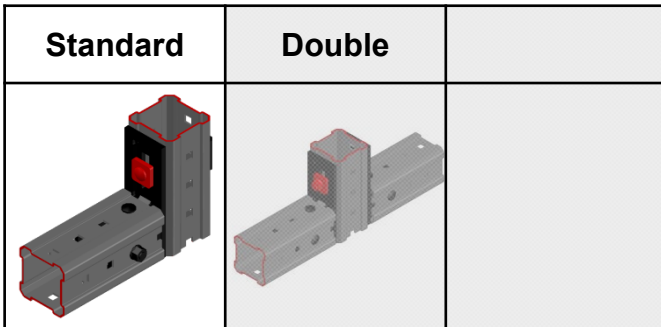
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

1. Steel connector	2. Welds	3. One hand screw	4. Easy hand screw

MIC-90-UH Connector

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



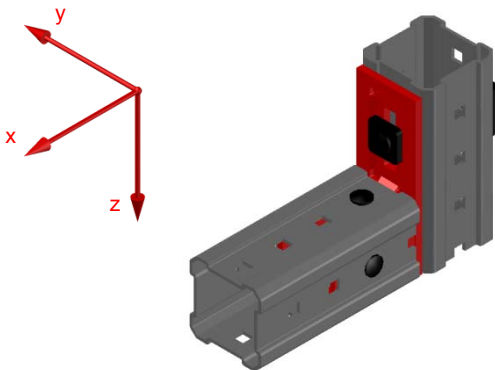
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Steel connector



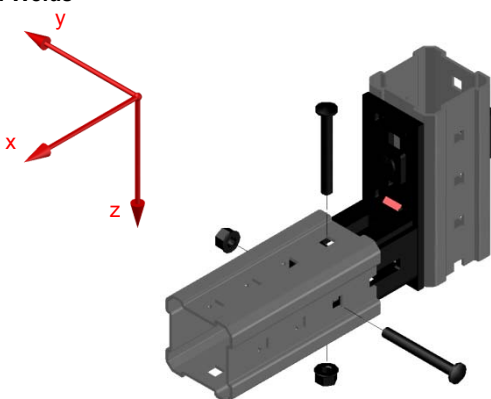
+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
3.00	Not decisive	14.73	14.73	63.92	63.92
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
1.36	1.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

includes cross section resistance of steel plate and contact pressure

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
244.38	244.38	99.77	99.77	99.77	99.77
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
5.99	5.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

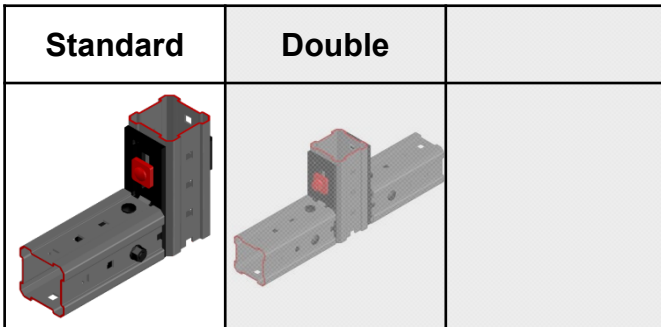
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-90-UH Connector

Validity:

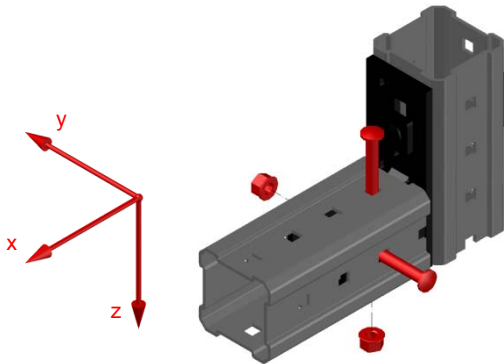
- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



Design loading capacity - 3D

3/3

3. One hand screw -in connection to MIC-90-U and MI90-channel



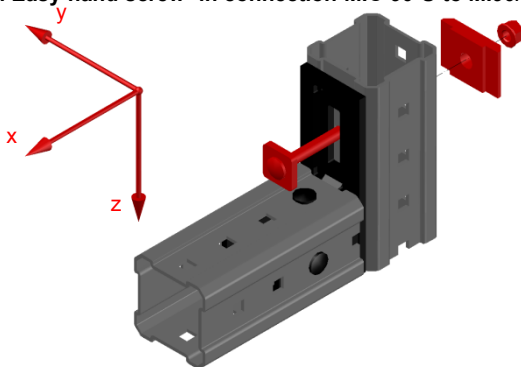
+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
3.00	3.00	36.29	36.29	36.29	36.29
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
1.20	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

includes shear of the bolt, friction resistance, bearing resistance at connector plate and at channel MI90

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

4. Easy hand screw- in connection MIC-90-U to MI90/120-channel



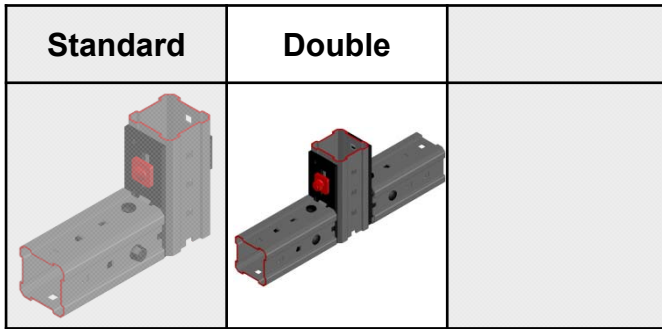
+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
3.00	Not decisive	Not decisive	Not decisive	16.99	16.99
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
Note decisive	Not decisive	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00


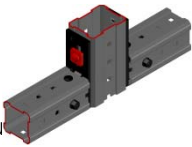


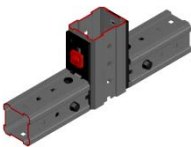
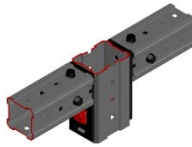
includes shear, bending and tension of the bolt, bearing resistance channel MI-90/120 and tooth plate, resistance of screw plate

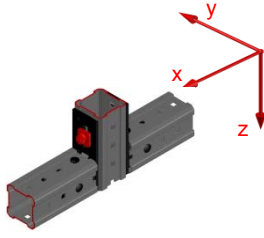
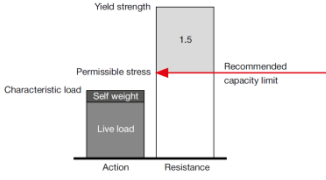
Interaction:

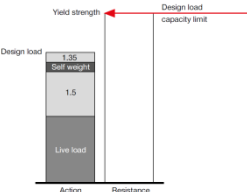
$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$



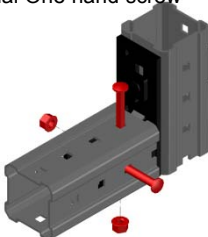
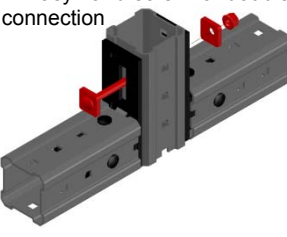
MIC-90-UH Connector



Loading case: Double	Combinations covered by loading case
<p>Bill of Material for this loading case: For fixation on MI-90 girder Angle incl. all components 1x MIC-90-UH 2179533 1x MIA-TP 305707 The backing plate MIA-EH-P remain unused For fixation on MI-120 1x MIC-90-UH 2179533 1x MIA-TP 305707 1x MIA-EH120 304888 The MIA-EH90 and MIA-EH-P remain unused</p>  	<p>Connector used for connecting 2xMI-90 girder on either MI-90 or MI-120 girder in a 90-degree angle</p>    

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications							
Method		Individual connector capacity limit					
		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>2.00</td> <td>9.82</td> <td>6.00</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	2.00	9.82
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]					
2.00	9.82	6.00					

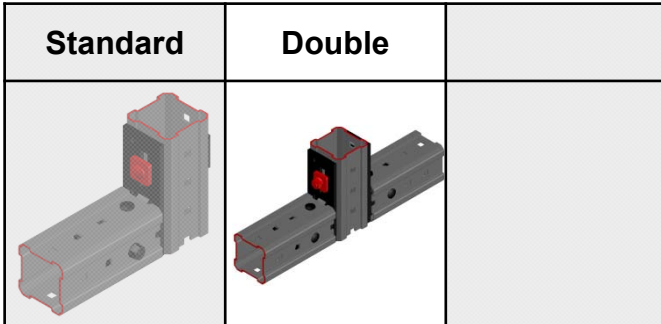
Design loading capacity - 3D		1/3
Method		

Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:			
1. Individual Steel connector 	2. Individual Welds 	3. Individual One hand screw 	4. Easy hand screw for double connection 

MIC-90-UH Connector

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



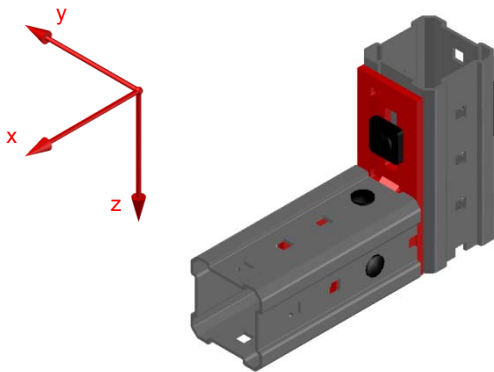
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Individual Steel connector

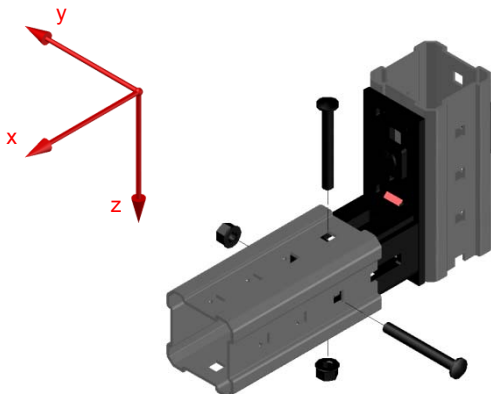


+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
3.00	Not decisive	14.73	14.73	63.92	63.92
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
1.36	1.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

2. Individual Welds



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
244.38	244.38	99.77	99.77	99.77	99.77
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
5.99	5.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

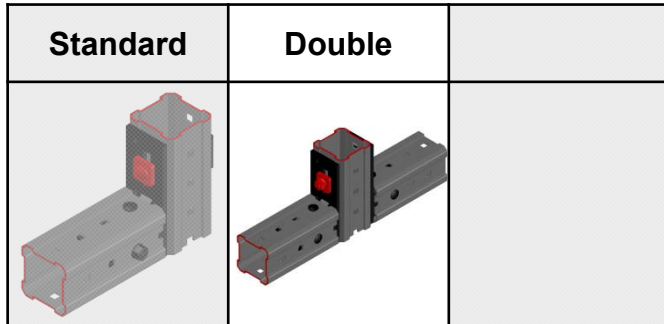
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-90-UH Connector

Validity:

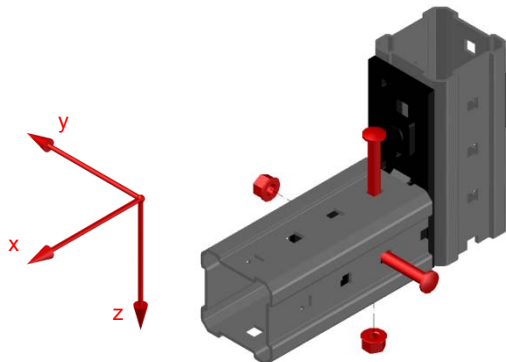
- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



Design loading capacity - 3D

3/3

3. Individual One hand screws -in connection to MIC-90-U and MI90-channel



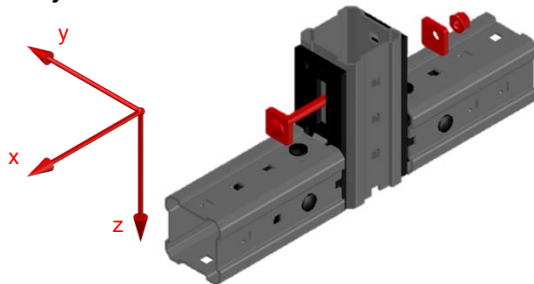
+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
3.00	3.00	36.29	36.29	36.29	36.29
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
1.20	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

includes shear of the bolt, friction resistance, bearing resistance at connector plate and at channel MI90

Interaction:

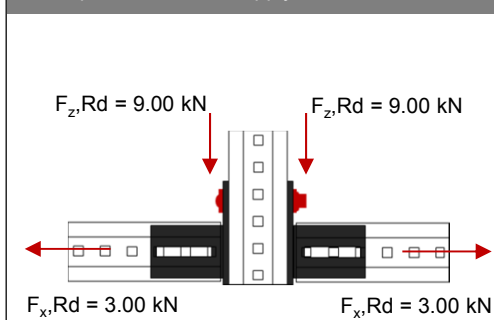
$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

4. Easy hand screw for double connection - resistance values for one connector* in connection MIC-90-U to MI90/120-channel



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
3.00*	Not decisive	Not decisive	Not decisive	9.00*	9.00*
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
Note decisive	Not decisive	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

* Explanation how to apply resistance values



includes shear, bending and tension of the bolt, bearing resistance channel MI-90/120 and tooth plate, resistance of screw plate

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-120-UH Connector

Designation Item number
MIC-120-UH **2179534**

Corrosion protection:

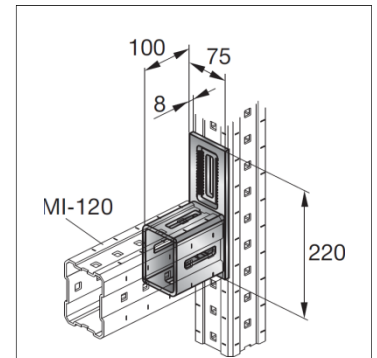
Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Connector, Plate	ISO 1461	55
Toothed Plate	ISO 1461	45
Backing Plate (Min.)	ISO 1461	45
Bolt; Nut	ISO 1461	40; 45

Weight:

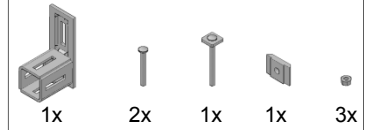
2786 g incl. components

Submittal text:

Hot dipped galvanized, 90° Hilti MI angle connector, used for connecting two perpendicular MI girders. The baseplate has a serrated slot for improved shear loads and fine adjustment, and the connector is connected with an oblong hole. Not suitable for cantilever applications.



Hardware included per connector

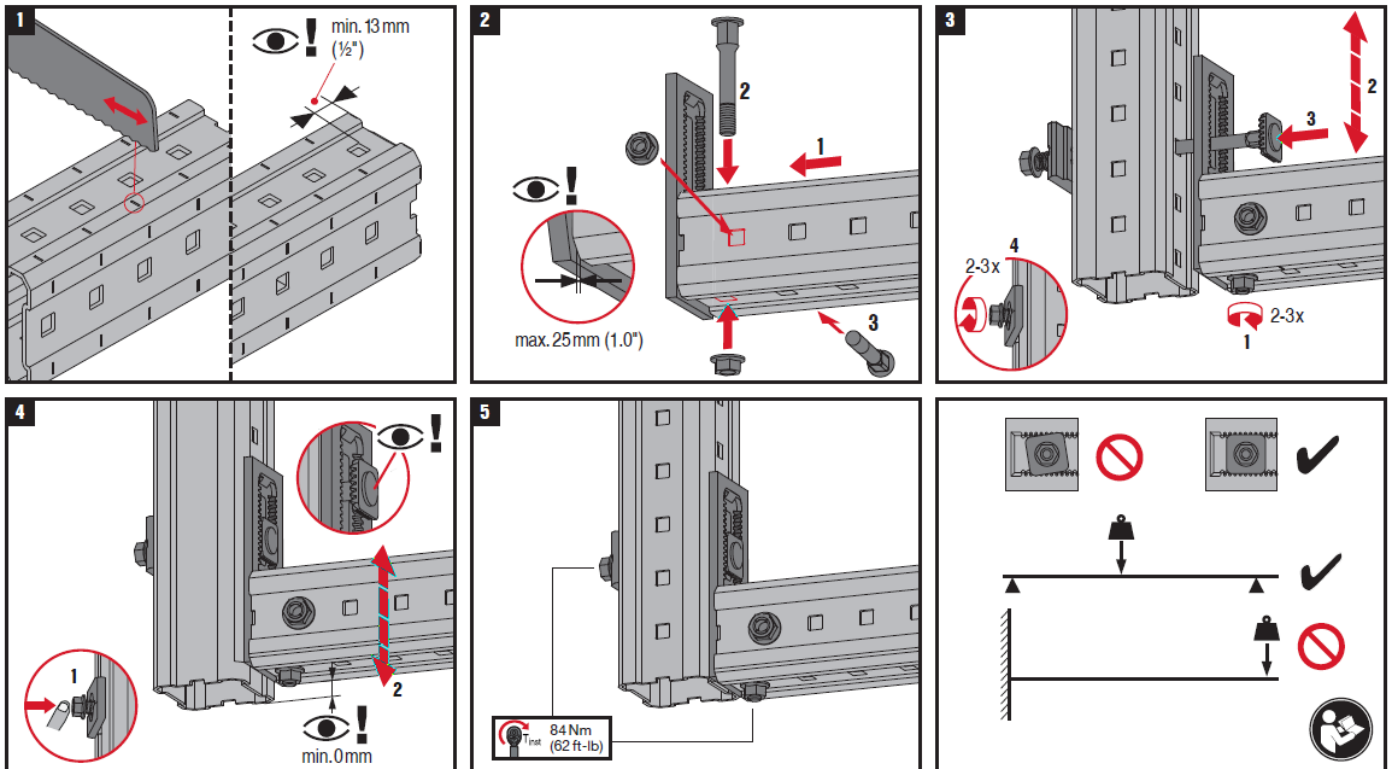


Material properties

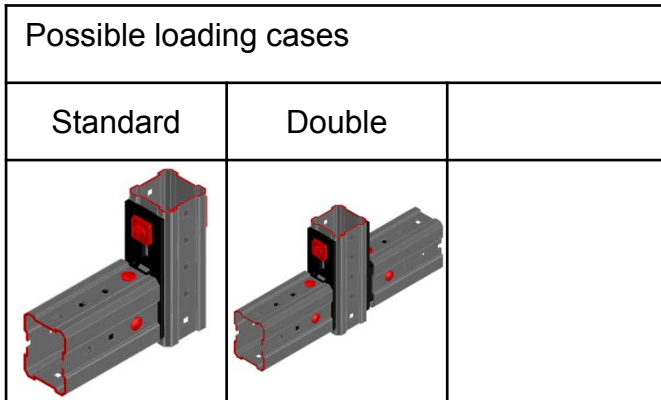
Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Connector, Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Toothed Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Backing Plate (Min.) EN-GJMW-400-5 (DIN EN 1562)	$f_y = 220 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 400 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Bolt; Nut F Class 8.8 (ISO 898-1); Grade 8 (ISO 898-2)	$f_y = 640 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 800 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:



MIC-120-UH Connector



Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

- | | | |
|---------------|---|---------|
| • EN 1990 | Basics of structural design | 03.2003 |
| • EN 1991-1-1 | Eurocode 1: Actions on structures –Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings | 03.2012 |
| • EN 1993-1-1 | Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings | 03.2012 |
| • EN 1993-1-3 | Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting | 09.2010 |
| • EN 1993-1-5 | Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-5:Plated structural elements | 06.2012 |
| • EN 1993-1-8 | Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-8: Design of joints | 03.2012 |

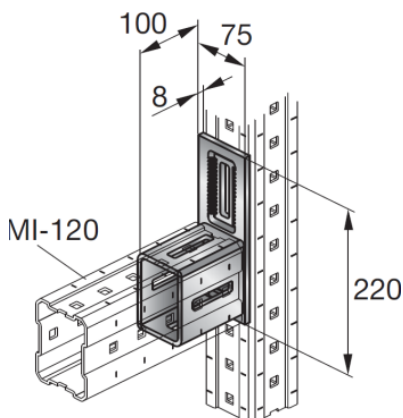
Software:

- Mathcad 15.0
- Microsoft Excel

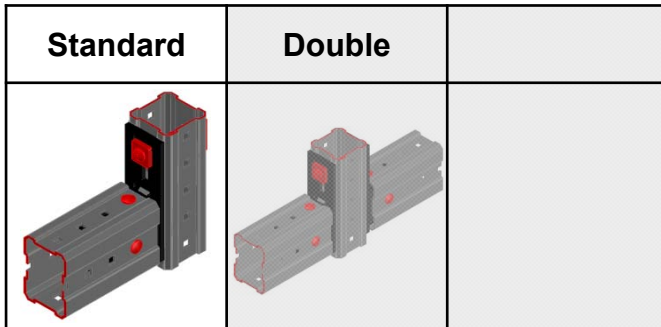
Validity:

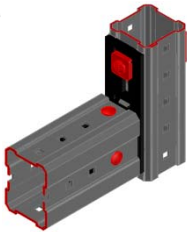
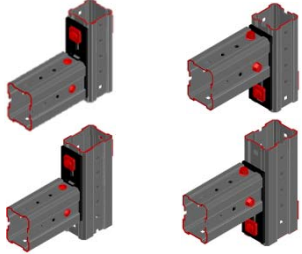
- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to $+93^{\circ}\text{C}$ (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

Simplified drawing:

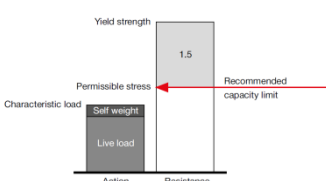
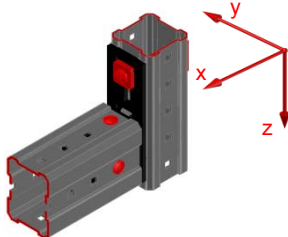


MIC-120-UH Connector

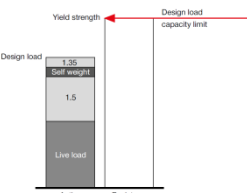


Loading case: Standard	Combinations covered by loading case
<p>Bill of Material for this loading case For fixation on MI-90 girder Angle incl. all components 1x MIC-90-UH 2179534 For fixation on MI-120 1x MIC-90-UH 2179533 1x MIA-EH120 304888 The MIA-EH90 remain unused</p> 	<p>Connector used for connecting MI-120 girder on either MI-90 or MI-120 girder in a 90-degree angle</p> 

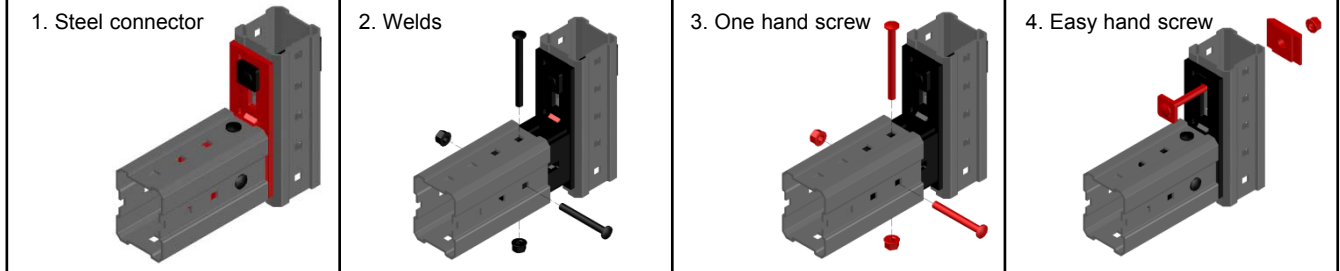
Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

Method							
	 <table border="1" data-bbox="1109 1097 1444 1209"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1.33</td> <td>10.55</td> <td>11.33</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	1.33	10.55	11.33
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]					
1.33	10.55	11.33					

Design loading capacity - 3D 1/3

Method	
	

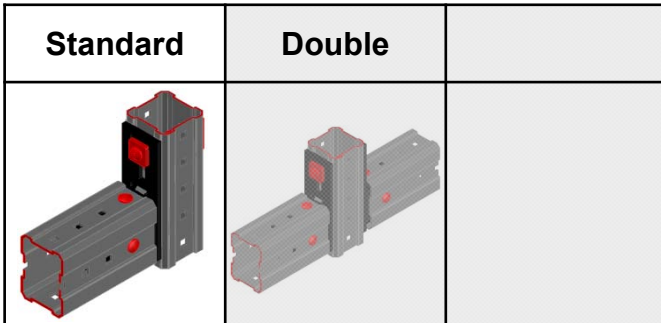
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:



MIC-120-UH Connector

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



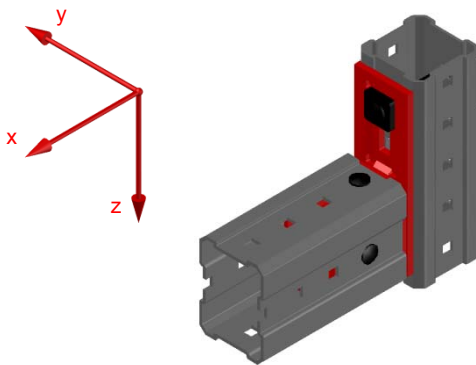
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Steel connector



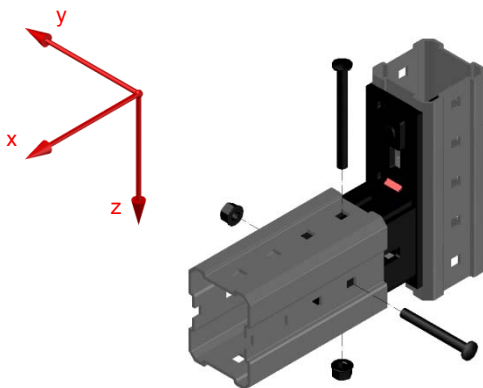
+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
2.60	Not decisive	15.83	15.83	63.92	63.92
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
1.14	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

includes cross section resistance of steel plate and contact pressure

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
336.02	336.02	99.77	99.77	174.59	174.59
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
9.73	9.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

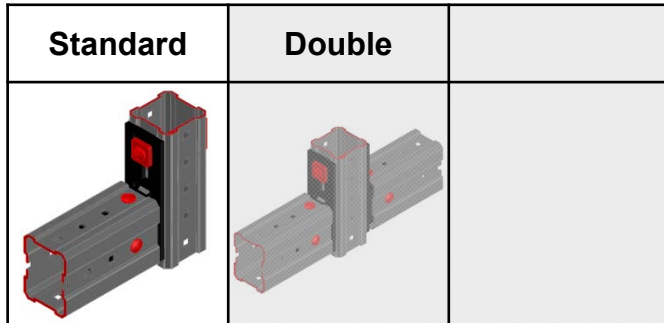
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-120-UH Connector

Validity:

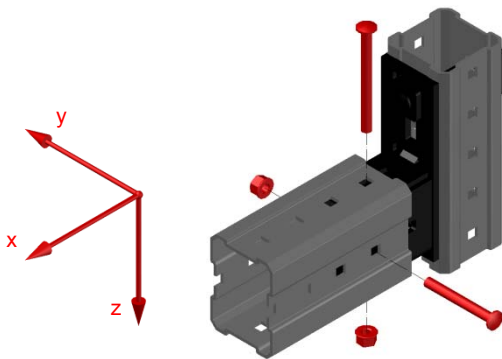
- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



Design loading capacity - 3D

3/3

3. One hand screw -in connection to MIC-90-U and MI90-channel



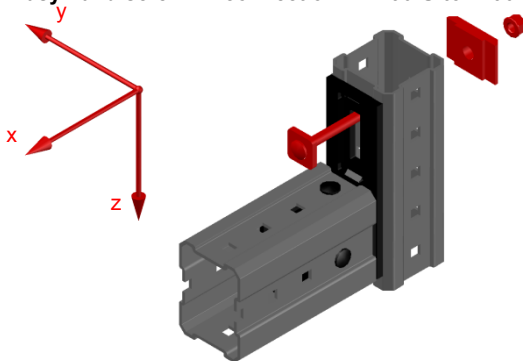
+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
2.00	2.00	41.47	41.47	41.47	41.47
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
1.99	1.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

includes shear of the bolt, friction resistance, bearing resistance at connector plate and at channel MI90

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

4. Easy hand screw- in connection MIC-90-U to MI90/120-channel



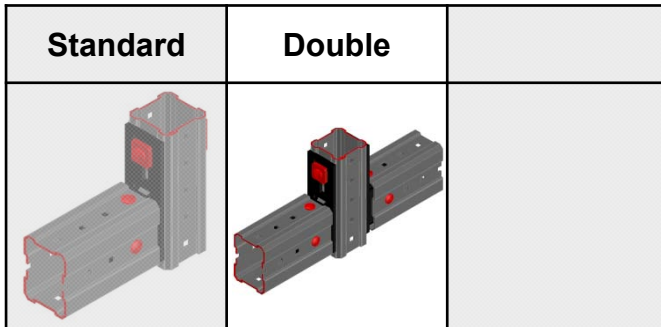
+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
2.59	Not decisive	Not decisive	Not decisive	16.99	16.99
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
Not decisive	Not decisive	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

includes shear, bending and tension of the bolt, bearing resistance channel MI-90/120 and tooth plate, resistance of screw plate

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-120-UH Connector



Loading case: Double	Combinations covered by loading case
<p>Bill of Material for this loading case: For fixation on MI-90 girder Angle incl. all components 1x MIC-120-UH 2179534 1x MIA-TP 305707 The backing plate MIA-EH-P remain unusec For fixation on MI-120 1x MIC-90-UH 2179533 1x MIA-TP 305707 1x MIA-EH120 304888 The MIA-EH90 and MIA-EH-P remain unused</p>	<p>Connector used for connecting 2xMI-120 girder on either MI-90 or MI-120 girder in a 90-degree angle</p>

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications								
<p>Method</p>		<p>Individual connector capacity limit</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1.33</td> <td>10.55</td> <td>6.00</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><small>These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</small></p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	1.33	10.55	6.00
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]						
1.33	10.55	6.00						

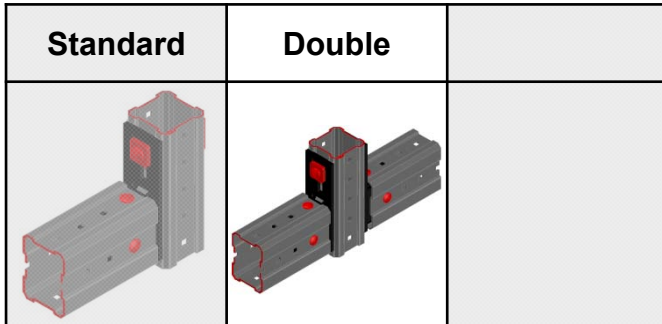
Design loading capacity - 3D		1/3
<p>Method</p>		

Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:			
<p>1. Individual Steel connector</p>	<p>2. Individual Welds</p>	<p>3. Individual One hand screw</p>	<p>4. Easy hand screw for double</p>

MIC-120-UH Connector

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



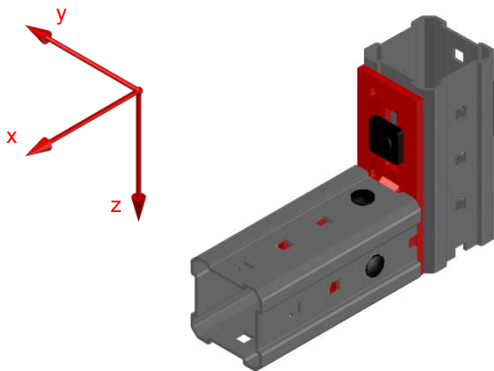
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Individual Steel connector

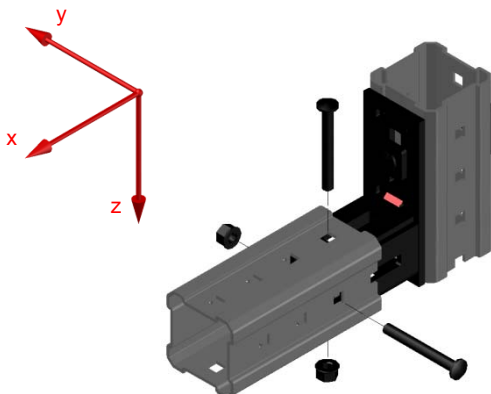


+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
2.60	Not decisive	15.83	15.83	63.92	63.92
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
1.14	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

2. Individual Welds



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
336.02	336.02	99.77	99.77	174.59	174.59
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
9.73	9.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

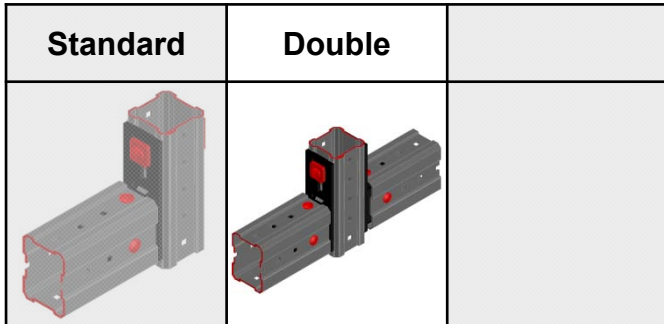
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-120-UH Connector

Validity:

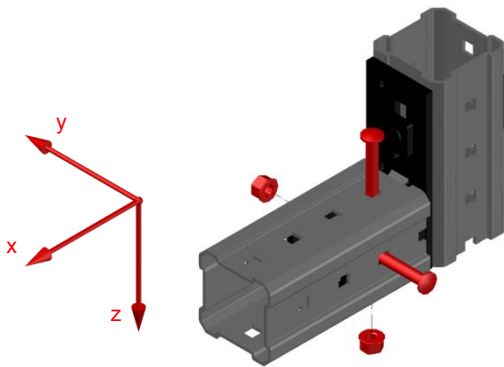
- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



Design loading capacity - 3D

3/3

3. Individual One hand screws -in connection to MIC-90-U and MI90-channel



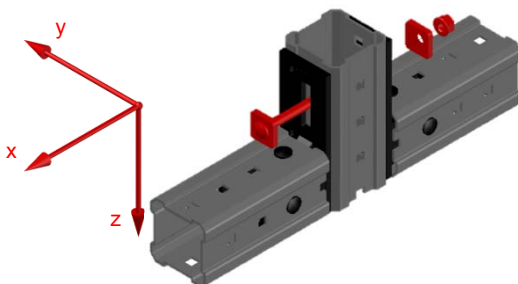
+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
2.00	2.00	41.47	41.47	41.47	41.47
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
1.99	1.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

includes shear of the bolt, friction resistance, bearing resistance at connector plate and at channel MI90

Interaction:

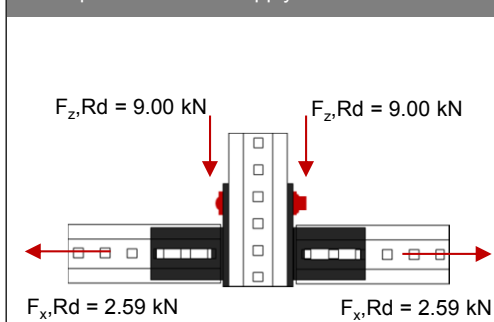
$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

4. Easy hand screw for double connection - resistance values for one connector* in connection MIC-90-U to MI90/120-channel



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
2.59*	Not decisive	Not decisive	Not decisive	9.00*	9.00*
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
Note decisive	Not decisive	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

* Explanation how to apply resistance values



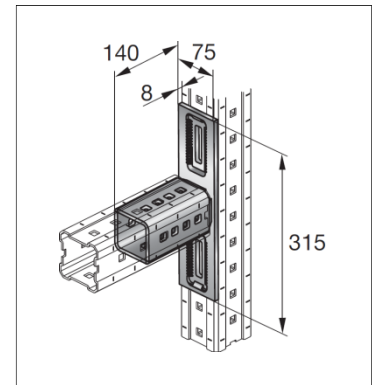
includes shear, bending and tension of the bolt, bearing resistance channel MI-90/120 and tooth plate, resistance of screw plate

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-90-L Connector

Designation Item number
MIC-90-L **304805**



Corrosion protection:		
Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Connector, Plate	ISO 1461	55
Toothed Plate	ISO 1461	45
Backing Plate (Min.)	ISO 1461	45
Bolt; Nut	ISO 1461	40; 45

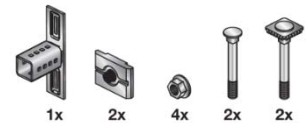
Weight:

4.05kg incl. components

Submittal text:

Hot dipped galvanized, 90° Hilti MI angle connector, typically used for connecting two perpendicular MI girders. The baseplate has a serrated slot for improved shear loads and fine adjustment, and the connector is connected with fixed holes instead of an oblong hole. Suitable for cantilever applications.

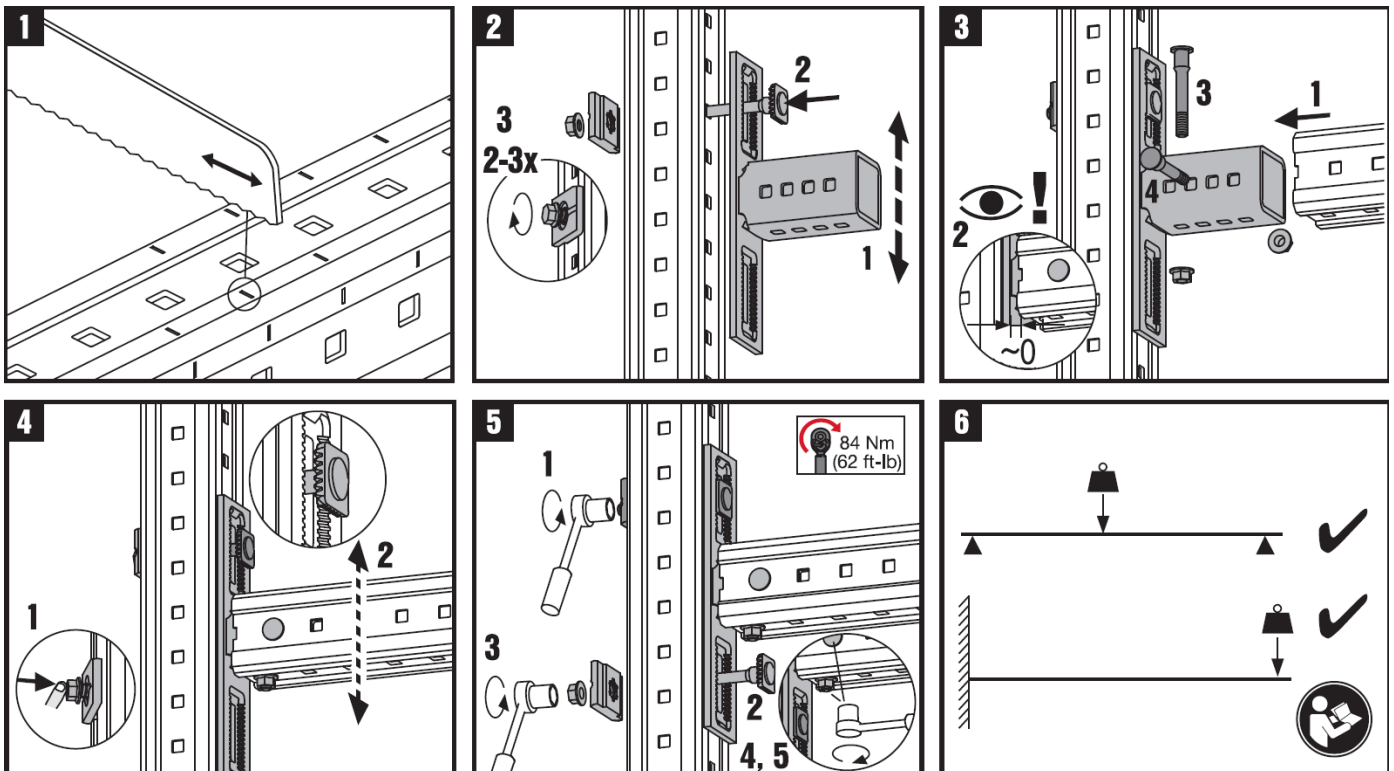
Hardware included per connector



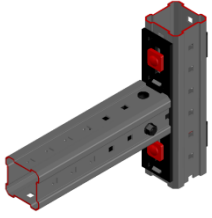
Material properties				
Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Connector, Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Toothed Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Backing Plate (Min.) EN-GJMW-400-5 (DIN EN 1562)	$f_y = 220 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 400 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Bolt; Nut F Class 8.8 (ISO 898-1); Grade 8 (ISO 898-2)	$f_y = 640 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 800 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:



MIC-90-L Connector

Possible loading cases		
Standard		
		

Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Finite element analysis
- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

- | | | |
|---------------|---|---------|
| • EN 1990 | Basics of structural design | |
| • EN 1991-1-1 | Eurocode 1: Actions on structures –Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings | 09.2011 |
| • EN 1993-1-1 | Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings | 03.2012 |
| • EN 1993-1-3 | Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting | 03.2012 |
| • EN 1993-1-5 | Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-5:Plated structural elements | 03.2012 |
| • EN 1993-1-8 | Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-8: Design of joints | 03.2012 |
| • EN 10025-2 | Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels | 02.2005 |
| • RAL-GZ 655 | Pipe Supports | 04.2008 |

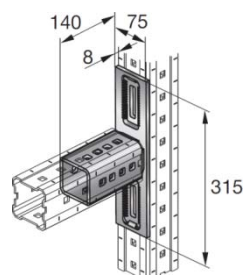
Software:

- Ansys 18.2
- Mathcad 15.0
- Microsoft Excel

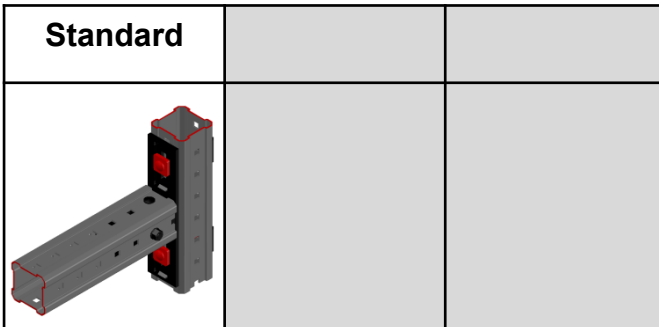
Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

Simplified drawing:



MIC-90-L Connector



Loading case: Standard	Combinations covered by loading case
<p>Bill of Material for this loading case: For fixation on MI-90 girder Connector incl. all connecting hardware 1x MIC-90-L 304805 For fixation on MI-120 Connector incl. all connecting hardware 1x MIC-90-L 304804 2x MIA-EH120 304888 The MIA-EH90 remain unused</p>	<p>Connector used for Connecting MI-90 girder on either MI-90 or MI-120 girder in a 90-degree angle</p>

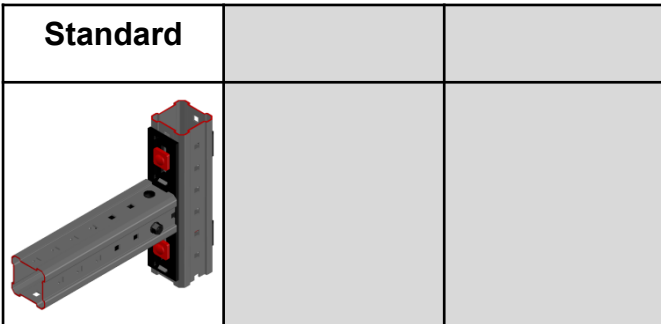
Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications															
Method															
		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">9.4</td> <td style="text-align: center;">16.87</td> <td style="text-align: center;">21.33</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.87</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	9.4	16.87	21.33		$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]			0.87		<p>These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]													
9.4	16.87	21.33													
	$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]														
	0.87														

Design loading capacity - 3D		1/2
Method		
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:		
1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girders, per FEA simulation 	2. Welds – per analytical calculation 	

MIC-90-L Connector

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



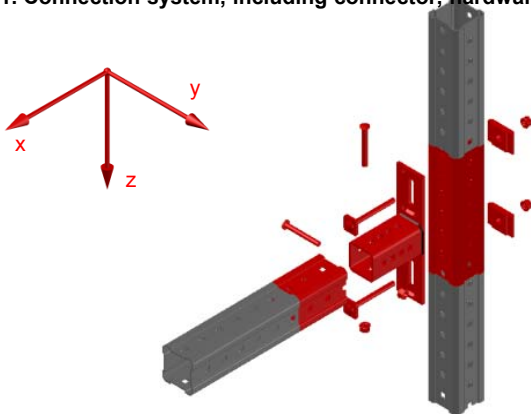
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/2

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girders, per FEA simulation

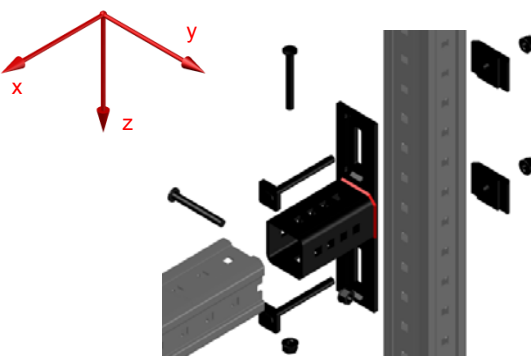


+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
14.10	63.30	25.30	25.30	32.00	32.00
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
2.95	2.95	1.30	1.30	0.53	0.53

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds – per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
230.12	230.12	75.53	75.53	75.53	75.53
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
5.64	5.64	3.45	3.45	3.45	3.45

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-90-L-AP Connector

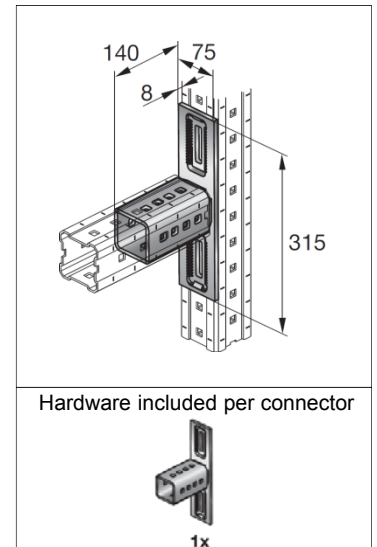
Designation Item number
MIC-90-L-AP **305710**

Corrosion protection:		
Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Connector, Plate	ISO 1461	55

Weight:
 3.00kg without components

Submittal text:

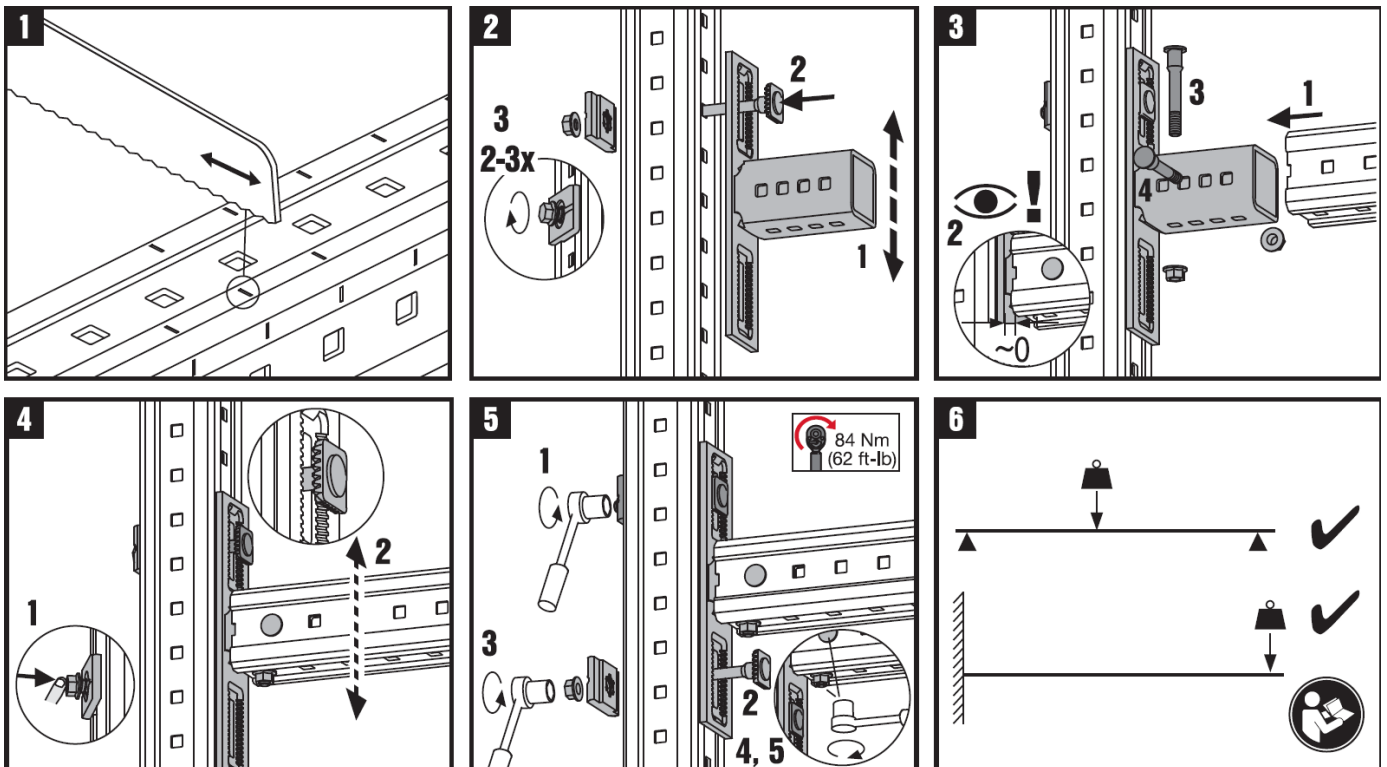
Hot dipped galvanized, 90° Hilti MI angle connector, typically used for connecting two perpendicular MI girders. The baseplate has a serrated slot for improved shear loads and fine adjustment, and the connector is connected with fixed holes instead of an oblong hole. Suitable for cantilever applications.



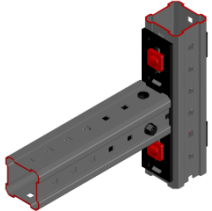
Material properties				
Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Connector, Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:



MIC-90-L-AP Connector

Possible loading cases		
Standard		
		

Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Finite element analysis
- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

- EN 1990 Basics of structural design 03.2003
- EN 1991-1-1 Eurocode 1: Actions on structures –Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings 09.2011
- EN 1993-1-1 Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings 03.2012
- EN 1993-1-3 Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting 03.2012
- EN 1993-1-5 Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-5:Plated structural elements 03.2012
- EN 1993-1-8 Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-8: Design of joints 03.2012
- EN 10025-2 Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels 02.2005
- RAL-GZ 655 Pipe Supports 04.2008

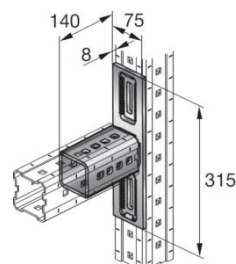
Software:

- Ansys 18.2
- Mathcad 15.0
- Microsoft Excel

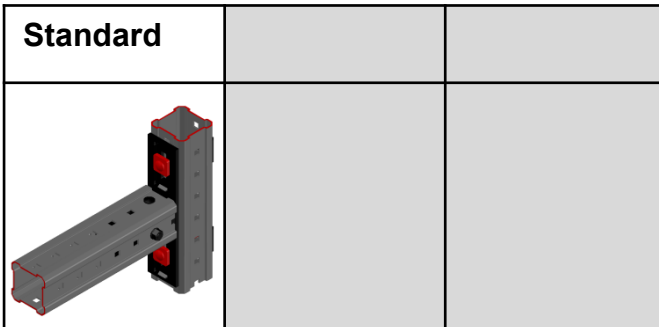
Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

Simplified drawing:



MIC-90-L-AP Connector



Loading case: Standard	Combinations covered by loading case
Bill of Material for this loading case: 1x MIC-90-L-AP 305710 Components not included 2x MIA-EH-P 304891 2x M12-F-SL WS3/4 382897 2x MIA-OH90 304889 For fixation on MI-90 girder 2x MIA-EH90 304887 For fixation on MI-120 2x MIA-EH120 304888	Connector used for Connecting MI-90 girder on either MI-90 or MI-120 girder in a 90-degree angle

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

Method														
		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>9.4</td> <td>16.87</td> <td>21.33</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>0.87</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><small>These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</small></p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	9.4	16.87	21.33		$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]			0.87	
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]												
9.4	16.87	21.33												
	$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]													
	0.87													

Design loading capacity - 3D 1/2

Method	

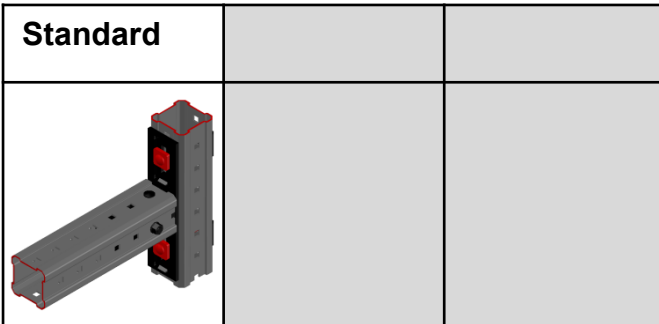
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girders, per FEA simulation	2. Welds – per analytical calculation
---	---------------------------------------

MIC-90-L-AP Connector

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



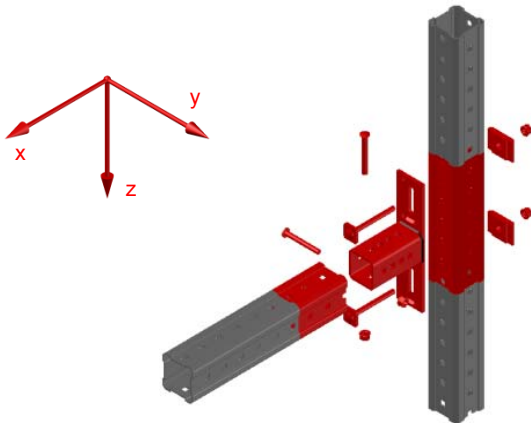
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/2

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girders, per FEA simulation

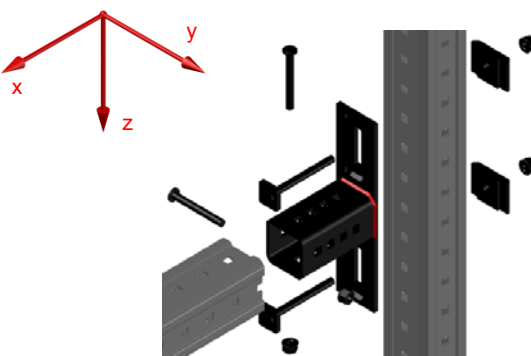


+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
14.10	63.30	25.30	25.30	32.00	32.00
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
2.95	2.95	1.30	1.30	0.53	0.53

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds – per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
230.12	230.12	75.53	75.53	75.53	75.53
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
5.64	5.64	3.45	3.45	3.45	3.45

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-T Connector

Designation Item number
MIC-T **304807**

Corrosion protection:

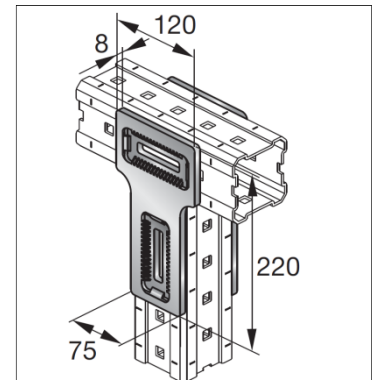
Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Connector, Plate	ISO 1461	55
Toothed Plate	ISO 1461	45
Backing Plate (Min.)	ISO 1461	45
Bolt; Nut	ISO 1461	40; 45

Weight:

2510 g incl. components

Descriptions:

Hot dipped galvanized, 90° Hilti MI angle connector, typically used for connecting two perpendicular MI girders, where the horizontal girder sits on top of the vertical girder. Oblong holes enable fine adjustment and are serrated to improve holding and load values. Connector is used on the side of the girders.



Hardware included per connector

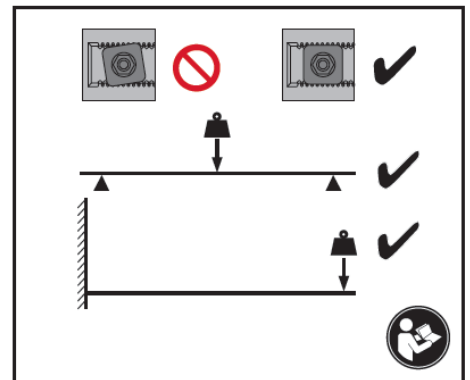
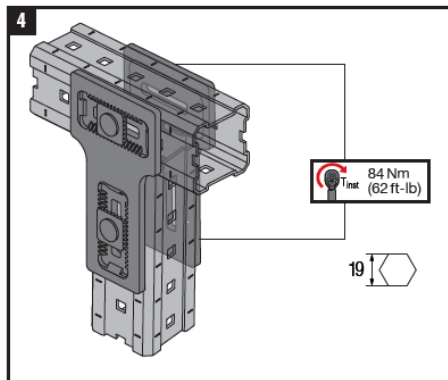
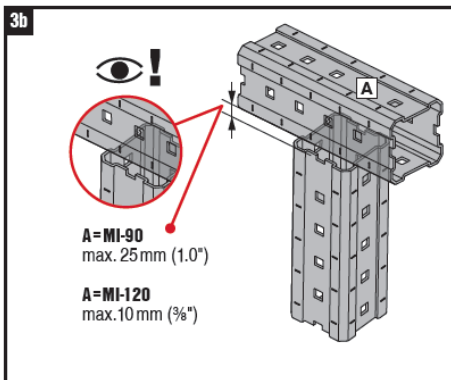
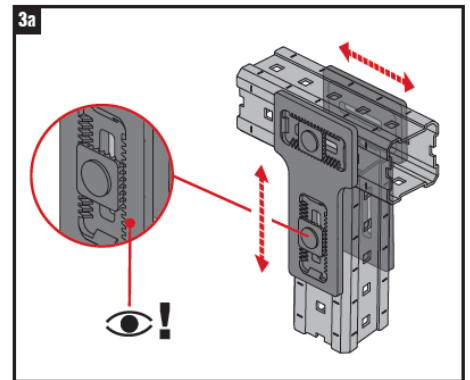
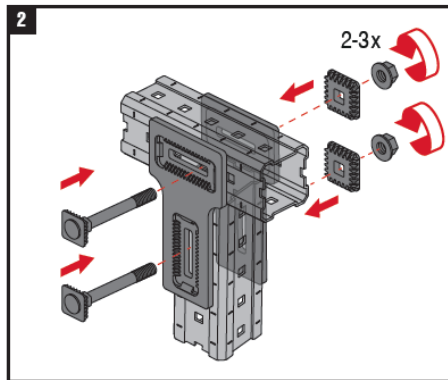
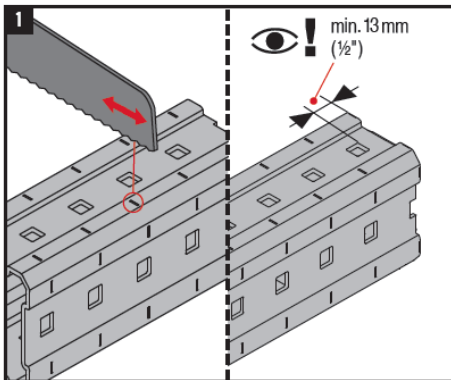


Material properties

Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Connector, Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Toothed Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Backing Plate (Min.) EN-GJMW-400-5 (DIN EN 1562)	$f_y = 220 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 400 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Bolt; Nut F Class 8.8 (ISO 898-1); Grade 8 (ISO 898-2)	$f_y = 640 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 800 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:



MIC-T Connector

Possible loading cases		
MIC-T 90-90	MIC T 120-120	

Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Finite element analysis
- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

- | | | |
|---------------|---|---------|
| • EN 1990 | Basics of structural design | |
| 03.2003 | | |
| • EN 1991-1-1 | Eurocode 1: Actions on structures –Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings | 09.2011 |
| • EN 1993-1-1 | Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings | 03.2012 |
| • EN 1993-1-3 | Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting | 03.2012 |
| • EN 1993-1-5 | Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-5:Plated structural elements | 03.2012 |
| • EN 1993-1-8 | Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-8: Design of joints | 03.2012 |
| • EN 10025-2 | Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels | 02.2005 |
| • RAL-GZ 655 | Pipe Supports | 04.2008 |

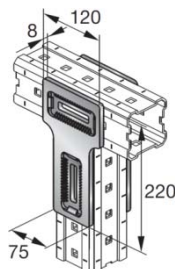
Software:

- Ansys 18.2
- Mathcad 15.0
- Microsoft Excel

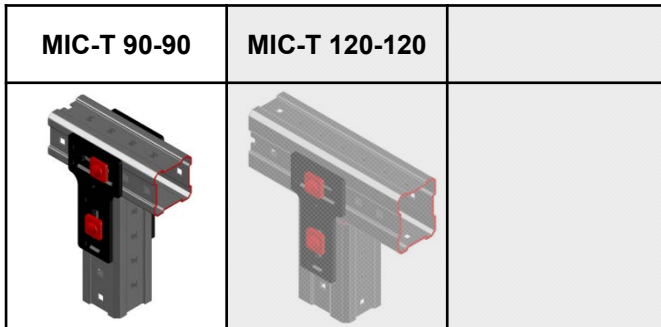
Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

Simplified drawing:



MIC-T Connector



Loading case: MIC-T 90-90	Combinations covered by loading case
Bill of Material for this loading case: Angle incl. all components 1x MIC-T (pair) 304807	Connector used for perpendicular connections of two MI-90 girders, where Horizontal girder sits on top of the vertical girder

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications									
Method									
		<table border="1" style="text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>10.17</td> <td>5.67</td> <td>17.87</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	10.17	5.67	17.87	These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]							
10.17	5.67	17.87							

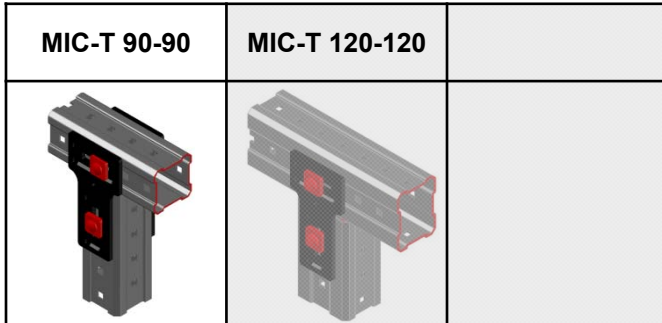
Design loading capacity - 3D		1/2
Method		

Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables: 1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girders, per FEA simulation
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MIC-T Connector

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



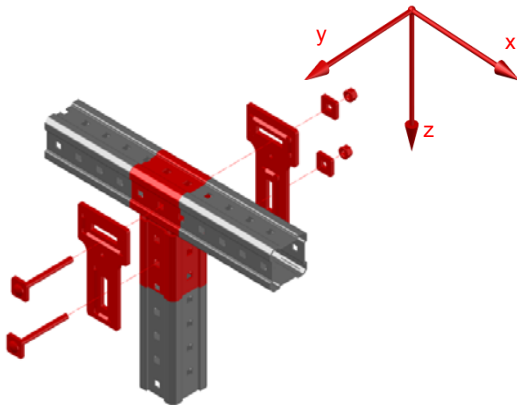
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/2

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girders, per FEA simulation

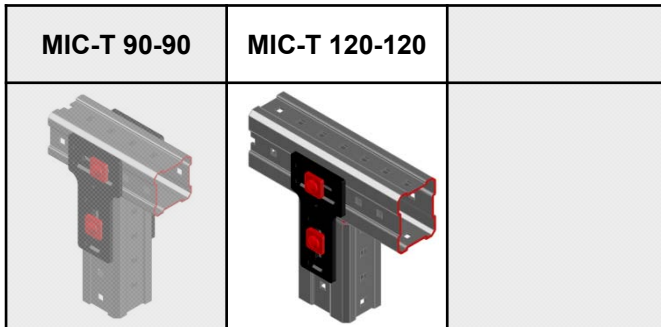


+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
15.25	15.25	8.50	8.50	26.80	26.80
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
0.75	0.75	1.60	1.60	0.70	0.70

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-T Connector



Loading case: MIC-T 120-120	Combinations covered by loading case
Bill of Material for this loading case: Angle incl. all components 1x MIC-T (pair) 304807	Connector used For perpendicular connections of two MI-120 girders, where Horizontal girder sits on top of the vertical girder

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

Method							
	<table border="1" style="float: right; margin-left: 20px;"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">13.00</td> <td style="text-align: center;">6.87</td> <td style="text-align: center;">17.87</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="font-size: small; margin-top: 10px;">These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	13.00	6.87	17.87
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]					
13.00	6.87	17.87					

Design loading capacity - 3D 1/2

Method	

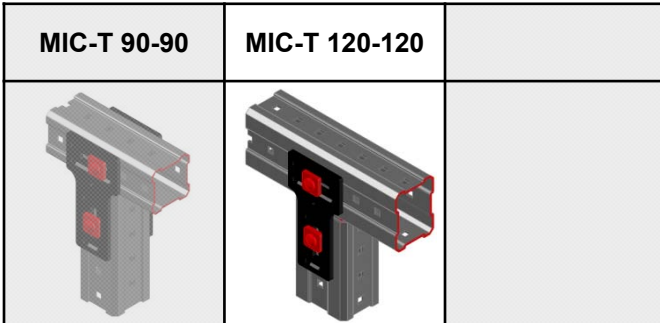
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-120 girders, per FEA simulation <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 20px;"> </div>

MIC-T Connector

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



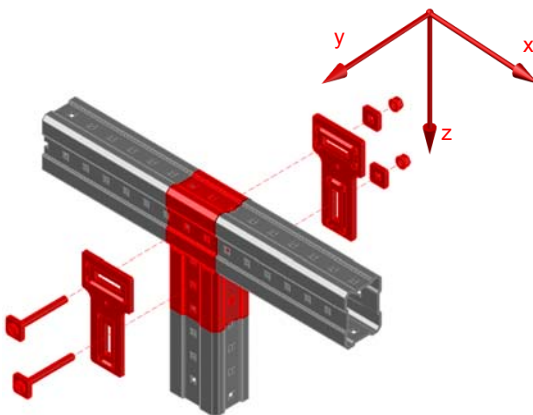
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/2

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-120 girders, per FEA simulation



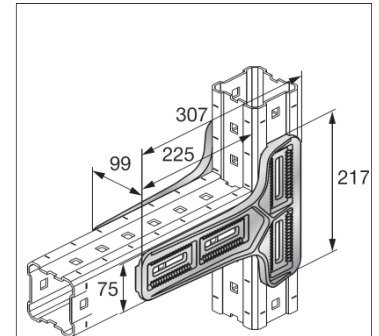
+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
19.50	19.50	10.30	10.30	26.80	26.80
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
0.80	0.80	1.95	1.95	0.85	0.85

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-90-LH Connector

Designation	Item number
MIC-90-LH	2165050

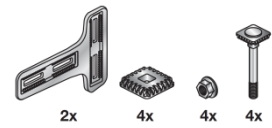


Corrosion protection:		
Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Connector, Plate	ISO 1461	55
Toothed Plate	ISO 1461	45
Bolt; Nut	ISO 1461	40; 45

Weight:
4840 g incl. components

Description:
Hot dipped galvanized, 90° Hilti MI angle connector, typically used for connecting two perpendicular MI girders, where the horizontal girder is connected to the side of the vertical girder. Oblong holes enable fine adjustment and are serrated to improve holding and load values. Connector is

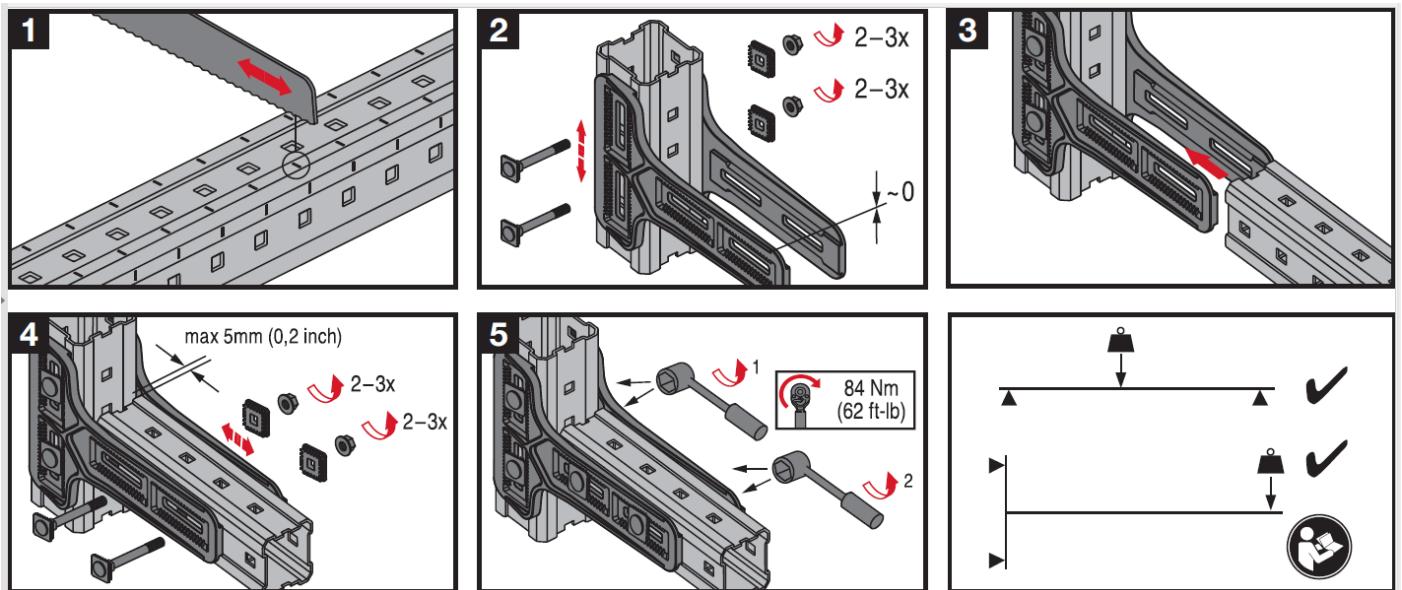
Hardware included per connector




Material properties				
Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Connector, Plate C30, 1.0528 (DIN EN 10250-2)	$f_y = 250 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 480 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Toothed Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Bolt; Nut F Class 8.8 (ISO 898-1); Grade 8 (ISO 898-2)	$f_y = 640 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 800 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:



MIC-90-LH Connector

Possible loading cases		
Standard		
		

Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Analytic calculation
- Finite element analysis
- Hardware tests

Standards and codes:

EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures – Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	09.2011
EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	03.2012
EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-5: Plated structural elements	03.2012
EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012
EN 10025-2	Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels	02.2005
RAL-GZ 655	Pipe Supports	04.2008

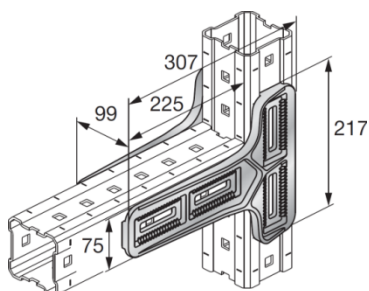
Software:

- Ansys 16.0
- Microsoft Excel
- Mathcad 15

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

Simplified drawing:



MIC-90-LH Connector



Loading case: Standard	Combinations covered by loading case
Bill of Material for this loading case: 1x MIC-90-LH connector 2048107 Connector incl. all connecting hardware	Connector used for perpendicular connections of various combinations two MI-90 or 120 girders, to enable a cantilever arm

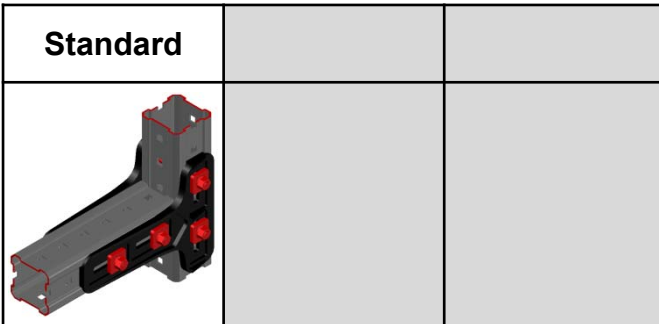
Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications															
Method															
		<table border="1" style="width: 100%;"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">35.5</td> <td style="text-align: center;">9.7</td> <td style="text-align: center;">35.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3" style="text-align: center;">$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3" style="text-align: center;">3.83</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	35.5	9.7	35.5	$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]			3.83			These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]													
35.5	9.7	35.5													
$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]															
3.83															

Design loading capacity - 3D		1/2
Method		
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:		
1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI girders, per FEA simulation		

MIC-90-LH Connector

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



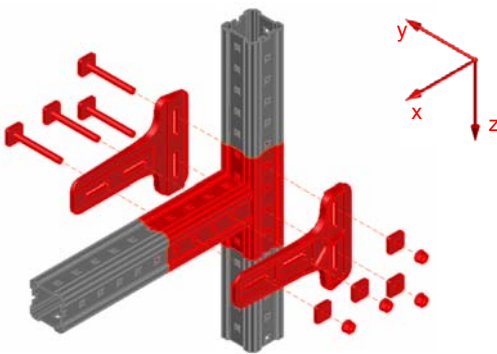
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/2

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI girders, per FEA simulation



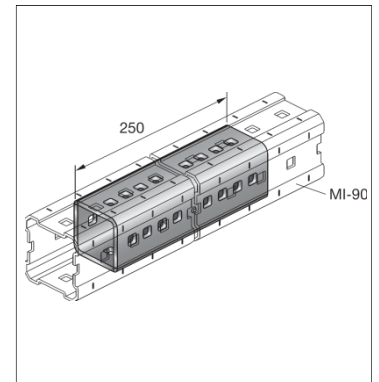
+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
56.35	56.35	20.70	20.70	53.24	53.24
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
2.24	2.24	5.75	5.75	1.31	1.31

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-90-E Connector

Designation **MIC-90-E** Item number **304809**

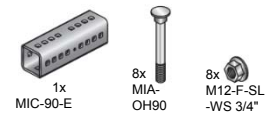


Corrosion protection:		
Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Connector, Plate	ISO 1461	55
Bolt; Nut	ISO 1461	40; 45

Weight:
8.12 lb (3685 g) incl. components

Description:
Hot dipped galvanized, Hilti MI extension connector typically used for connecting two MI-90 girders together to form a continuous girder. Fixed with 8 bolts and lock-nuts through the girder to enable a strong hold and vibration resistance.

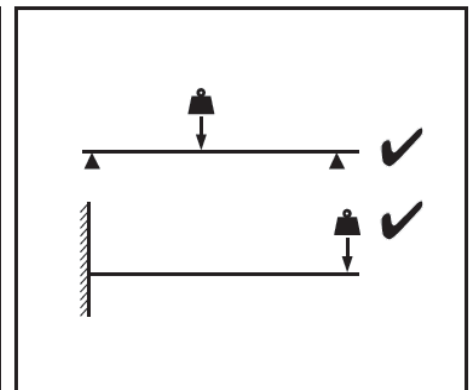
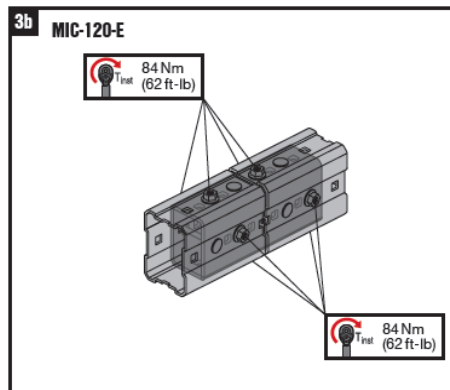
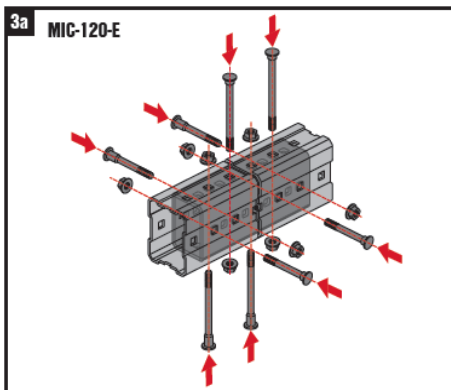
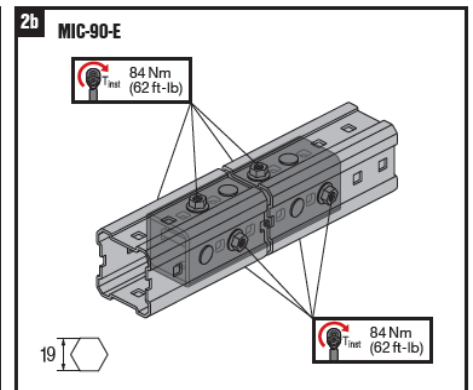
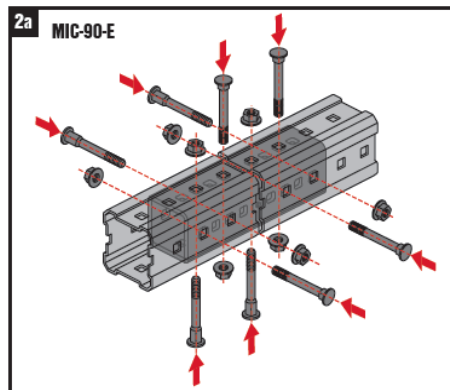
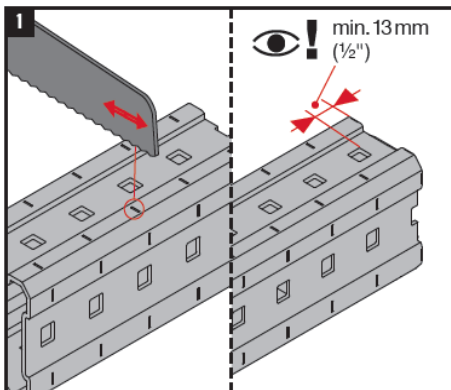
Hardware included per connector



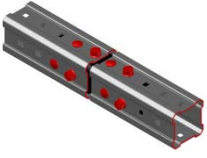
Material properties				
Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Connector, Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Bolt; Nut F Class 8.8 (ISO 898-1); Grade 8 (ISO 898-2)	$f_y = 640 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 800 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:



MIC-90-E Connector

Possible loading cases		
Standard		
		

Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Analytic calculation
- Finite element analysis
- Hardware tests

Standards and codes:

EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures – Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	09.2011
EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	03.2012
EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-5: Plated structural elements	03.2012
EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012
EN 10025-2	Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels	02.2005
RAL-GZ 655	Pipe Supports	04.2008

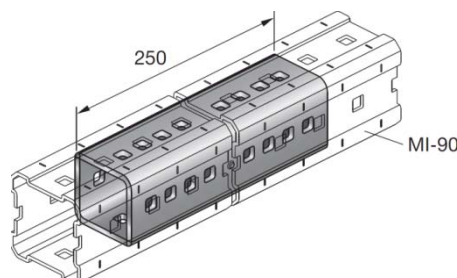
Software:

- Ansys 16.0
- Microsoft Excel
- Mathcad 15

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

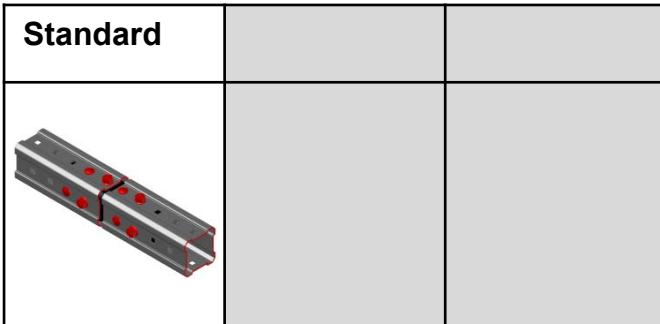
Simplified drawing:



MIC-90-E Connector

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



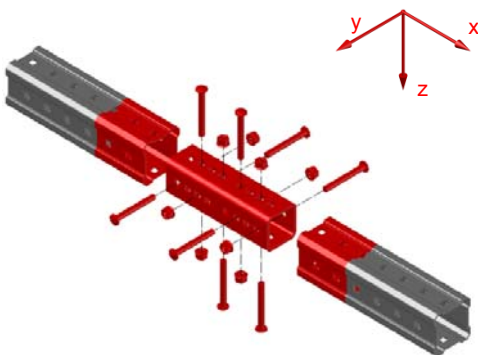
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/2

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Steel connector



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
118.82	118.82	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
2.10	2.10	1.95	1.95	1.95	1.95

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

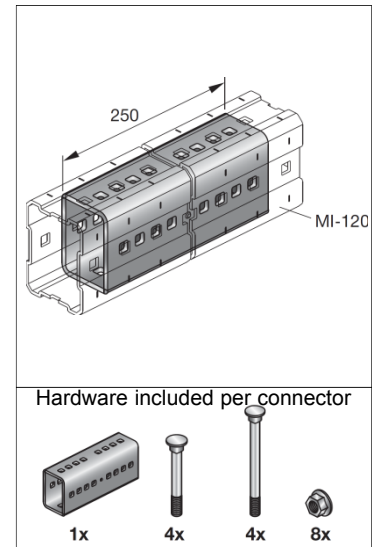
MIC-120-E Connector

Designation **MIC-120-E** Item number **304810**

Corrosion protection:		
Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Connector, Plate	ISO 1461	55
Bolt; Nut	ISO 1461	40; 45

Weight:
4490 g incl. components

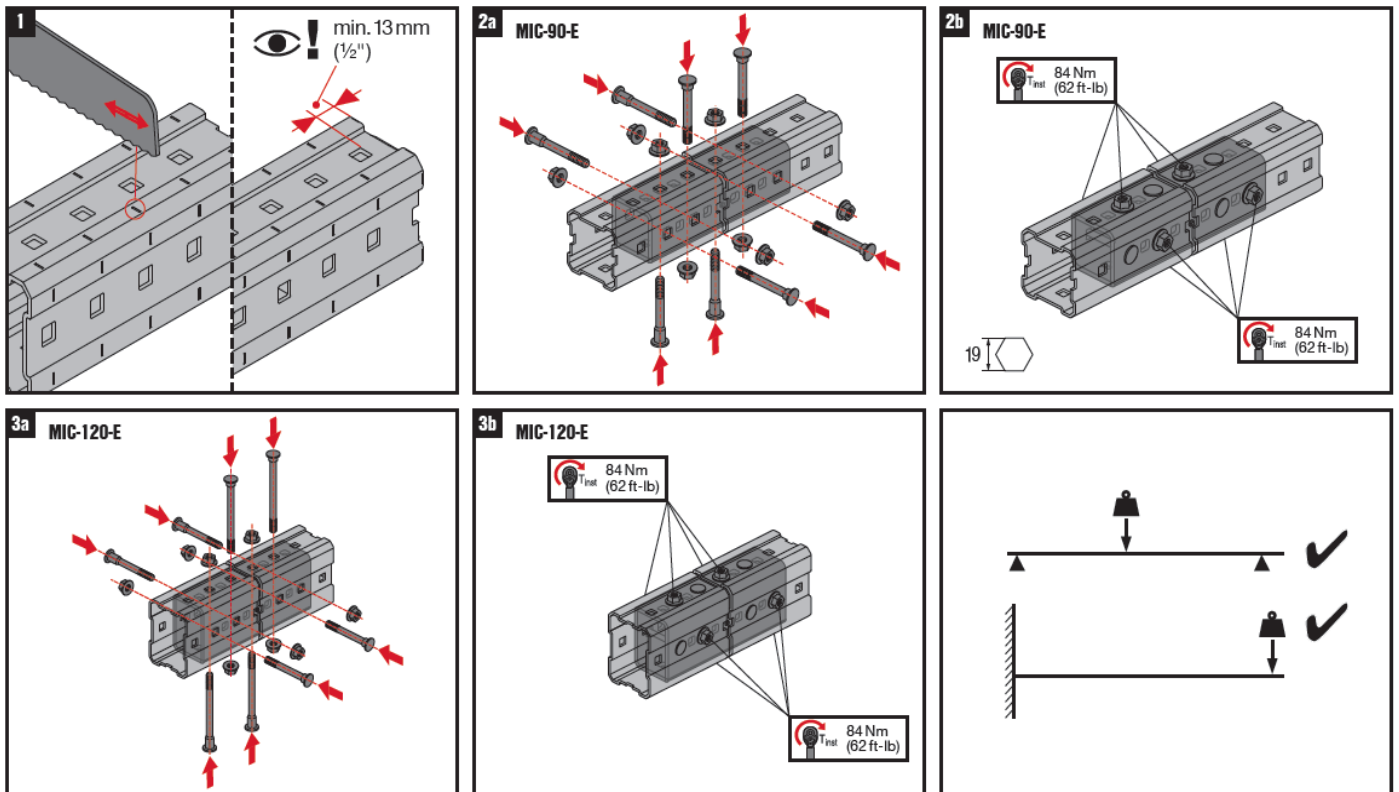
Description:
Hot dipped galvanized, Hilti MI extension connector typically used for connecting two MI-120 girders together to form a continuous girder. Fixed with 8 bolts and lock-nuts through the girder to enable a strong hold and vibration resistance.



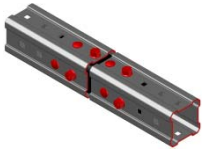
Material properties				
Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Connector, Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Bolt; Nut F Class 8.8 (ISO 898-1); Grade 8 (ISO 898-2)	$f_y = 640 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 800 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:



MIC-120-E Connector

Possible loading cases		
Standard		
		

Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Analytic calculation
- Finite element analysis
- Hardware tests

Standards and codes:

EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures – Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	09.2011
EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	03.2012
EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-5: Plated structural elements	03.2012
EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012
EN 10025-2	Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels	02.2005
RAL-GZ 655	Pipe Supports	04.2008

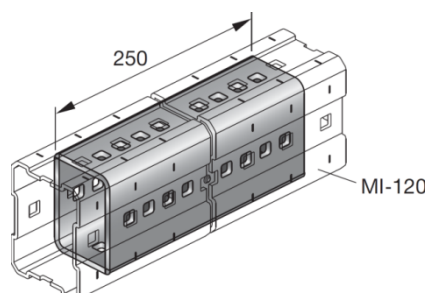
Software:

- Ansys 16.0
- Microsoft Excel
- Mathcad 15

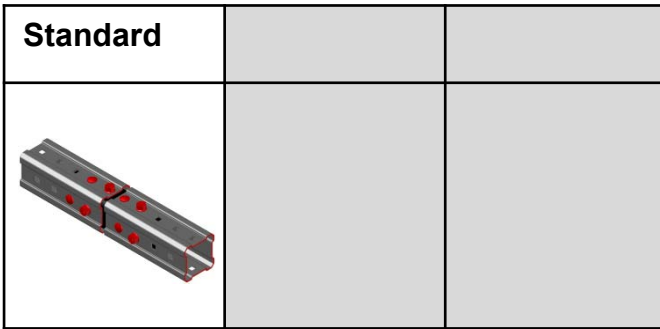
Validity:

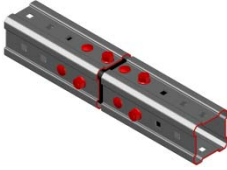
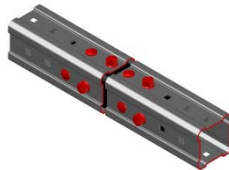
- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

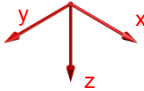
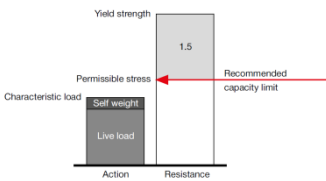
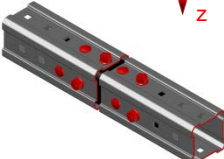
Simplified drawing:

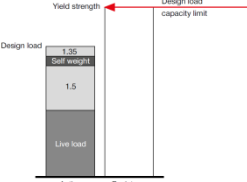


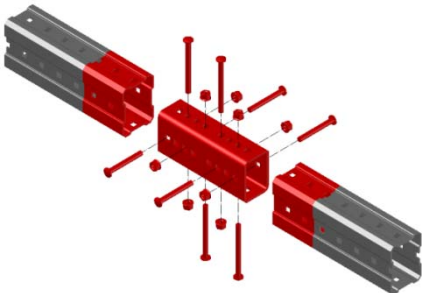
MIC-120-E Connector



Loading case: Standard	Combinations covered by loading case
Bill of Material for this loading case: 1x MIC-120-E 304810 Connector incl. all connecting hardware 	Connector used for extension of MI-120 girder 

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications				
Method		$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]
		79.21	12.67	18.67
			$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]	
			2.0	
These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.				

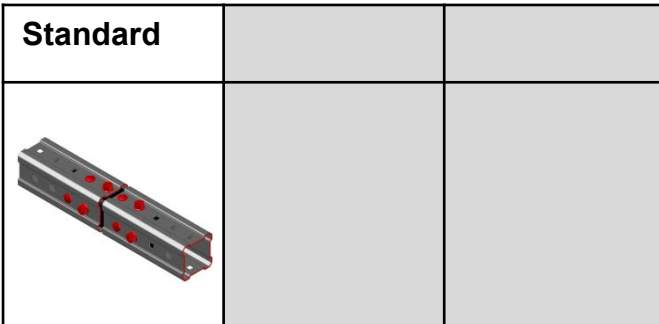
Design loading capacity - 3D		1/2
Method		
		

Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:
Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-120 girders, per FEA simulation 

MIC-120-E Connector

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



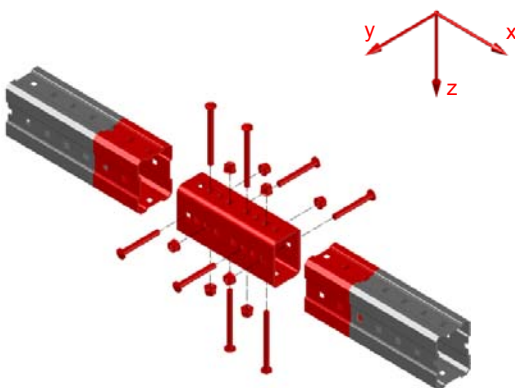
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/2

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-120 girders, per FEA simulation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
118.82	118.82	19.00	19.00	28.00	28.00
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
3.15	3.15	3.00	3.00	1.95	1.95

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

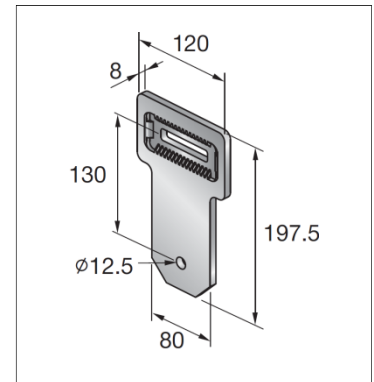
MIC-U-MA Connector

Designation **MIC-U-MA** Item number **304806**

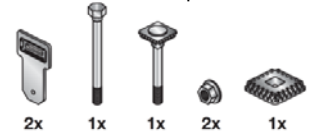
Corrosion protection:		
Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Connector, Plate	ISO 1461	55
Toothed Plate	ISO 1461	45
Bolt; Nut	ISO 1461	40; 45

Weight:
2630 g incl. components

Description:
Hot dipped galvanized Hilti MI connector, typically used for connecting two MI girders, where one girder is braced / supported by the other at an angle, to improve total load capacity of the structure. One oblong hole enables fine adjustment and is serrated to improve holding. Connector is used on the sides



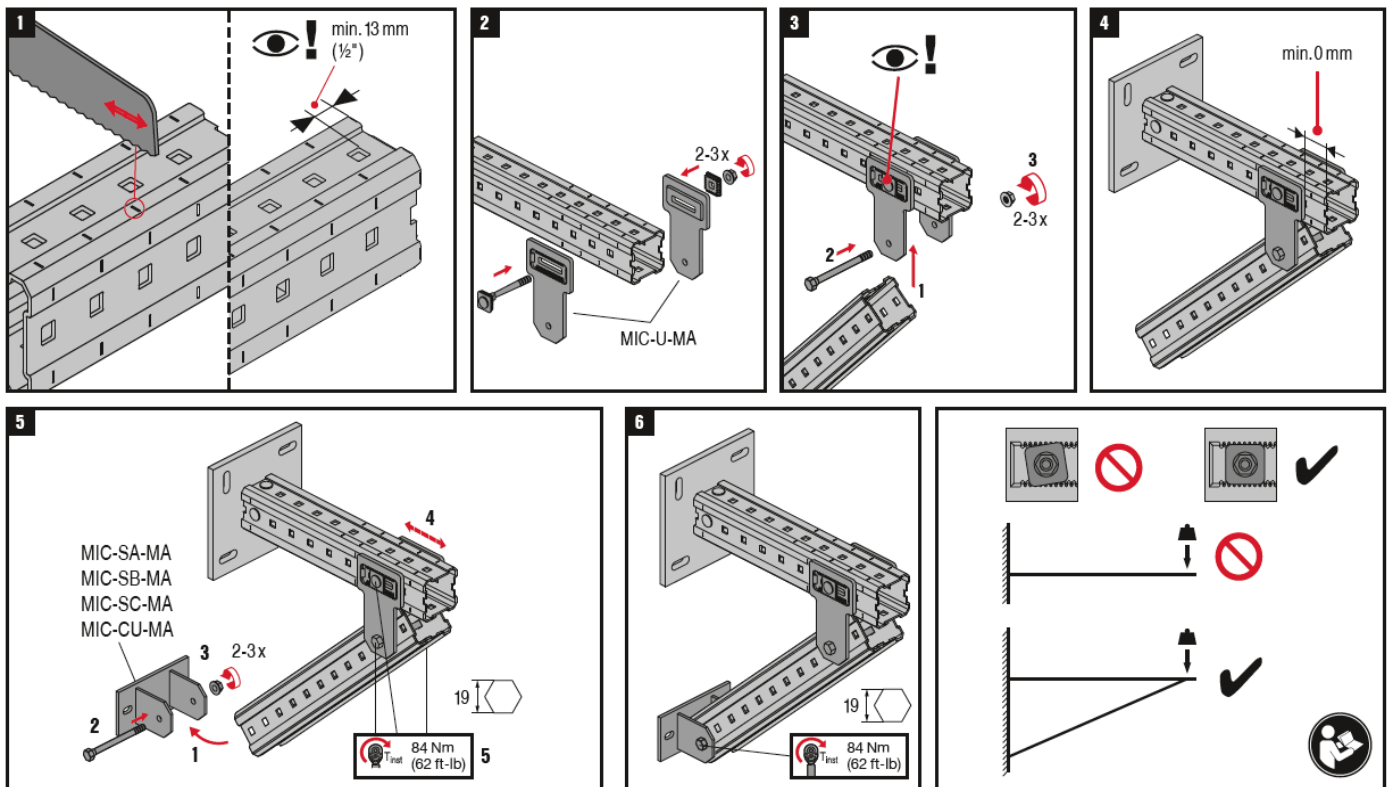
Hardware included per connector




Material properties				
Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Connector, Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Toothed Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Bolt; Nut F Class 8.8 (ISO 898-1); Grade 8 (ISO 898-2)	$f_y = 640 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 800 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:



MIC-U-MA Connector

Possible loading cases		
Standard		
		

Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Finite element analysis
- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures – Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	09.2011
EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	03.2012
EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-5: Plated structural elements	03.2012
EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012
EN 10025-2	Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels	02.2005
RAL-GZ 655	Pipe Supports	04.2008

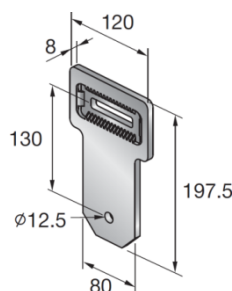
Software:

- Ansys 16.0
- Microsoft Excel
- Mathcad 15

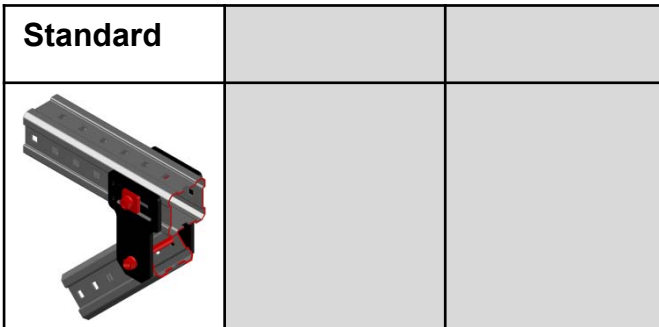
Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

Simplified drawing:



MIC-U-MA Connector



Loading case: Standard	Combinations covered by loading case
Bill of Material for this loading case: 1x MIC-U-MA (pair) 304806 Connector incl. all connecting hardware	Connector used for an angular connection of two MI-90 Or MIQ-90 girders (bracket brace)

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications																									
Method																									
	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</td> <td colspan="5"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">4.47</td> <td colspan="5"></td> </tr> </table> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;">α</th> <th style="text-align: center;">0°</th> <th style="text-align: center;">30°</th> <th style="text-align: center;">45°</th> <th style="text-align: center;">60°</th> <th style="text-align: center;">90°</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">$\pm F_{\alpha,rec.}$ [kN]</td> <td style="text-align: center;">13.33</td> <td style="text-align: center;">11.57</td> <td style="text-align: center;">10.36</td> <td style="text-align: center;">9.46</td> <td style="text-align: center;">8.77</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="font-size: small;">These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]						4.47						α	0°	30°	45°	60°	90°	$\pm F_{\alpha,rec.}$ [kN]	13.33	11.57	10.36	9.46	8.77
$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]																									
4.47																									
α	0°	30°	45°	60°	90°																				
$\pm F_{\alpha,rec.}$ [kN]	13.33	11.57	10.36	9.46	8.77																				

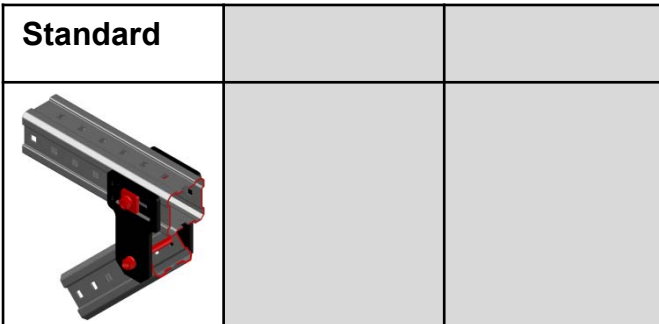
Design loading capacity - 3D		1/2
Method		

Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables: Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girders, per FEA simulation

MIC-U-MA Connector

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



Design loading capacity - 3D

2/2

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girders, per FEA simulation

+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
20.00	20.00	6.70	6.70	13.15	13.15
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
0.75	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

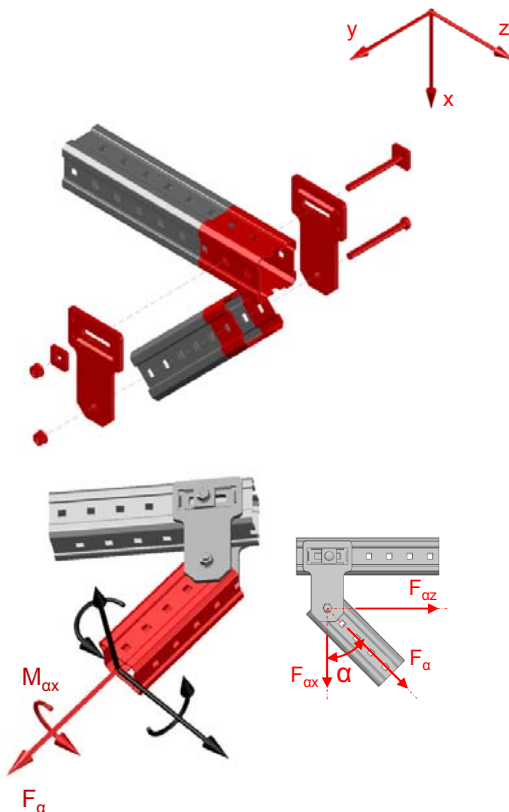
Note: The torsional moment M_x is referred to the local x-direction of the inclined profile in plane x/z.

Interaction:

$$F_{x,Ed\alpha} := F_{\alpha} \cdot \cos(\alpha)$$

$$F_{z,Ed\alpha} := F_{\alpha} \cdot \sin(\alpha)$$

$$\left(\frac{F_{x,Ed\alpha}}{F_{x,Rd}} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed\alpha}}{F_{z,Rd}} \right)^2 + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$



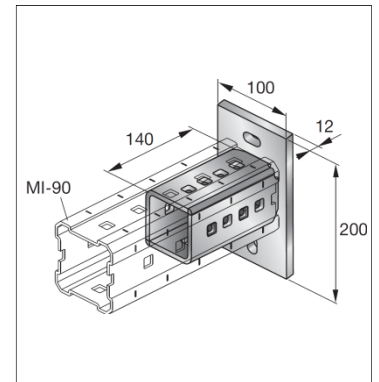
MIC-C90-AA Base Material Connector - Concrete

Designation MIC-C90-AA Item number 304825

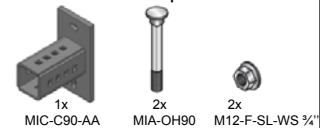
Corrosion protection:		
Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Connector, Plate	ISO 1461	55
Bolt; Nut	ISO 1461	40; 45

Weight:
3490 g incl. components

Description:
Hilti Hot-dipped galvanized baseplate connector, typically used for anchoring an MI-90 girder to concrete. Two oblong anchor holes enable fine tuning of baseplate position, and girder is connected using bolts through fixed holes.



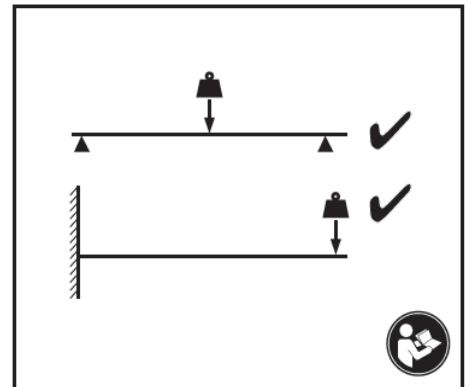
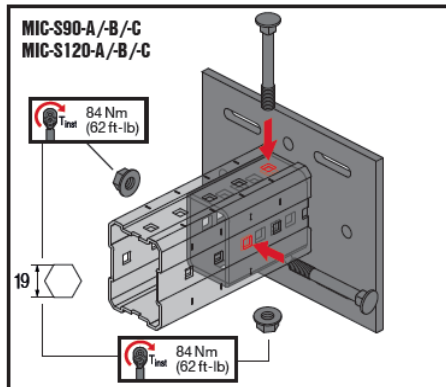
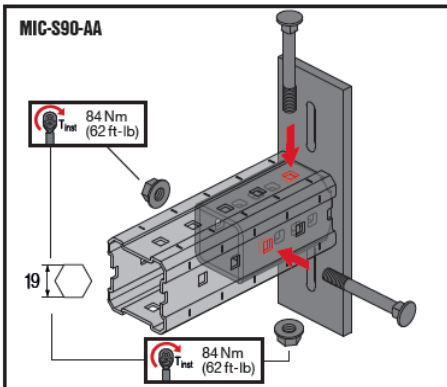
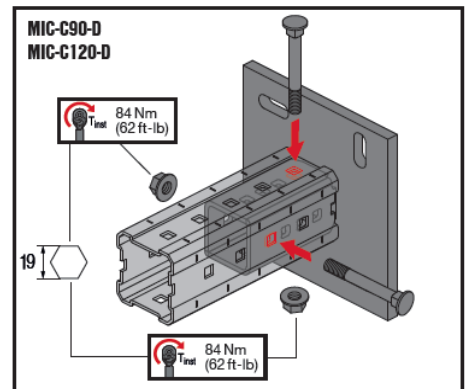
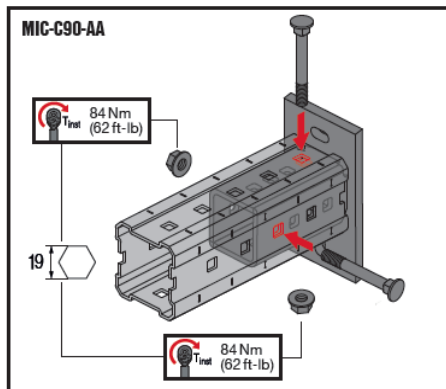
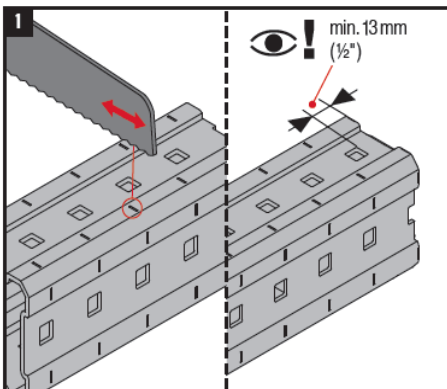
Hardware included per connector



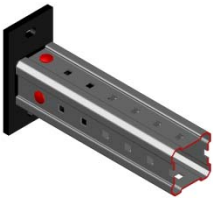
Material properties				
Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Connector, Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Bolt; Nut F Class 8.8 (ISO 898-1); Grade 8 (ISO 898-2)	$f_y = 640 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 800 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:



MIC-C90-AA Base Material Connector - Concrete

Possible loading cases		
Standard		
		

Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Finite element analysis
- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures – Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	09.2011
EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	03.2012
EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-5: Plated structural elements	03.2012
EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012
EN 10025-2	Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels	02.2005
RAL-GZ 655	Pipe Supports	04.2008

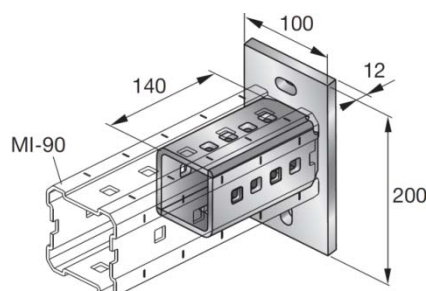
Software:

- Ansys 16.0
- Microsoft Excel
- Mathcad 15

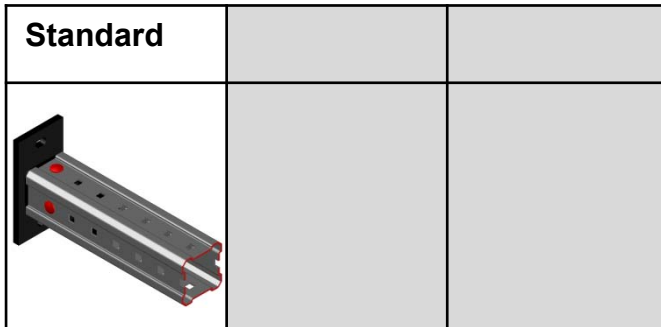
Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

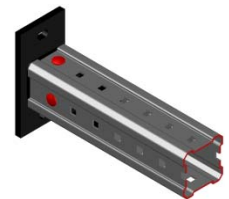
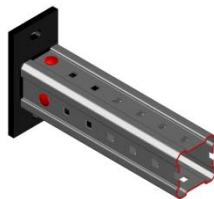
Simplified drawing:

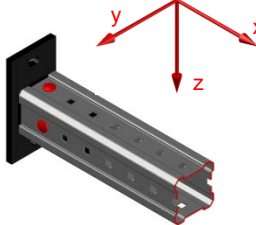
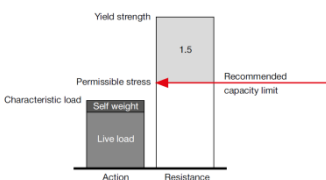


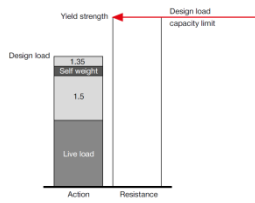
MIC-C90-AA Base Material Connector - Concrete



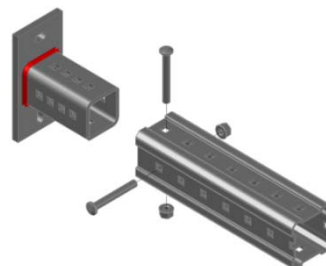
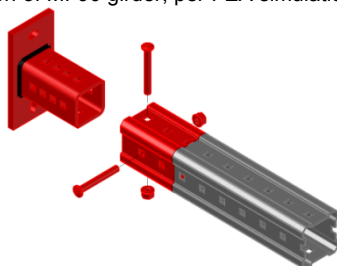
Loading case: Standard	Combinations covered by loading case
Bill of Material for this loading case: 1x MIC-C90-AA 304825 Connector incl. all connecting hardware	Baseplate connector used for a perpendicular connection of an MI-90 girder to concrete



Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications								
Method	 <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">19.8</td> <td style="text-align: center;">24.2</td> <td style="text-align: center;">24.2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="font-size: small; margin-top: 5px;">These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>		$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	19.8	24.2	24.2
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]			$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]				
19.8	24.2	24.2						
								

Design loading capacity - 3D		1/2
Method		
		

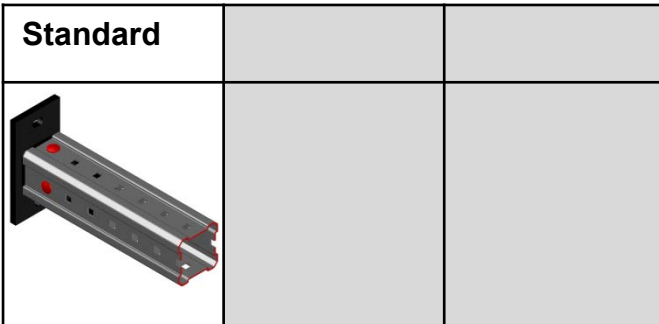
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:	
1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girder, per FEA simulation	2. Welds – per analytical calculation



MIC-C90-AA Base Material Connector - Concrete

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



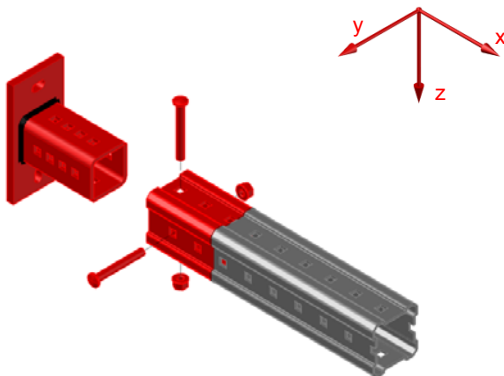
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/2

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girder, per FEA simulation

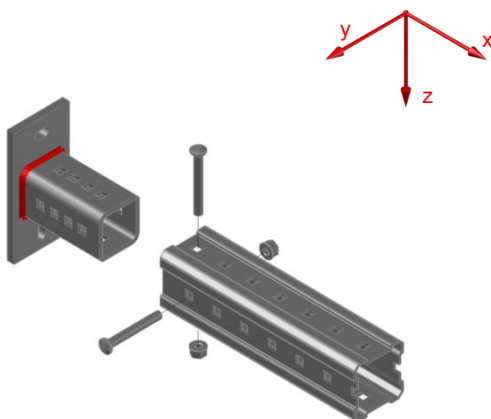


+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
50.30	63.30	31.60	31.60	31.60	31.60
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
2.85	2.85	1.81	1.81	1.00	1.00

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds – per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
230.12	230.12	49.31	49.31	49.31	49.31
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
5.64	5.64	3.45	3.45	3.45	3.45

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-C90-DH Base Material Connector - Concrete

Designation **MIC-C90-DH** Item number **2174661**

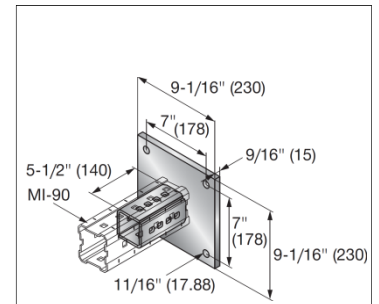
Corrosion protection:

Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Connector, Plate	ISO 1461	55
Bolt; Nut	ISO 1461	40; 45

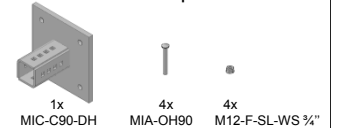
Weight:
8228g incl. components

Description:

Hilti Hot-dipped galvanized baseplate connector, used for anchoring an MI-90 girder to concrete. Four round anchor holes of baseplate enable anchoring, and girder is connected using bolts through fixed holes.



Hardware included per connector

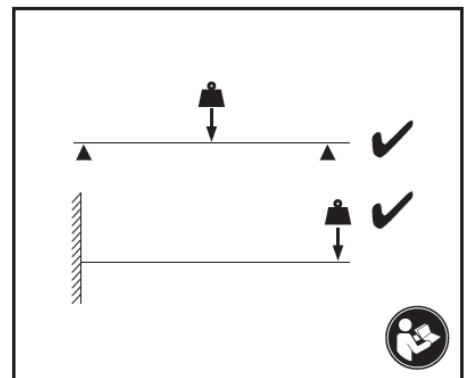
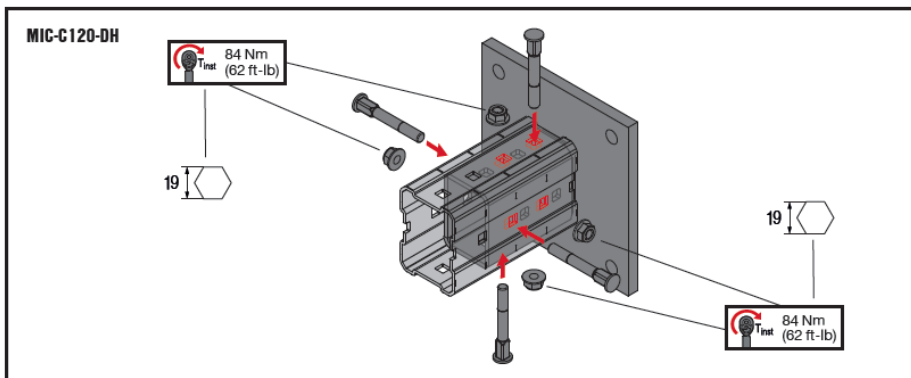
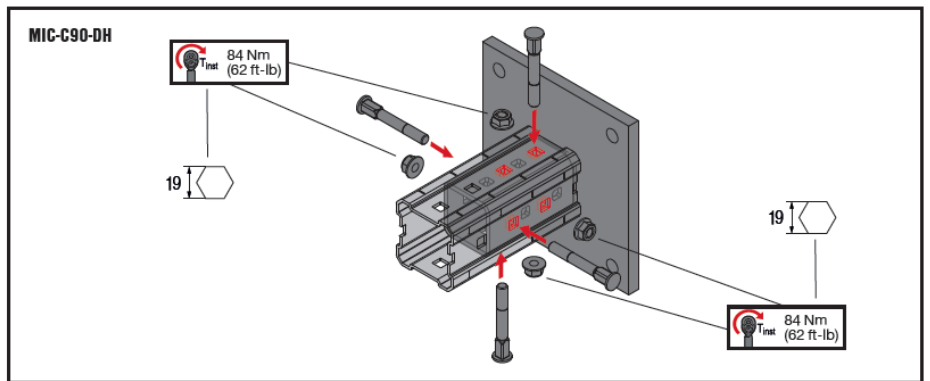
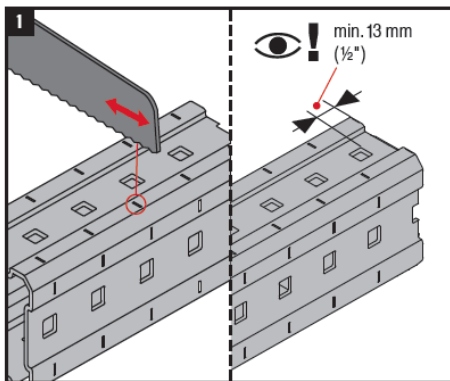


Material properties

Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Connector, Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Bolt; Nut F Class 8.8 (ISO 898-1); Grade 8 (ISO 898-2)	$f_y = 640 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 800 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:



MIC-C90-DH Base Material Connector - Concrete

Possible loading cases		
Standard		

Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Finite element analysis
- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures – Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	09.2011
EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	03.2012
EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-5: Plated structural elements	03.2012
EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012
EN 10025-2	Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels	02.2005
RAL-GZ 655	Pipe Supports	04.2008

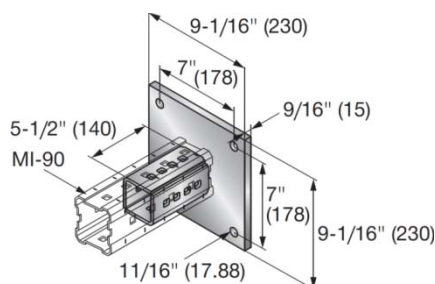
Software:

- Ansys 16.0
- Microsoft Excel
- Mathcad 15

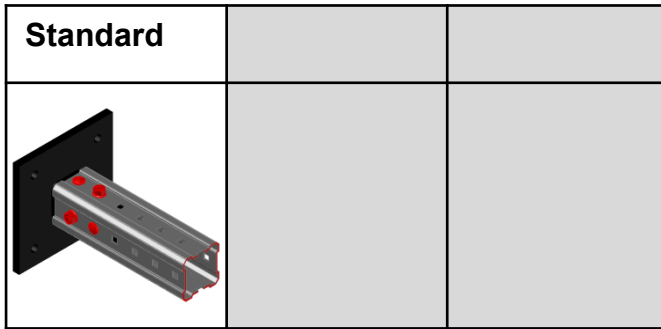
Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

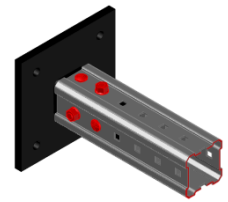
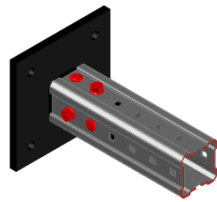
Simplified drawing:



MIC-C90-DH Base Material Connector - Concrete



Loading case: Standard	Combinations covered by loading case
Bill of Material for this loading case: 1x MIC-C90-DH 2174661 Connector incl. all connecting hardware	Baseplate connector used for a perpendicular connection of an MI-90 girder to concrete



Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

Method							
	<table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">36.0</td> <td style="text-align: center;">30.3</td> <td style="text-align: center;">30.3</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="font-size: small;">These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	36.0	30.3	30.3
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]					
36.0	30.3	30.3					

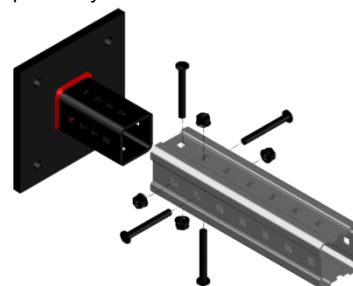
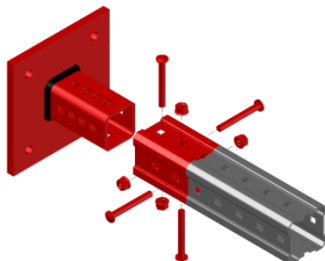
Design loading capacity - 3D

1/2

Method	

Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

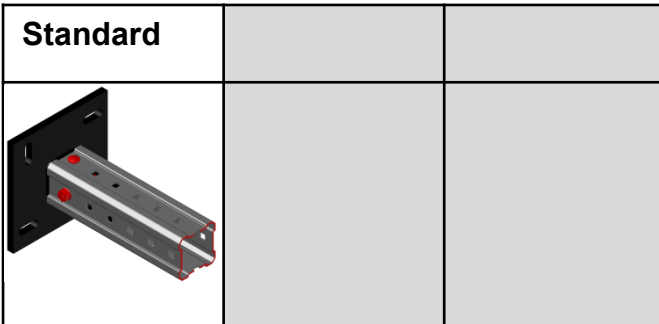
1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girder, per FEA simulation	2. Welds – per analytical calculation
--	---------------------------------------



MIC-C90-DH Base Material Connector - Concrete

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



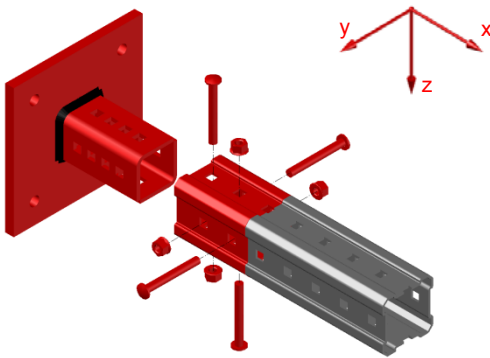
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/2

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girder, per FEA simulation

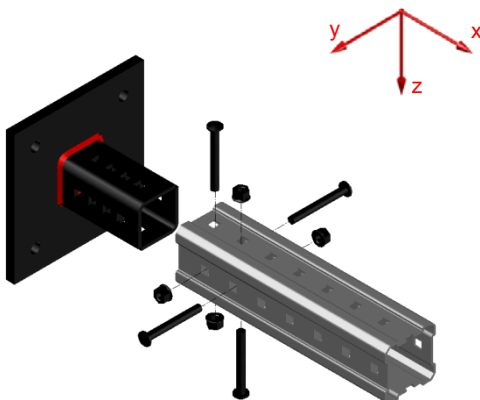


+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
90.00	118.82	45.40	45.40	45.40	45.40
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
3.60	3.60	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds – per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
230.12	230.12	49.31	49.31	49.31	49.31
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
5.64	5.64	3.45	3.45	3.45	3.45

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-C120-DH Base Material Connector - Concrete

Designation **MIC-C120-DH** Item number **2174662**

Corrosion protection:

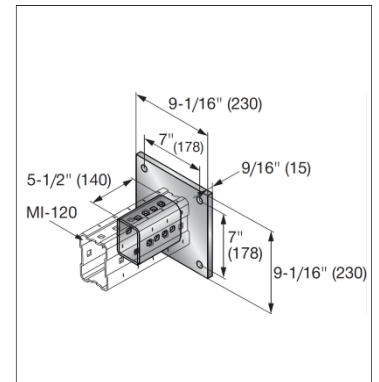
Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Connector, Plate	ISO 1461	55
Bolt; Nut	ISO 1461	40; 45

Weight:

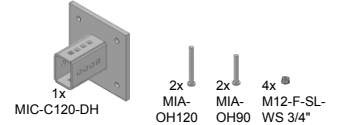
8688 g incl. components

Description:

Hilti Hot-dipped galvanized baseplate connector, typically used for anchoring an MI-120 girder to concrete. Four round anchor holes in baseplate for attachment to concrete, and girder is connected using bolts through fixed holes.



Hardware included per connector

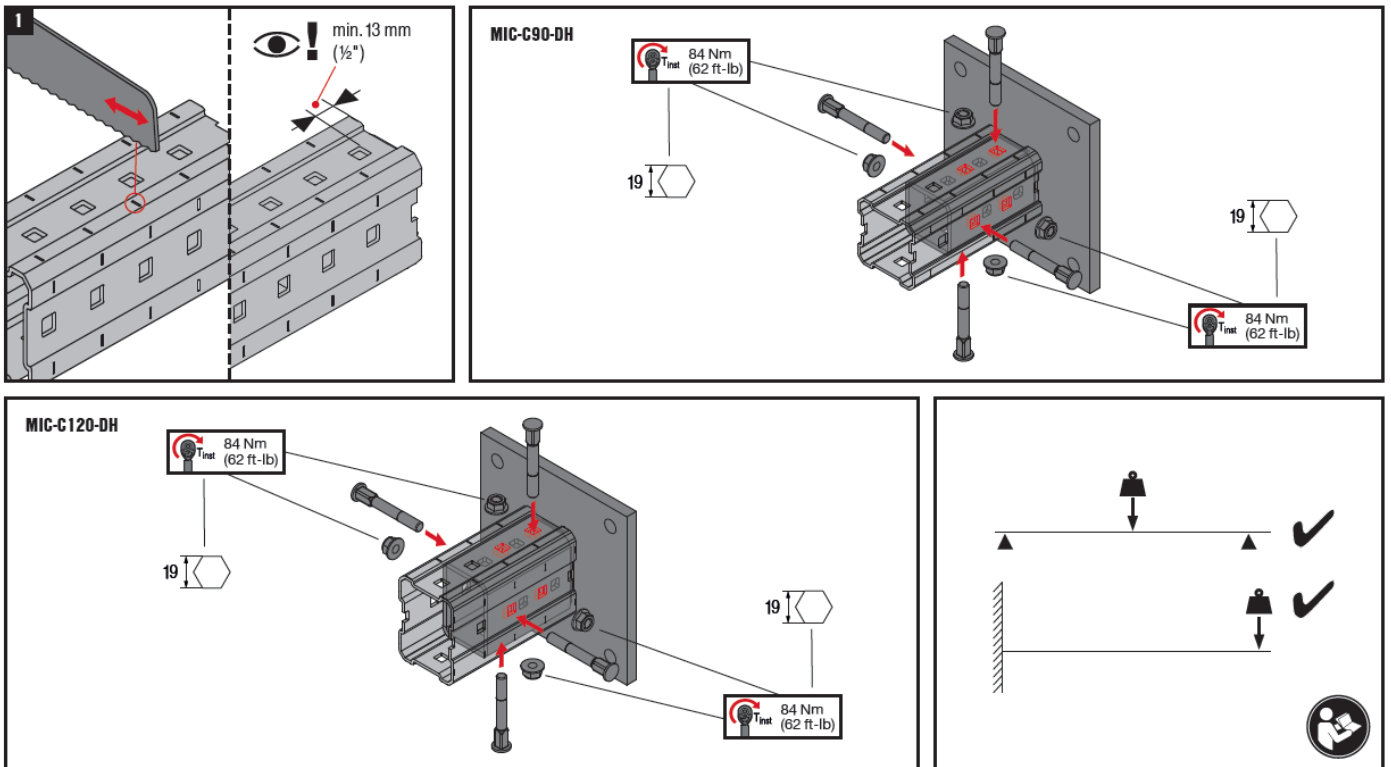


Material properties

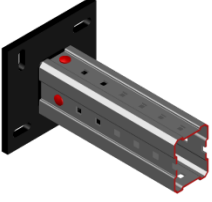
Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Connector, Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Bolt; Nut F Class 8.8 (ISO 898-1); Grade 8 (ISO 898-2)	$f_y = 640 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 800 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:



MIC-C120-DH Base Material Connector - Concrete

Possible loading cases		
Standard		
		

Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Finite element analysis
- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures – Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	09.2011
EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	03.2012
EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-5: Plated structural elements	03.2012
EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012
EN 10025-2	Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels	02.2005
RAL-GZ 655	Pipe Supports	04.2008

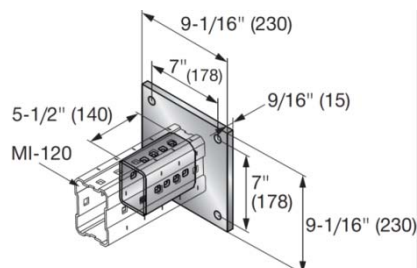
Software:

- Ansys 16.0
- Microsoft Excel
- Mathcad 15

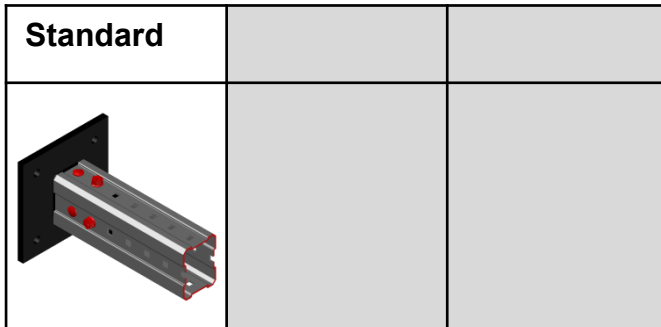
Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

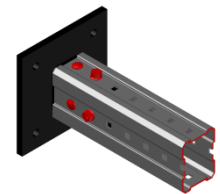
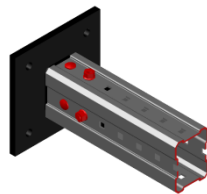
Simplified drawing:



MIC-C120-DH Base Material Connector - Concrete



Loading case: Standard	Combinations covered by loading case
Bill of Material for this loading case: Angle incl. all components 1x MIC-C120-DH 2174662	Baseplate connector used for a perpendicular connection of an MI-90 girder to concrete



Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

Method							
	<table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">36.0</td> <td style="text-align: center;">35.9</td> <td style="text-align: center;">42.3</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="font-size: small;">These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	36.0	35.9	42.3
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]					
36.0	35.9	42.3					

Design loading capacity - 3D

1/2

Method	

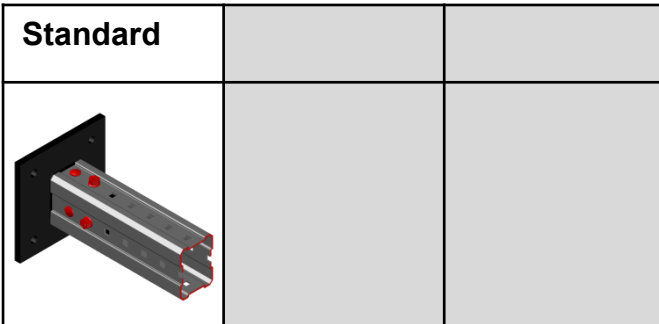
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-120 girder, per FEA simulation	2. Welds – per analytical calculation

MIC-C120-DH Base Material Connector - Concrete

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



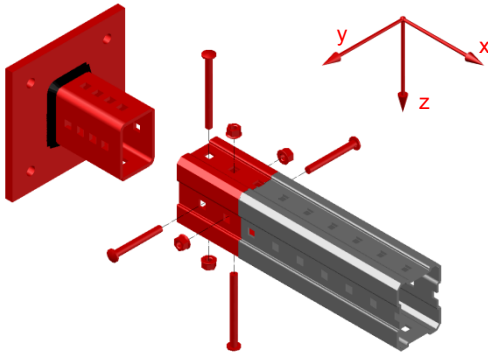
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/2

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-120 girder, per FEA simulation

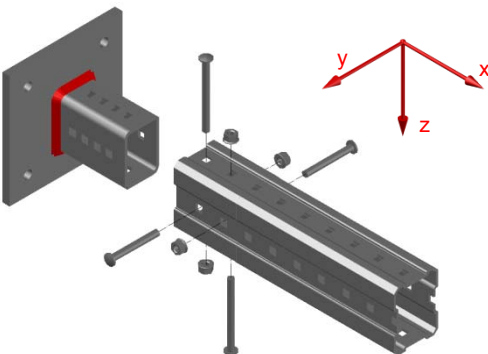


+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
104.00	118.82	53.80	53.80	63.50	63.50
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
5.39	5.39	4.73	4.73	3.00	3.00

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
316.42	316.42	81.16	81.16	100.68	100.68
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
9.16	9.16	5.18	5.18	6.04	6.04

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-C90-UH Base Material Connector - Concrete

Designation	Item number
MIC-C90-UH	2179535

Corrosion protection:

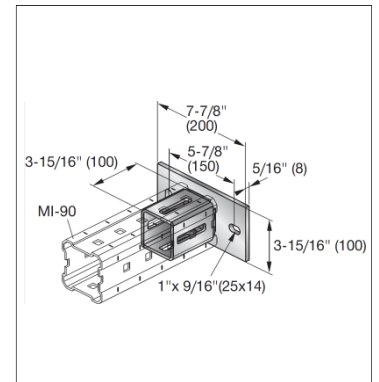
Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Connector, Plate	ISO 1461	55
Bolt; Nut	ISO 1461	40; 45

Weight:

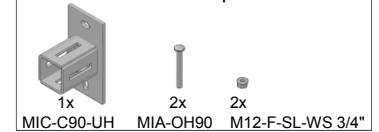
2450 g incl. components

Description:

Hilti Hot-dipped galvanized baseplate connector, typically used for anchoring an MI-90 girder to concrete. Two oblong anchor holes enable fine tuning of baseplate position, and girder is connected using bolts through fixed holes.



Hardware included per connector

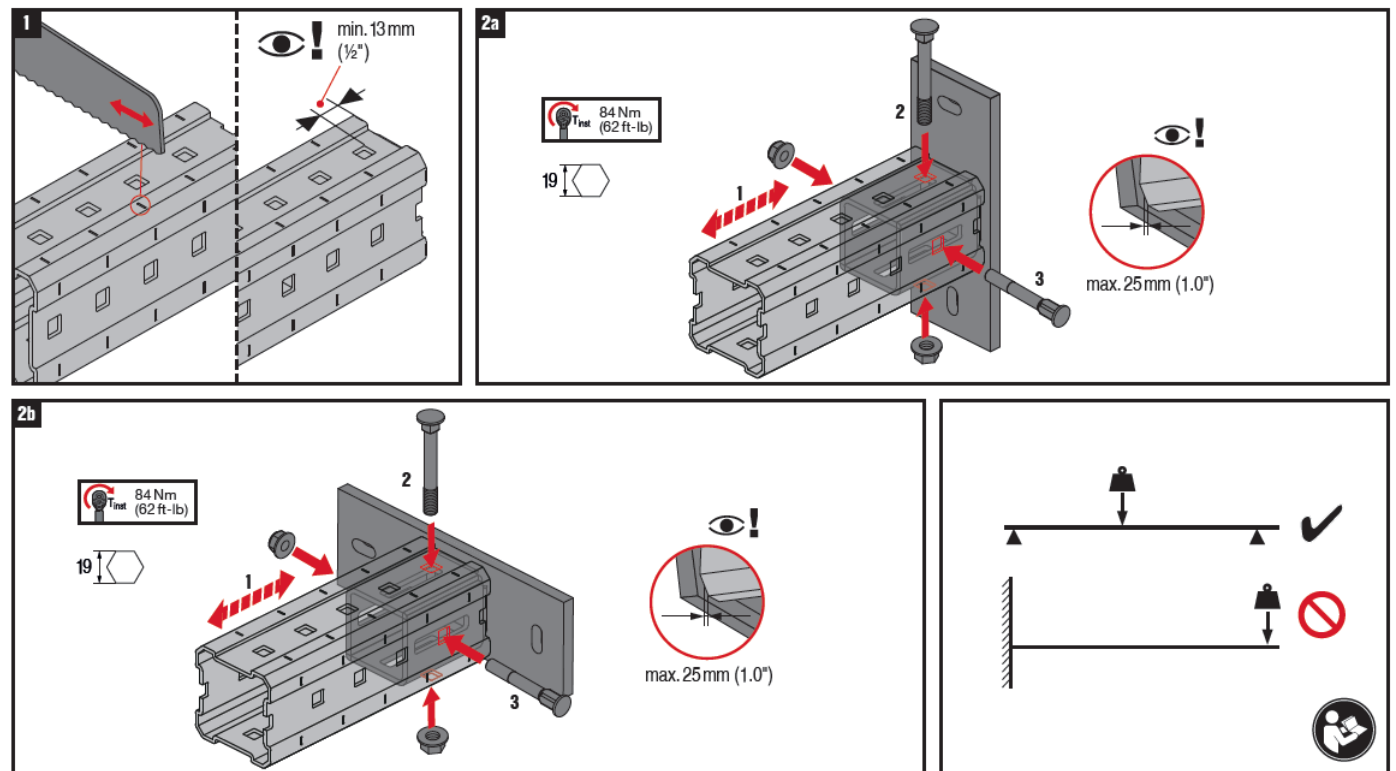


Material properties

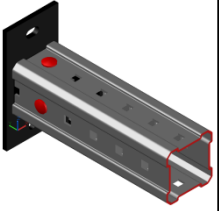
Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Connector, Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Bolt; Nut F Class 8.8 (ISO 898-1); Grade 8 (ISO 898-2)	$f_y = 640 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 800 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:



MIC-C90-UH Base Material Connector - Concrete

Possible loading cases		
Standard		
		

Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

• EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
• EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures –Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	03.2012
• EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
• EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	09.2010
• EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-5:Plated structural elements	06.2012
• EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012

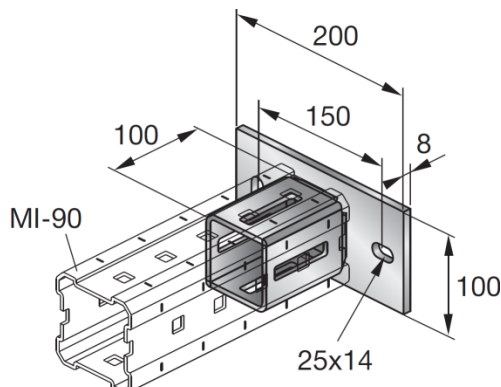
Software:

- Mathcad 15.0
- Microsoft Excel

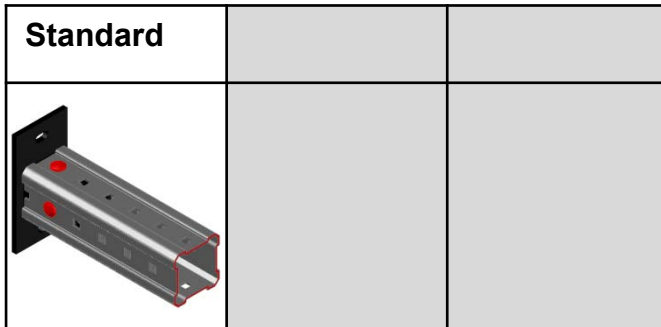
Validity:

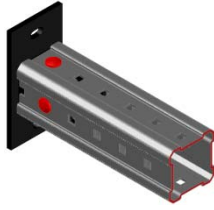
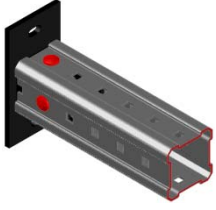
- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to $+93^{\circ}\text{C}$ (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

Simplified drawing:

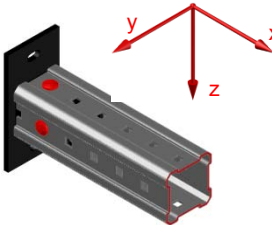
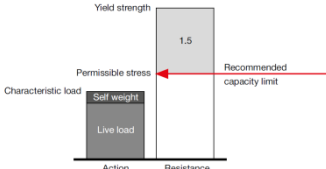


MIC-C90-UH Base Material Connector - Concrete



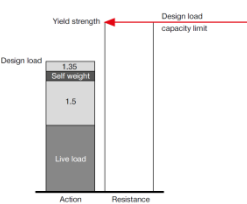
Loading case: Standard	Combinations covered by loading case
Bill of Material for this loading case: Angle incl. all components 1x MIC-C90-UH 2179535 	Baseplate connector used for a perpendicular connection of an MI-90 girder to concrete 

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

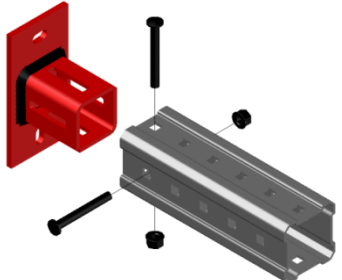
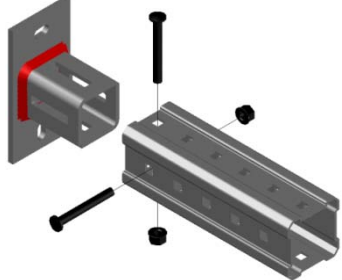
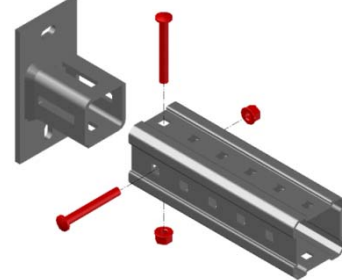
Method	 <table border="1" data-bbox="1109 1070 1444 1182"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1.50</td> <td>16.66</td> <td>16.66</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	1.50	16.66	16.66
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]					
1.50	16.66	16.66					
							

Design loading capacity - 3D

1/3

Method	
	

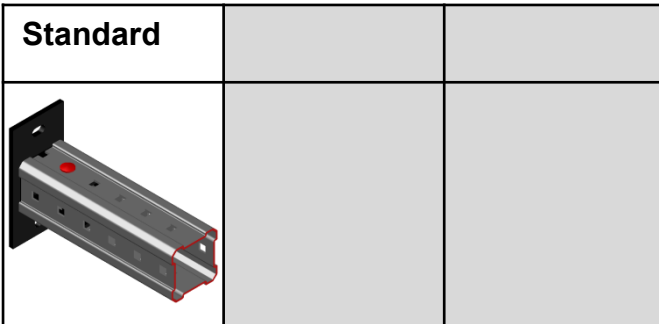
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

1. Connector body - per analytical calculation 	2. Welds - per analytical calculation 	3. Screws - per analytical calculation 
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MIC-C90-UH Base Material Connector - Concrete

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



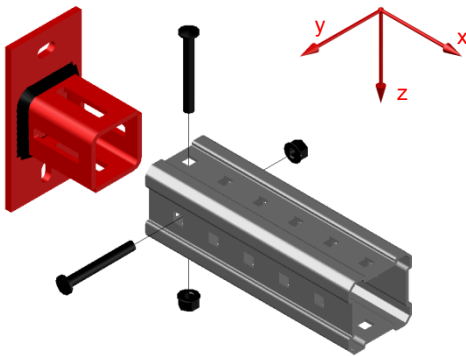
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connector body - per analytical calculation

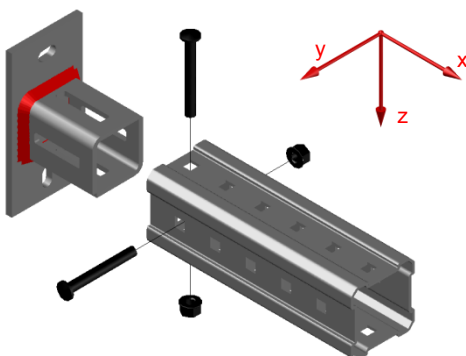


+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
13.19	93.32	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
4.10	4.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds – per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
244.38	244.38	99.77	99.77	99.77	99.77
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
5.99	5.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

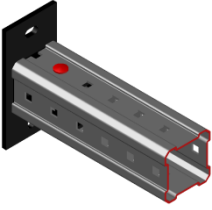
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-C90-UH Base Material Connector - Concrete

Validity:

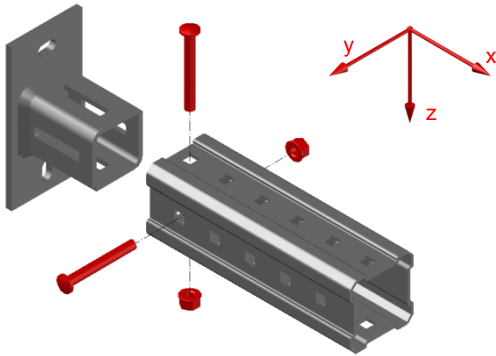
- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

Standard		
		

Design loading capacity - 3D

3/3

3. Screws – per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
2.25	2.25	36.29	36.29	36.29	36.29
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
1.20	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-CU-MAH Base Material Connector - Concrete

Designation	Item number
MIC-CU-MAH	2174664

Corrosion protection:

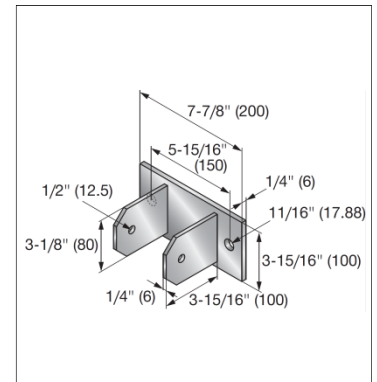
Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Connector, Plate	ISO 1461	55
Bolt; Nut	ISO 1461	40; 45

Weight:

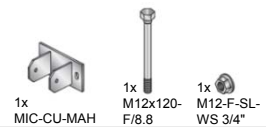
2261 g incl. components

Description:

Hilti Hot-dipped galvanized baseplate connector, used for anchoring a MI-90 girder to concrete in an angle, usually when it's used as a brace for another girder. Two round anchor holes in baseplate for attachment to concrete, and girder is connected using one bolt through a hole, which enables various angles.



Hardware included per connector

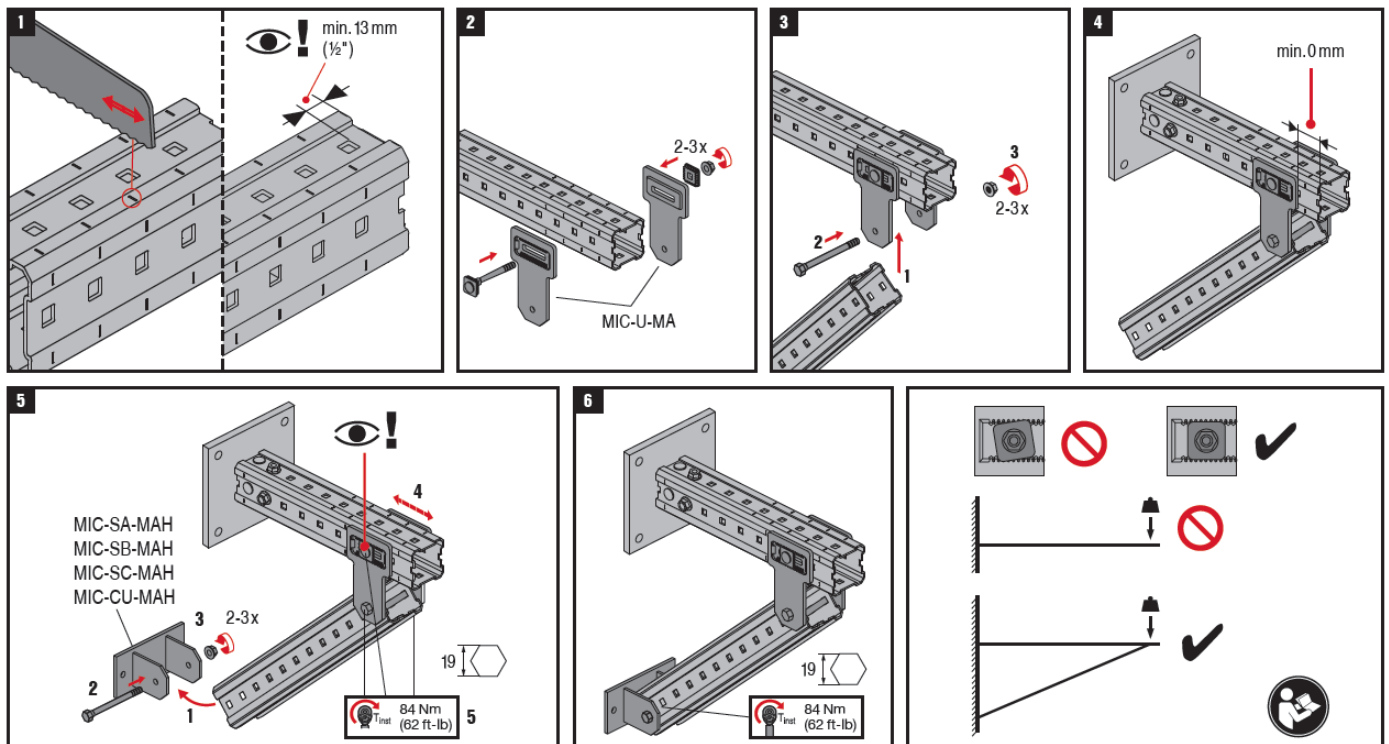


Material properties


Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Connector, Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Bolt; Nut F Class 8.8 (ISO 898-1); Grade 8 (ISO 898-2)	$f_y = 640 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 800 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:



MIC-CU-MAH Base Material Connector - Concrete

Possible loading cases		
Standard		
		

Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Finite element analysis
- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures – Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	09.2011
EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	03.2012
EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-5: Plated structural elements	03.2012
EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012
EN 10025-2	Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels	02.2005
RAL-GZ 655	Pipe Supports	04.2008

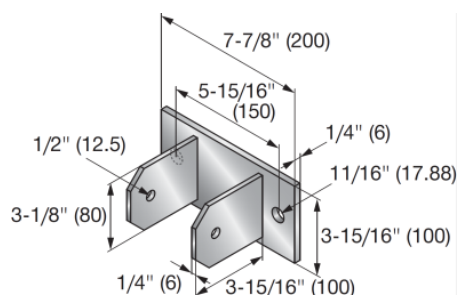
Software:

- Ansys 16.0
- Microsoft Excel
- Mathcad 15

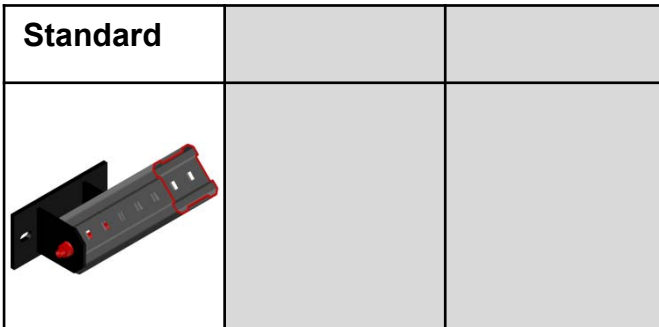
Validity:

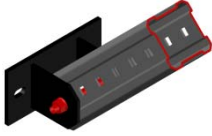

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to $+93^{\circ}\text{C}$ (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

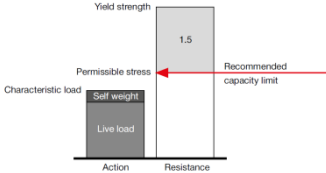
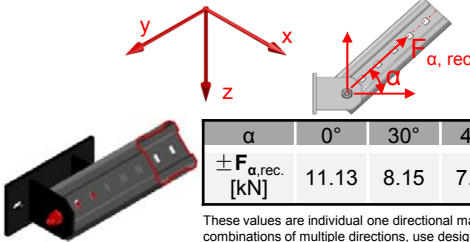
Simplified drawing:

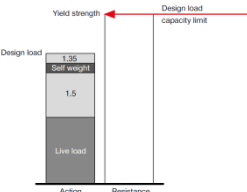


MIC-CU-MAH Base Material Connector - Concrete

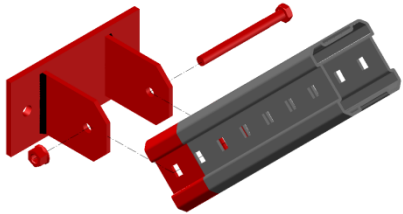
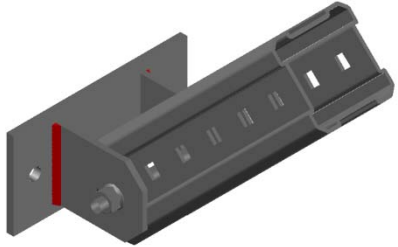


Loading case: Standard	Combinations covered by loading case
Bill of Material for this loading case: Angle incl. all components 1x MIC-CU-MAH 2174664 	Baseplate connector used for an angled connection of an MI-90 girder to concrete (bracing) 

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications																						
Method																						
	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;">  <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</td> <td colspan="6" style="text-align: center;">4.4</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">α</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0°</td> <td style="text-align: center;">30°</td> <td style="text-align: center;">45°</td> <td style="text-align: center;">60°</td> <td style="text-align: center;">90°</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">$\pm F_{\alpha,rec.}$ [kN]</td> <td style="text-align: center;">11.13</td> <td style="text-align: center;">8.15</td> <td style="text-align: center;">7.87</td> <td style="text-align: center;">8.15</td> <td style="text-align: center;">10.93</td> <td></td> </tr> </table> </div> <p style="font-size: small;">These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	4.4						α	0°	30°	45°	60°	90°		$\pm F_{\alpha,rec.}$ [kN]	11.13	8.15	7.87	8.15	10.93	
$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	4.4																					
α	0°	30°	45°	60°	90°																	
$\pm F_{\alpha,rec.}$ [kN]	11.13	8.15	7.87	8.15	10.93																	

Design loading capacity - 3D		1/2
Method		
		

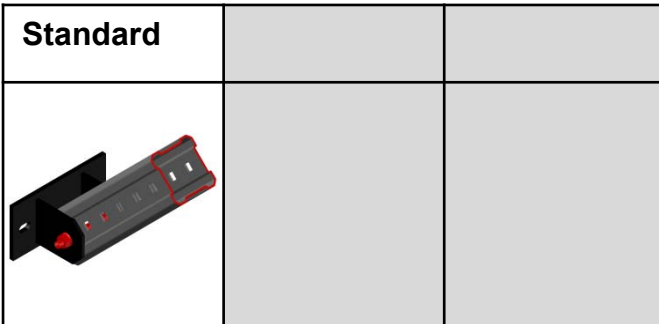
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girder, per FEA simulation 	2. Welds – per analytical calculation 
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MIC-CU-MAH Base Material Connector - Concrete

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



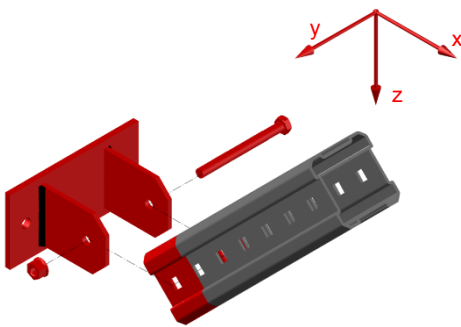
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/2

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girder, per FEA simulation

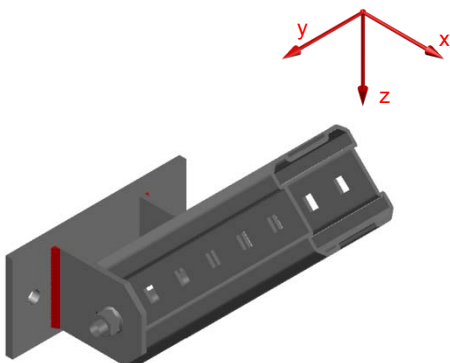


+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
16.70	16.70	6.60	6.60	16.70	16.70
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
0.70	0.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds – per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
325.83	325.83	11.97	11.97	47.45	47.45
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
2.30	2.30	0.00	0.00	15.80	15.80

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-S90-AA Base Material Connector - Steel

Designation Item number
MIC-S90-AA **304811**

Corrosion protection:

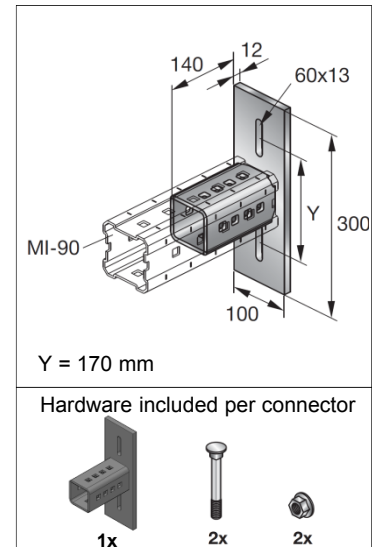
Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Connector, Plate	ISO 1461	55
Bolt; Nut	ISO 1461	40; 45

Weight:

4370 g incl. components

Submittal text:

Hilti Hot-dipped galvanized baseplate connector, typically used for anchoring an MI-90 girder to a steel beam. Two oblong anchor holes in perpendicular positions enable fine tuning of baseplate position, and girder is connected using bolts through fixed holes.

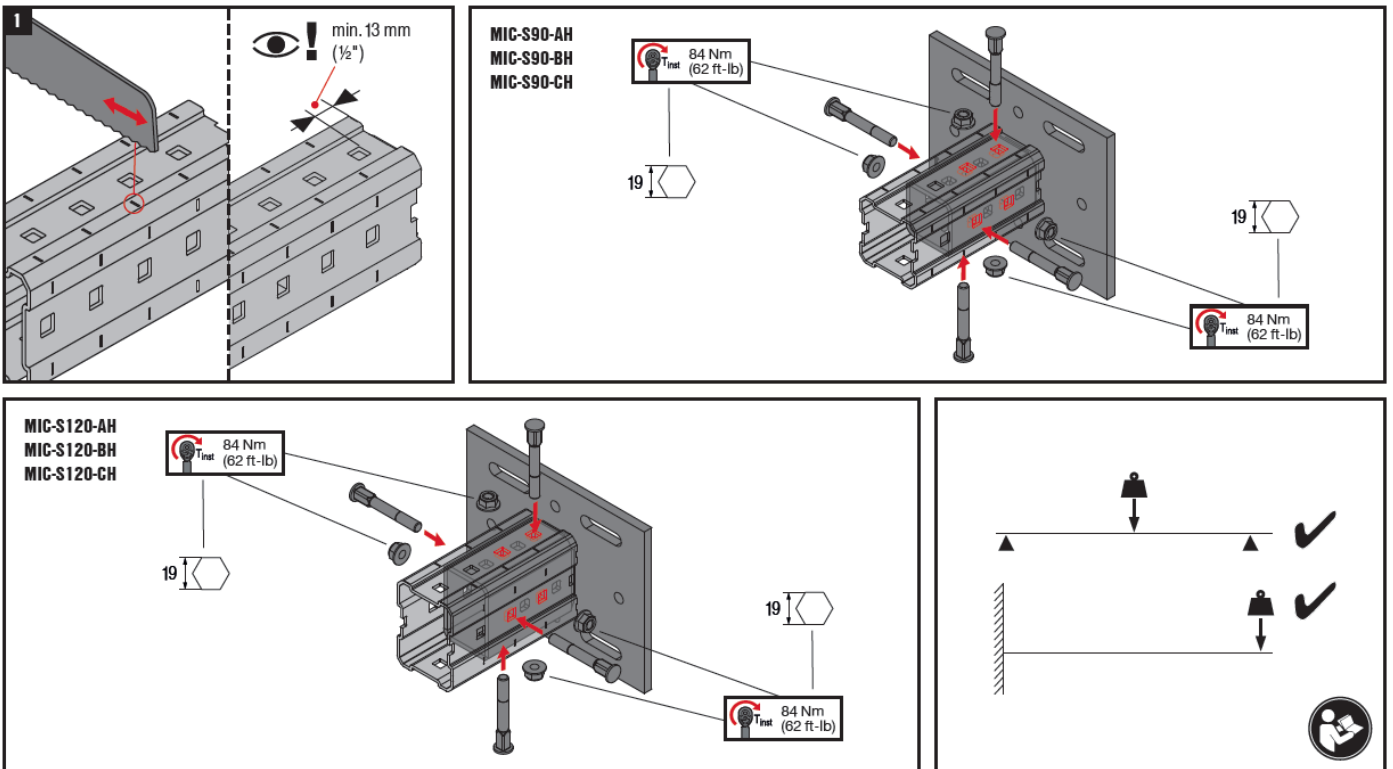


Material properties

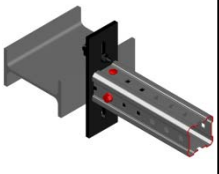
Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Connector, Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Bolt; Nut F Class 8.8 (ISO 898-1); Grade 8 (ISO 898-2)	$f_y = 640 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 800 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:



MIC-S90-AA Base Material Connector - Steel

Possible loading cases		
Standard		
		

Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Finite element analysis
- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures – Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	09.2011
EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	03.2012
EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-5: Plated structural elements	03.2012
EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012
EN 10025-2	Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels	02.2005
RAL-GZ 655	Pipe Supports	04.2008

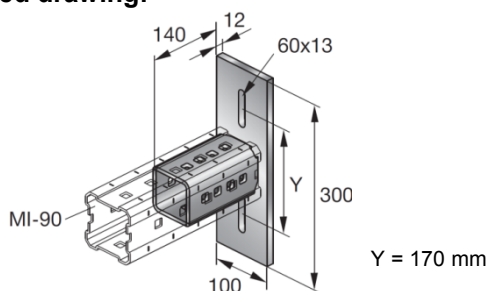
Software:

- Ansys 16.0
- Microsoft Excel
- Mathcad 15

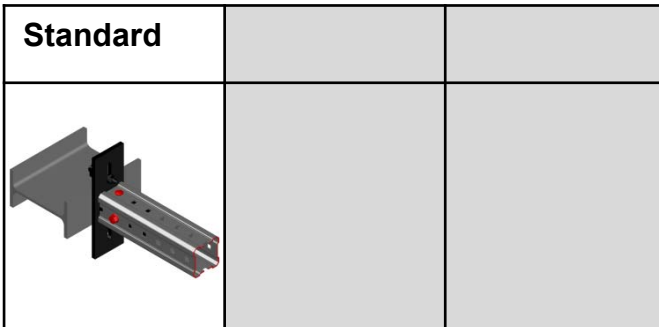
Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

Simplified drawing:



MIC-S90-AA Base Material Connector - Steel



Loading case: Standard	Combinations covered by loading case
Bill of Material for this loading case: Connector incl. all associated components 1x MIC-S90-AA 304811 Beam clamps 2x MI-SGC M12 233859	Connector used for a perpendicular connection of MI-90 girder to flange of structural steel profiles. For flange width 75-165mm.

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications							
Method							
	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">11.6</td> <td style="text-align: center;">3.44</td> <td style="text-align: center;">3.44</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="font-size: small;">These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	11.6	3.44	3.44
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]					
11.6	3.44	3.44					

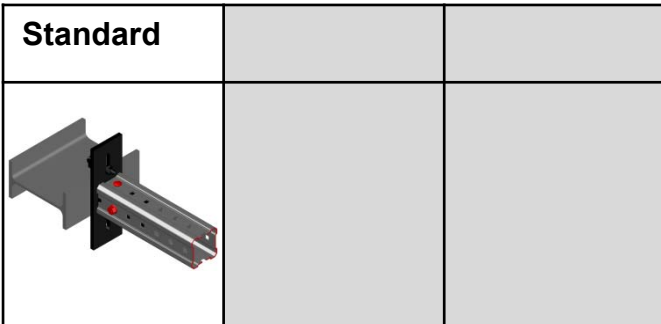
Design loading capacity - 3D		1/3
Method		

Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:		
1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girder, per FEA simulation 	2. Welds - per analytical calculation 	3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation

MIC-S90-AA Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



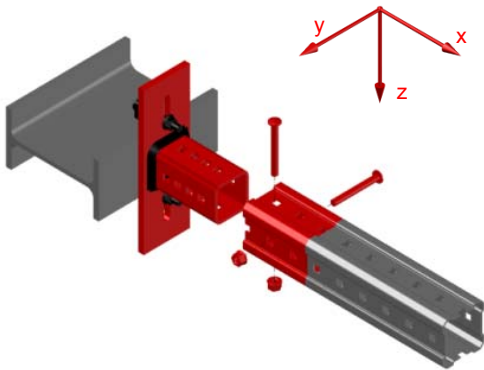
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girder, per FEA simulation

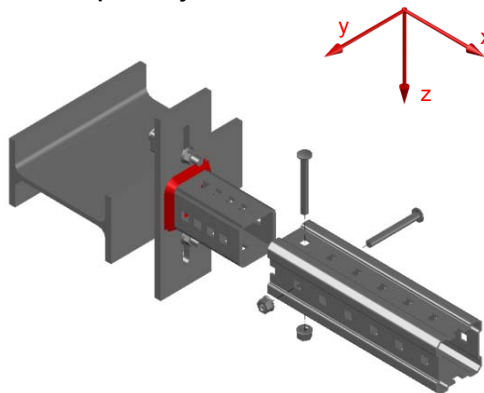


+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
24.40	63.30	31.60	31.60	31.60	31.60
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
2.85	2.85	1.81	1.81	1.00	1.00

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
230.12	230.12	49.13	49.13	49.13	49.13
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
5.64	5.64	3.45	3.45	3.45	3.45

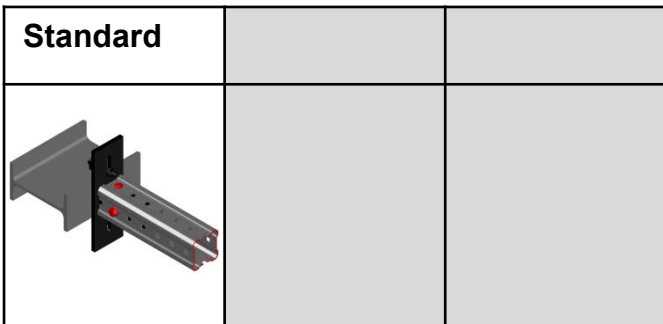
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-S90-AA Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

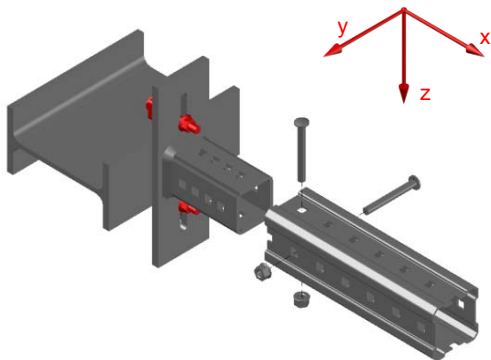
- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



Design loading capacity - 3D

3/3

3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
17.40	Not decisive	5.16	5.16	5.16	5.16
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
0.32	0.32	0.90	0.90	0.78	0.78

Interaction:

Normal force interaction:

The eccentricity e_y and e_z between the point of force transfer channel / connector and baseplate, which generates an additional bending moment on the system, must be taken into account in the interaction formula.

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed} * e_y}{M_{z,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed} * e_z}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Shear force interaction:

- Shear Interaction Equation is only valid for TENSILE $F_{x,Ed}$ loads ($F_{x,Ed} > 0$). Equation is not valid for compressive $F_{x,Ed}$ loads ($F_{x,Ed} < 0$).

- For Shear interaction, user must **ADDITIONALLY** verify: $F_{x,Ed} / F_{x,Rd} < 1$.

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)} \leq 1$$

MIC-S90-AH Base Material Connector - Steel

Designation	Item number
MIC-S90-AH	2174665

Corrosion protection:

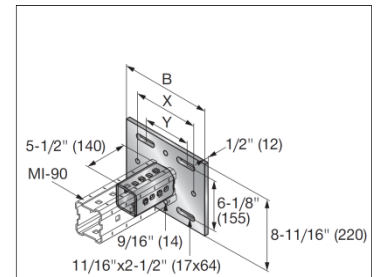
Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Connector, Plate	ISO 1461	55
Bolt; Nut	ISO 1461	40; 45

Weight:

7511 g incl. components

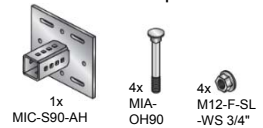
Description:

Hilti Hot-dipped galvanized baseplate connector, used for connecting a MI-90 girder to a steel beam using M16 mounting hardware. Four slotted holes enable fine tuning of baseplate position, and girder is connected using beam clamps or threaded rod. Comes in different plate sizes to fit various steel beam sizes.



B = 280 mm
X = 200 mm
Y = 140 mm

Hardware included per connector



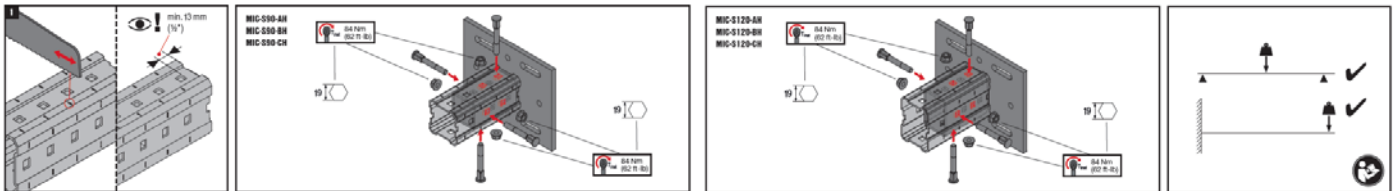
Material properties

Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Connector, Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Bolt; Nut F Class 8.8 (ISO 898-1); Grade 8 (ISO 898-2)	$f_y = 640 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 800 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

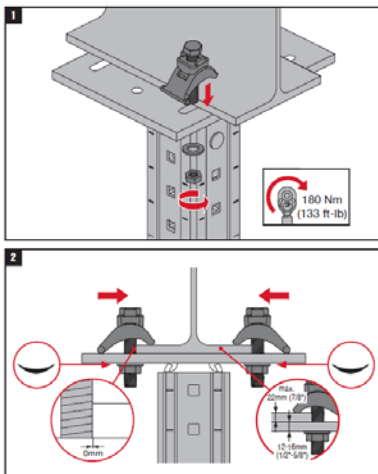
Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:

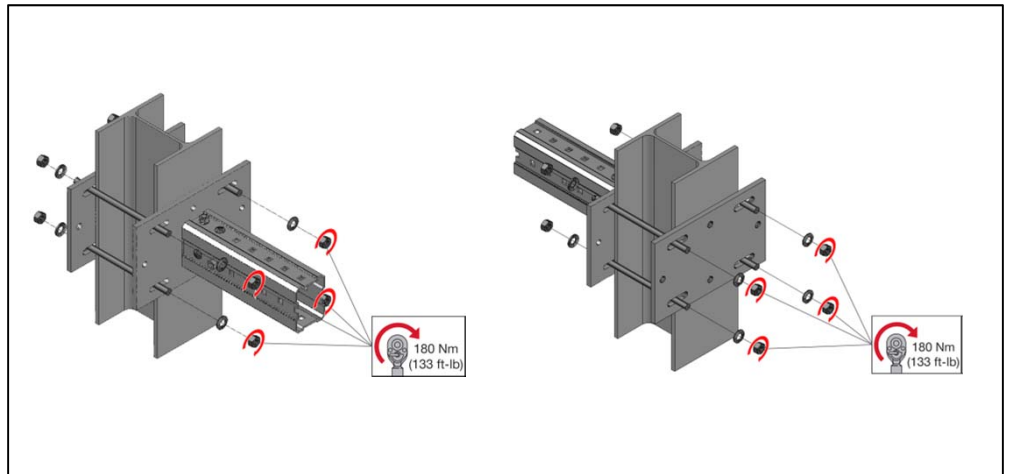
For both loading cases



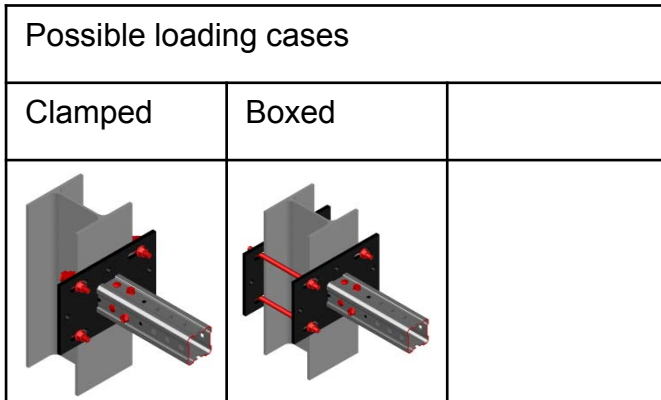
For clamped loading case



For boxed loading case (not attached to the packaging)



MIC-S90-AH Base Material Connector - Steel



Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Finite element analysis
- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures – Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	09.2011
EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	03.2012
EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-5: Plated structural elements	03.2012
EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012
EN 10025-2	Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels	02.2005
RAL-GZ 655	Pipe Supports	04.2008

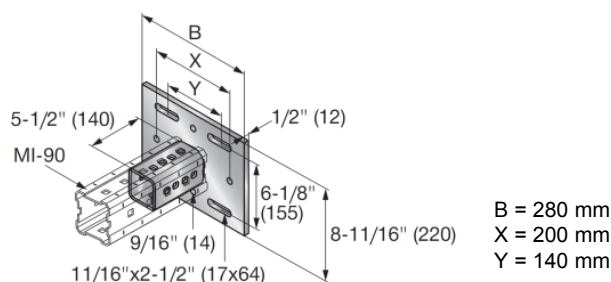
Software:

- Ansys 16.0
- Microsoft Excel
- Mathcad 15

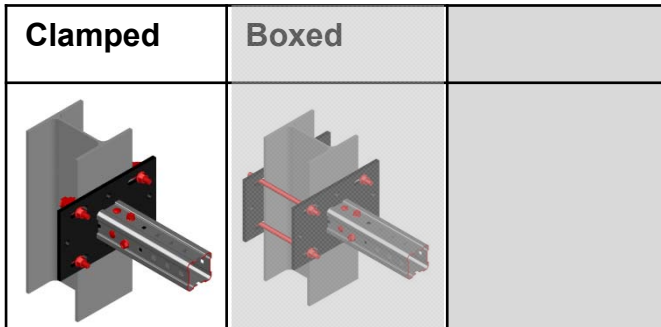
Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

Simplified drawing:



MIC-S90-AH Base Material Connector - Steel



Loading case: Clamped	Combinations covered by loading case
Bill of Material for this loading case: Connector incl. all associated components 1x MIC-S90-AH 2174665 Beam clamps 4x MI-SGC M16 387398	Connector used for a perpendicular connection of MI-90 girder to flange of structural steel profiles. For flange width 75-165mm.

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications							
Method							
	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">36.53</td> <td style="text-align: center;">6.87</td> <td style="text-align: center;">6.87</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="font-size: small;">These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	36.53	6.87	6.87
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]					
36.53	6.87	6.87					

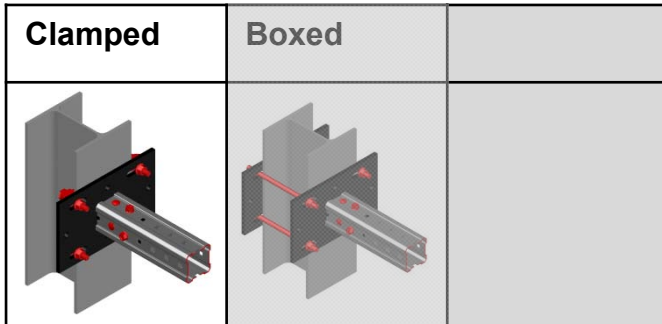
Design loading capacity - 3D		1/3
Method		

Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:		
1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girder, per FEA simulation 	2. Welds – per analytical calculation 	3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation

MIC-S90-AH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



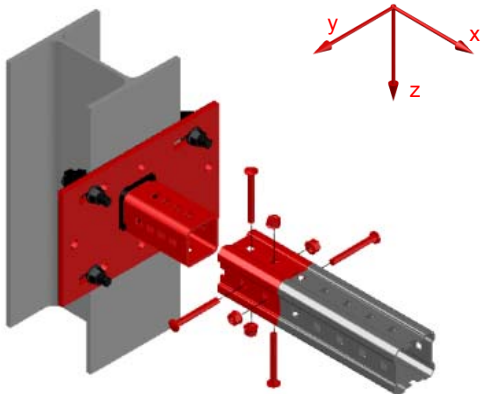
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girder, per FEA simulation

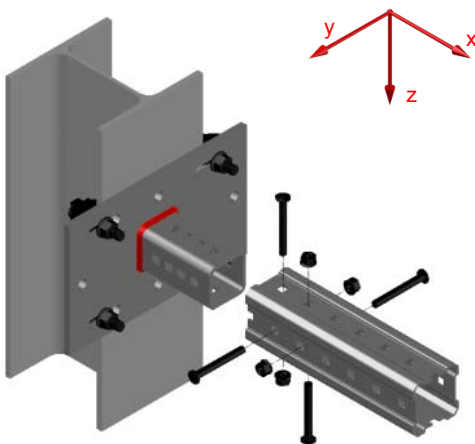


+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
54.80	118.82	45.40	45.40	45.40	45.40
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
3.60	3.60	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds – per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
230.12	230.12	49.31	49.31	49.31	49.31
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
5.64	5.64	3.45	3.45	3.45	3.45

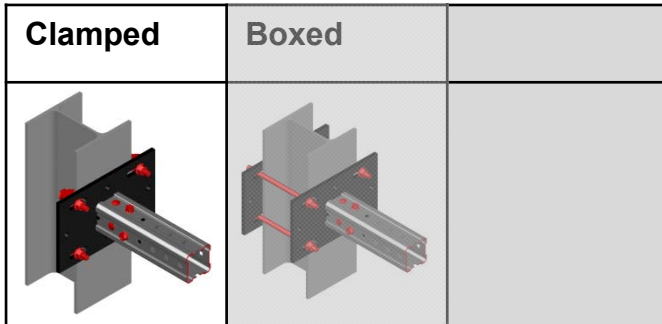
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-S90-AH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

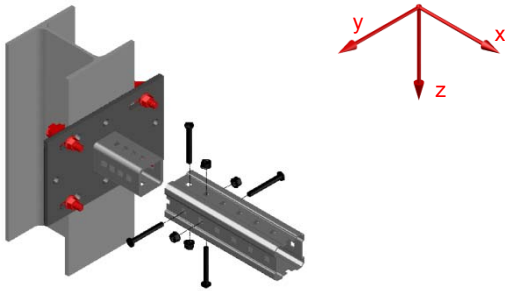
- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



Design loading capacity - 3D

3/3

3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
102.40	Not decisive	10.31	10.31	10.31	10.31
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
0.84	0.84	6.66	6.66	4.51	4.51

Interaction:

Normal force interaction:

The eccentricity e_y and e_z between the point of force transfer channel / connector and baseplate, which generates an additional bending moment on the system, must be taken into account in the interaction formula.

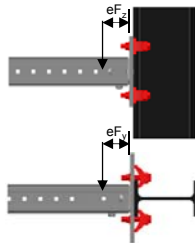
$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed} \cdot e_y}{M_{z,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed} \cdot e_z}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Shear force interaction:

- Shear Interaction Equation is only valid for TENSILE $F_{x,Ed}$ loads ($F_{x,Ed} > 0$). Equation is not valid for compressive $F_{x,Ed}$ loads ($F_{x,Ed} < 0$).

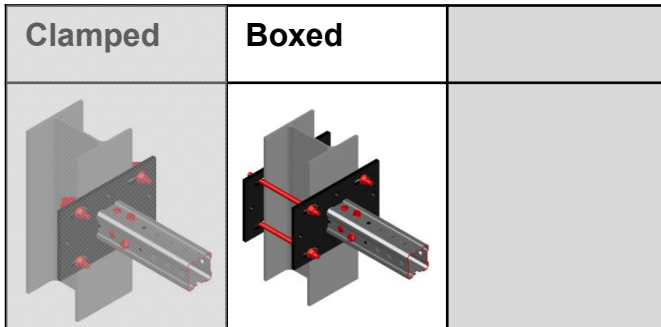
- For Shear interaction, user must ADDITIONALLY verify: $F_{x,Ed} / F_{x,Rd} < 1$.

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)} \leq 1$$



with $e_y = e_z = 0.070$ m

MIC-S90-AH Base Material Connector - Steel



Loading case: Boxed	Combinations covered by loading case
Bill of Material for this loading case: Connector incl. all associated components 1x MIC-S90-AH 2174665 Base plate 1x MIB-SA4 2174674 Threaded rods cut to particular length 4x AM16x1000 8.8 HDG...m 419104 Lock washer 8x LW M16 HDG plus washer 2185343 Nut 8x M16-F nut 304767	Connector used for a perpendicular connection of MI-90 girder to flange of structural steel profiles. For flange width 75-165mm.

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

Method							
	<table border="1" style="float: right;"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">38.47</td> <td style="text-align: center;">13.77</td> <td style="text-align: center;">13.77</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="font-size: small;">These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	38.47	13.77	13.77
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]					
38.47	13.77	13.77					

Design loading capacity - 3D 1/3

Method	

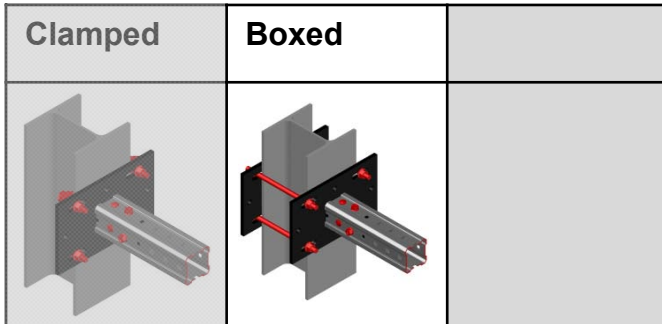
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girder, per FEA simulation 	2. Welds - per analytical calculation 	3. Base plate and through bolts - per analytical calculation
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MIC-S90-AH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



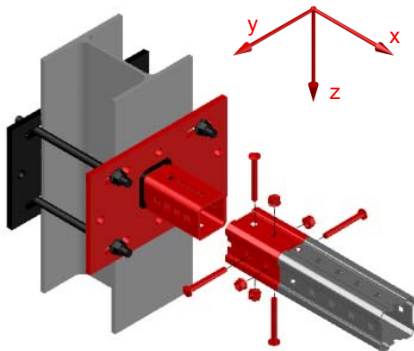
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girder, per FEA simulation

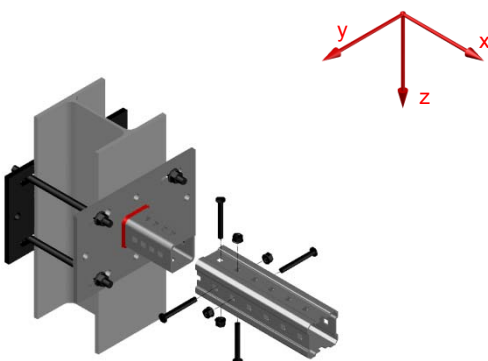


+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
57.70	118.82	45.40	45.40	45.40	45.40
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
3.60	3.60	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
230.12	230.12	49.31	49.31	49.31	49.31
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
5.64	5.64	3.45	3.45	3.45	3.45

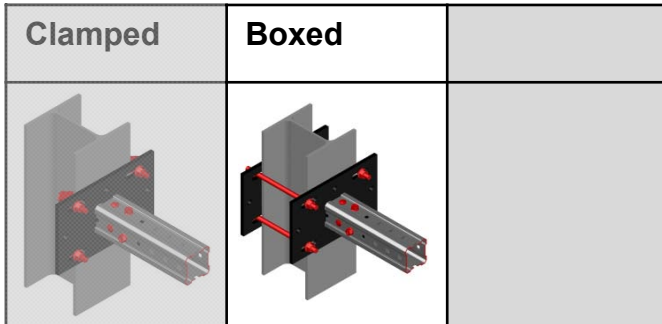
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-S90-AH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

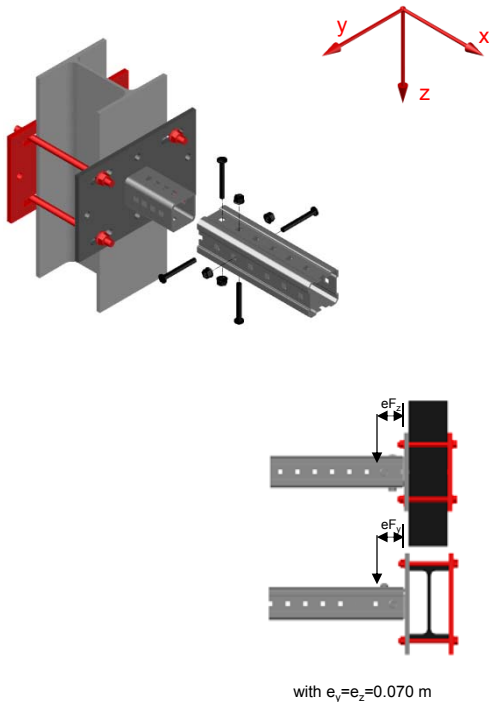
- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



Design loading capacity - 3D

3/3

3. Base plate and through bolts - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
164.00	Not decisive	20.66	20.66	20.66	20.66
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
1.67	1.67	8.61	8.61	7.22	7.22

Interaction:

Normal force interaction:

The eccentricity e_y and e_z between the point of force transfer channel / connector and baseplate, which generates an additional bending moment on the system, must be taken into account in the interaction formula.

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed} \cdot e_y}{M_{z,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed} \cdot e_z}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Shear force interaction:

- Shear Interaction Equation is only valid for TENSILE $F_{x,Ed}$ loads ($F_{x,Ed} > 0$). Equation is not valid for compressive $F_{x,Ed}$ loads ($F_{x,Ed} < 0$).

- For Shear interaction, user must **ADDITIONALLY** verify: $F_{x,Ed} / F_{x,Rd} < 1$.

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)} \leq 1$$

MIC-S90-BH Base Material Connector - Steel

Designation	Item number
MIC-S90-BH	2174666

Corrosion protection:

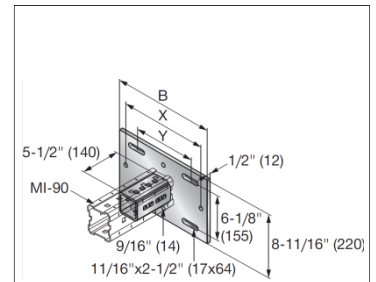
Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Connector, Plate	ISO 1461	55
Bolt; Nut	ISO 1461	40; 45

Weight:

8964 g incl. components

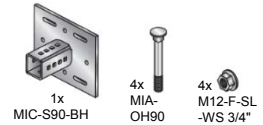
Description:

Hilti Hot-dipped galvanized baseplate connector, used for connecting a MI-90 girder to a steel beam using M16 mounting hardware. Four slotted holes enable fine tuning of baseplate position, and girder is connected using beam clamps or threaded rod. Comes in different plate sizes to fit various steel beam sizes.



B = 350 mm
X = 300 mm
Y = 210 mm

Hardware included per connector



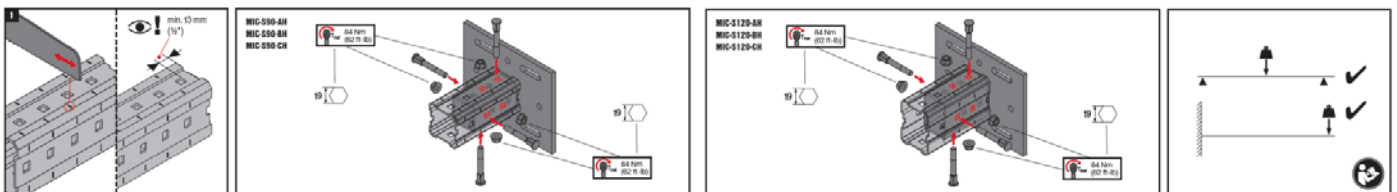
Material properties

Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Connector, Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Bolt; Nut F Class 8.8 (ISO 898-1); Grade 8 (ISO 898-2)	$f_y = 640 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 800 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

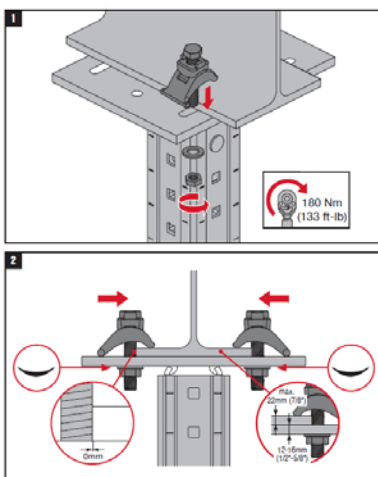
Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:

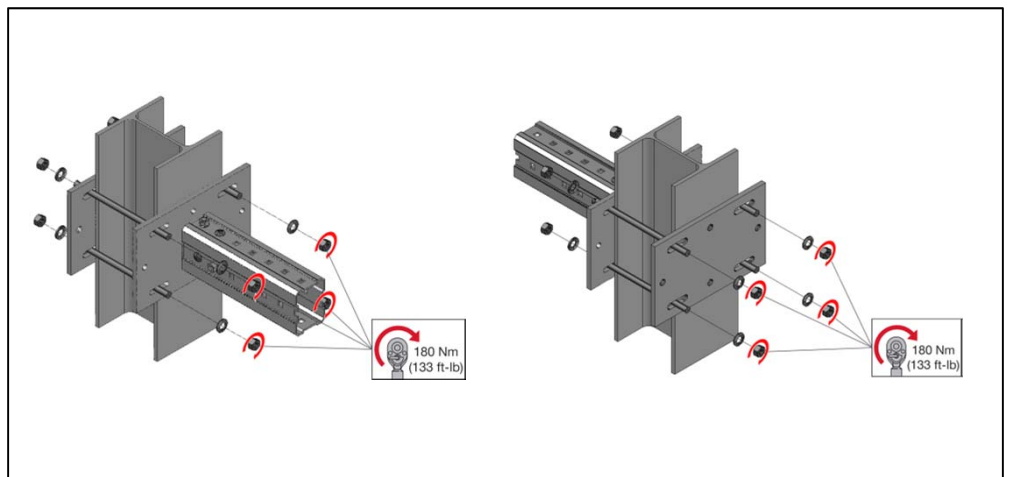
For both loading cases



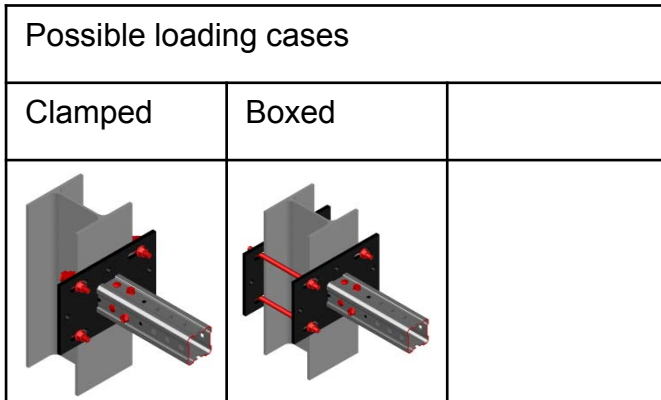
For clamped loading case



For boxed loading case (not attached to the packaging)



MIC-S90-BH Base Material Connector - Steel



Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Finite element analysis
- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures – Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	09.2011
EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	03.2012
EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-5: Plated structural elements	03.2012
EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012
EN 10025-2	Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels	02.2005
RAL-GZ 655	Pipe Supports	04.2008

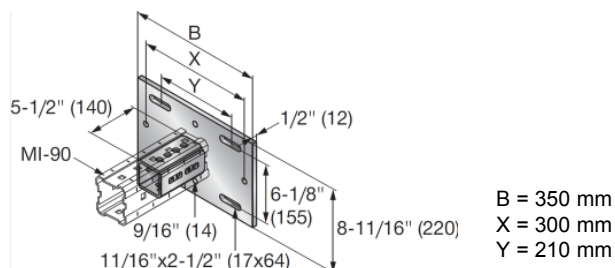
Software:

- Ansys 16.0
- Microsoft Excel
- Mathcad 15

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

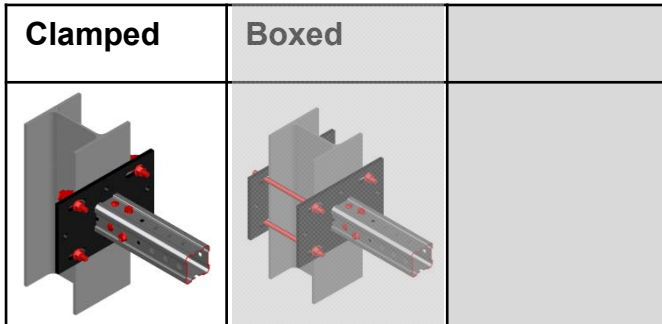
Simplified drawing:



MIC-S90-BH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



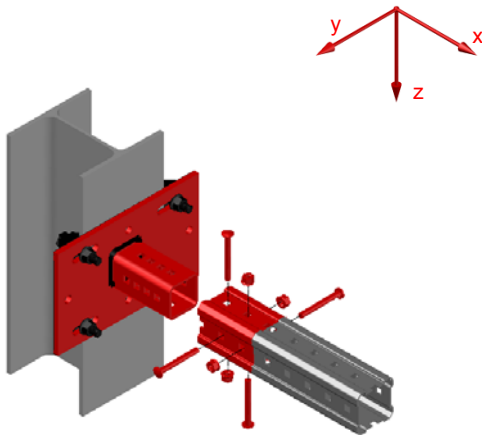
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girder, per FEA simulation

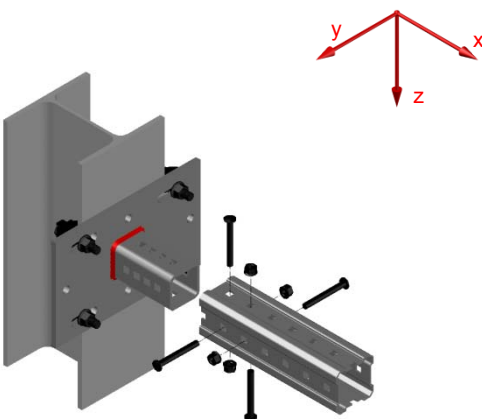


+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
40.10	118.82	45.40	45.40	45.40	45.40
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
3.60	3.60	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds – per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
230.12	230.12	49.31	49.31	49.31	49.31
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
5.64	5.64	3.45	3.45	3.45	3.45

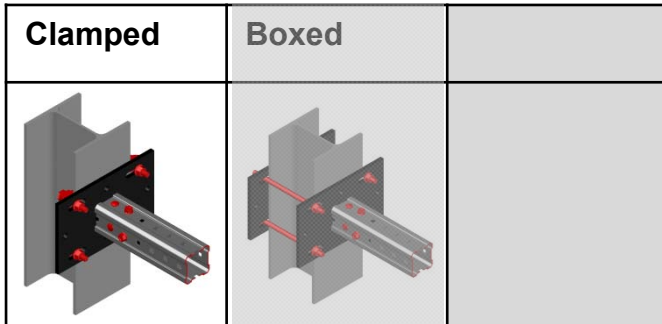
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-S90-BH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

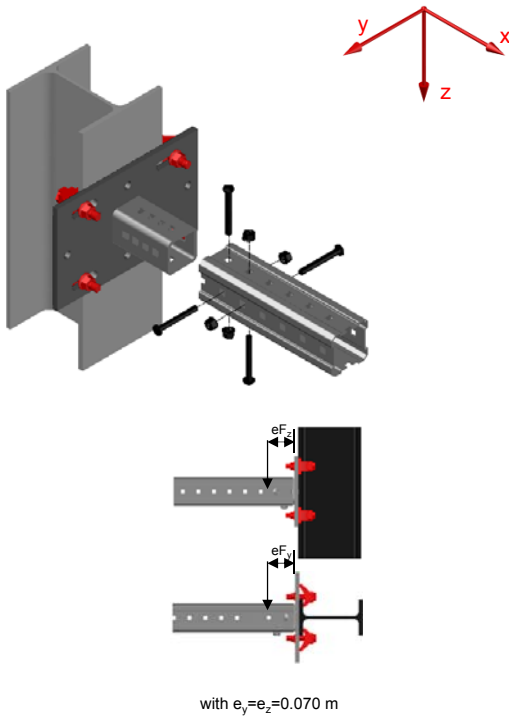
- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



Design loading capacity - 3D

3/3

3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
102.40	Not decisive	10.31	10.31	10.31	10.31
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
1.12	1.12	6.66	6.66	6.66	6.66

Interaction:

Normal force interaction:

The eccentricity e_y and e_z between the point of force transfer channel / connector and baseplate, which generates an additional bending moment on the system, must be taken into account in the interaction formula.

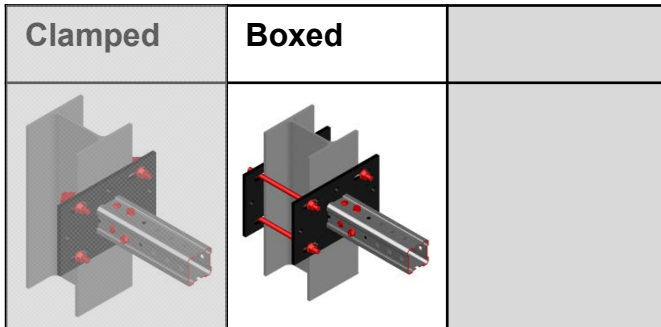
$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed} \cdot e_y}{M_{z,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed} \cdot e_z}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Shear force interaction:

- Shear Interaction Equation is only valid for TENSILE $F_{x,Ed}$ loads ($F_{x,Ed} > 0$). Equation is not valid for compressive $F_{x,Ed}$ loads ($F_{x,Ed} < 0$).
- For Shear interaction, user must ADDITIONALLY verify: $F_{x,Ed} / F_{x,Rd} < 1$.

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)} \leq 1$$

MIC-S90-BH Base Material Connector - Steel



Loading case: Boxed	Combinations covered by loading case
<p>Bill of Material for this loading case:</p> <p>1x MIC-S90-B H 2174666 Hardware not included in packaging: Base plate 1x MIB-SBH 2174675 Threaded rods cut to particular length 4x AM16x1000 8.8 HDG...m 419104 Lock washer 8x LW M16 HDG plus washer 2185343 Nut 8x M16-F nut 304767</p>	<p>Connector used for a perpendicular connection of MI-90 girder to flange of structural steel profiles. For flange width 165-235mm.</p>

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

Method							
	<table border="1" style="float: right;"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">26.73</td> <td style="text-align: center;">13.34</td> <td style="text-align: center;">13.34</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="font-size: small;">These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	26.73	13.34	13.34
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]					
26.73	13.34	13.34					

Design loading capacity - 3D

1/3

Method	

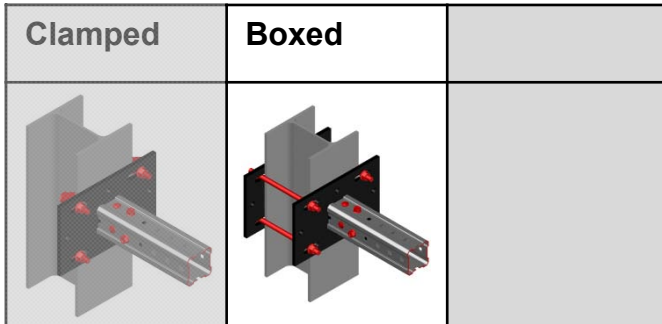
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girder, per FEA simulation 	2. Welds - per analytical calculation 	3. Base plate and through bolts - per analytical calculation
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MIC-S90-BH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



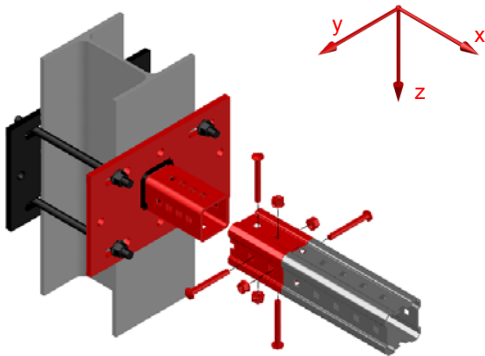
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girder, per FEA simulation

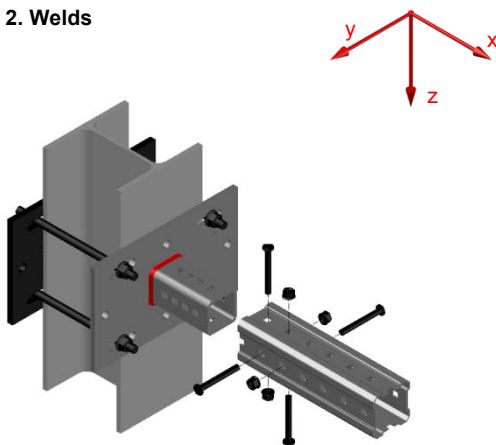


+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
40.10	80.50	45.40	45.40	45.40	45.40
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
3.60	3.60	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
230.12	230.12	49.31	49.31	49.31	49.31
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
5.64	5.64	3.45	3.45	3.45	3.45

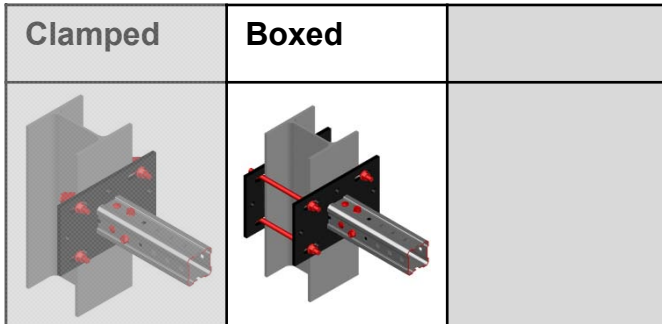
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-S90-BH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

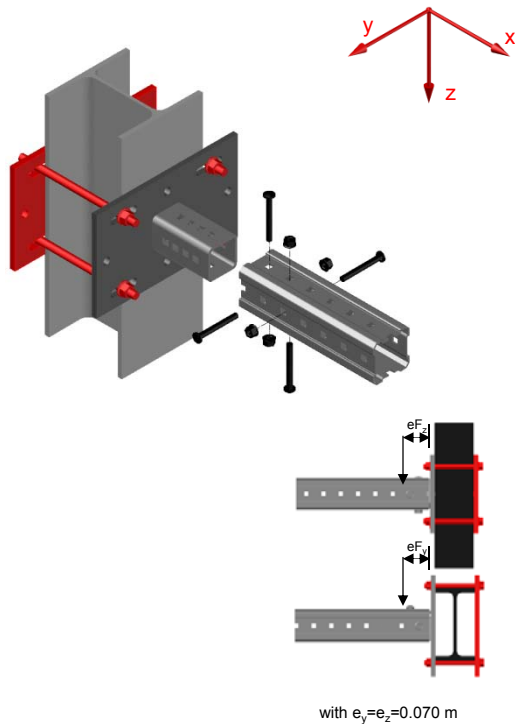
- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



Design loading capacity - 3D

3/3

3. 2x bolt in MI channel



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
158.80	Not decisive	20.01	20.01	20.01	20.01
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
2.06	2.06	8.81	8.81	9.77	9.77

Interaction:

Normal force interaction:

The eccentricity e_y and e_z between the point of force transfer channel / connector and baseplate, which generates an additional bending moment on the system, must be taken into account in the interaction formula.

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed} \cdot e_y}{M_{z,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed} \cdot e_z}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Shear force interaction:

- Shear Interaction Equation is only valid for TENSILE $F_{x,Ed}$ loads ($F_{x,Ed} > 0$).
- Equation is not valid for compressive $F_{x,Ed}$ loads ($F_{x,Ed} < 0$).
- For Shear interaction, user must ADDITIONALLY verify: $F_{x,Ed} / F_{x,Rd} < 1$.

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)} \leq 1$$

MIC-S90-CH Base Material Connector - Steel

Designation	Item number
MIC-S90-CH	2174667

Corrosion protection:

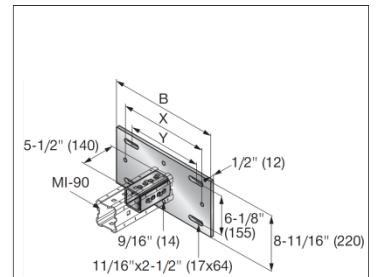
Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Connector, Plate	ISO 1461	55
Bolt; Nut	ISO 1461	40; 45

Weight:

10624 g incl. components

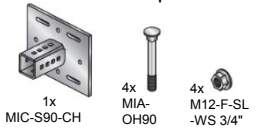
Description:

Hilti Hot-dipped galvanized baseplate connector, used for connecting a MI-90 girder to a steel beam using M16 mounting hardware. Four slotted holes enable fine tuning of baseplate position, and girder is connected using beam clamps or threaded rod. Comes in different plate sizes to fit various steel beam sizes.



B = 430 mm
X = 350 mm
Y = 290 mm

Hardware included per connector



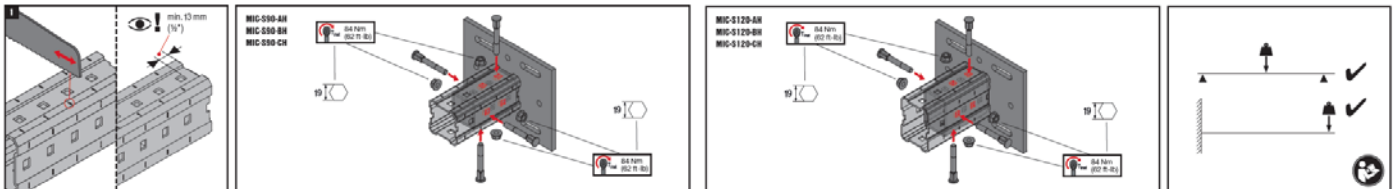
Material properties

Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Connector, Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Bolt; Nut F Class 8.8 (ISO 898-1); Grade 8 (ISO 898-2)	$f_y = 640 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 800 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

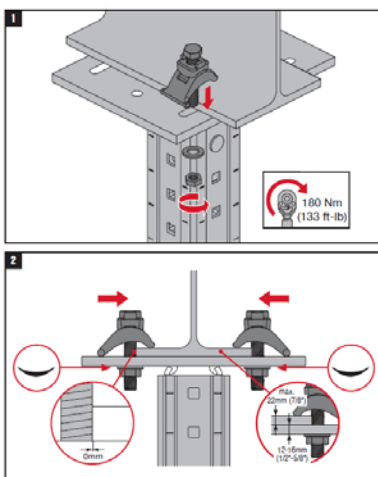
Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:

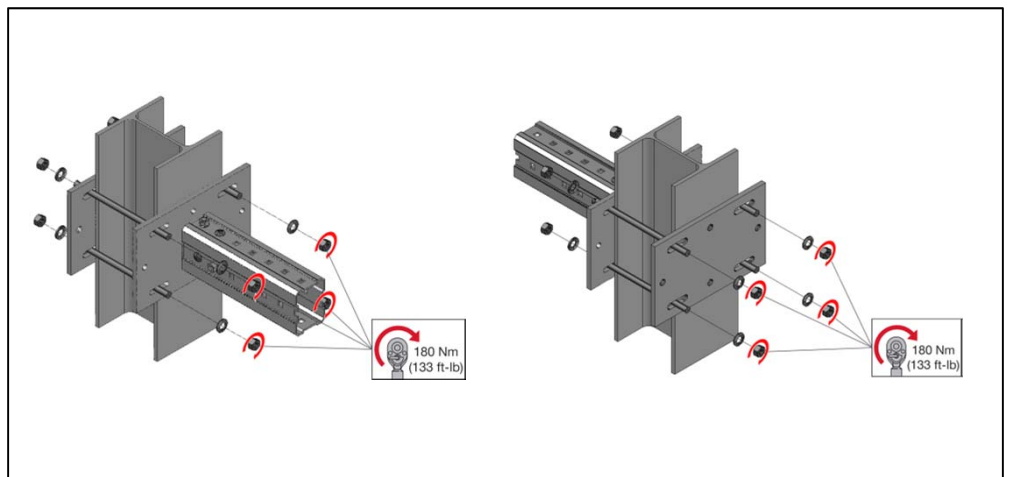
For both loading cases



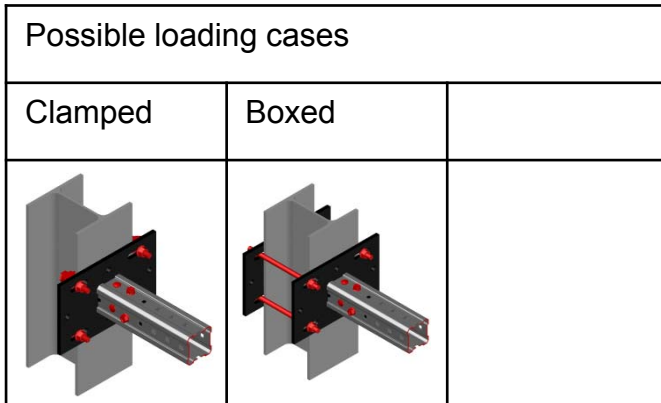
For clamped loading case



For boxed loading case (not attached to the packaging)



MIC-S90-CH Base Material Connector - Steel



Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Finite element analysis
- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures – Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	09.2011
EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	03.2012
EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-5: Plated structural elements	03.2012
EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012
EN 10025-2	Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels	02.2005
RAL-GZ 655	Pipe Supports	04.2008

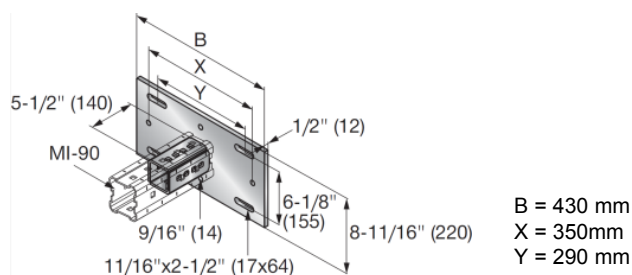
Software:

- Ansys 16.0
- Microsoft Excel
- Mathcad 15

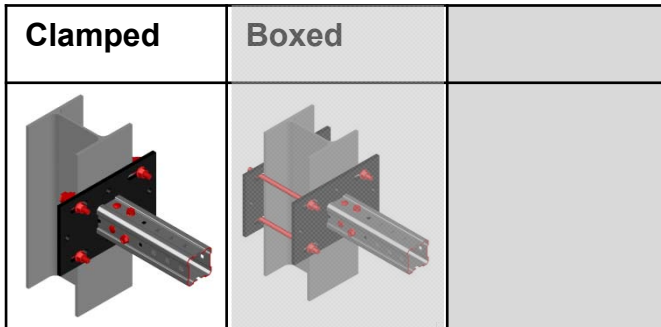
Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to $+93^{\circ}\text{C}$ (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

Simplified drawing:



MIC-S90-CH Base Material Connector - Steel



Loading case: Clamped	Combinations covered by loading case
Bill of Material for this loading case: 1x MIC-S90-CH 2174667 Hardware not included in packaging: Beam clamps 4x MI-SGC M16 387398	Connector used for a perpendicular connection of MI-90 girder to flange of structural steel profiles. For flange width 235-300mm.

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications							
Method							
	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">17.93</td> <td style="text-align: center;">6.87</td> <td style="text-align: center;">6.87</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="font-size: small;">These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	17.93	6.87	6.87
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]					
17.93	6.87	6.87					

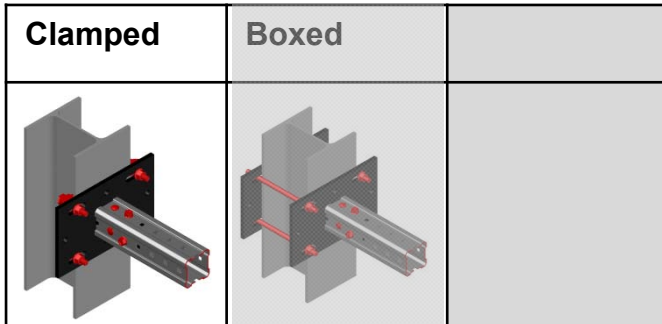
Design loading capacity - 3D		1/3
Method		

Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:		
1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girder, per FEA simulation 	2. Welds – per analytical calculation 	3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation

MIC-S90-CH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



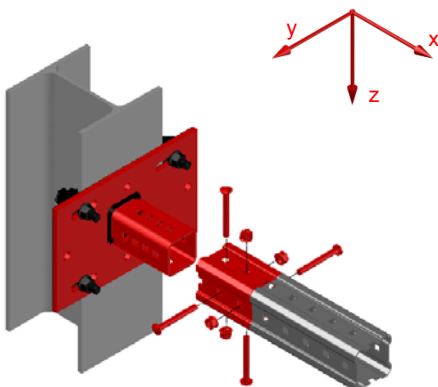
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girder, per FEA simulation

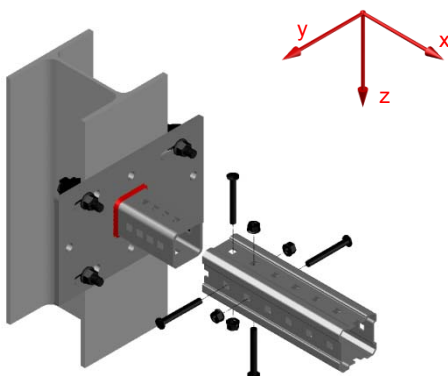


+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
26.90	118.82	45.40	45.40	45.40	45.40
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
3.60	3.60	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
230.12	230.12	49.31	49.31	49.31	49.31
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
5.64	5.64	3.45	3.45	3.45	3.45

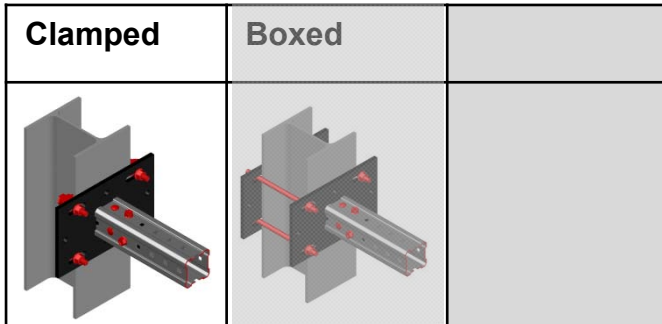
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-S90-CH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

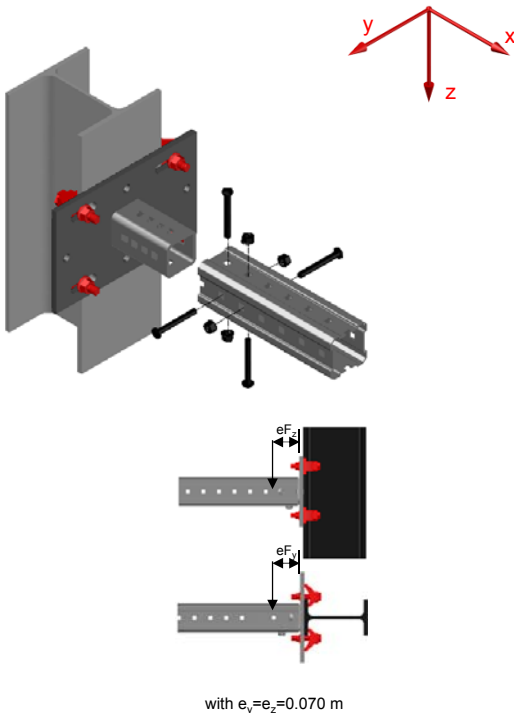
- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



Design loading capacity - 3D

3/3

3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
102.40	Not decisive	10.31	10.31	10.31	10.31
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
1.41	1.41	6.66	6.66	8.45	8.45

Interaction:

Normal force interaction:

The eccentricity e_y and e_z between the point of force transfer channel / connector and baseplate, which generates an additional bending moment on the system, must be taken into account in the interaction formula.

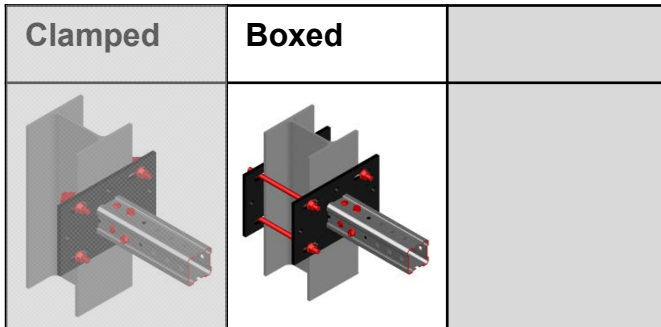
$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed} \cdot e_y}{M_{z,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed} \cdot e_z}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Shear force interaction:

- Shear Interaction Equation is only valid for TENSILE $F_{x,Ed}$ loads ($F_{x,Ed} > 0$). Equation is not valid for compressive $F_{x,Ed}$ loads ($F_{x,Ed} < 0$).
- For Shear interaction, user must ADDITIONALLY verify: $F_{x,Ed} / F_{x,Rd} < 1$.

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)} \leq 1$$

MIC-S90-CH Base Material Connector - Steel



<p>Loading case: Boxed</p> <p>Bill of Material for this loading case:</p> <p>1x MIC-S90-CH 2174667 Hardware not included in packaging: Base plate 1x MIB-SCH 2174676 Threaded rods cut to particular length 4x AM16x1000 8.8 HDG...m 419104 Lock washer 8x LW M16 HDG plus washer 2185343 Nut 8x M16-F nut 304767</p>	<p>Combinations covered by loading case</p> <p>Connector used for a perpendicular connection of MI-90 girder to flange of structural steel profiles. For flange width 235-300mm.</p>
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Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications									
Method									
			<table border="1" style="width: 100%;"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">17.00</td> <td style="text-align: center;">12.67</td> <td style="text-align: center;">12.67</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><small>These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</small></p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	17.00	12.67	12.67
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]							
17.00	12.67	12.67							

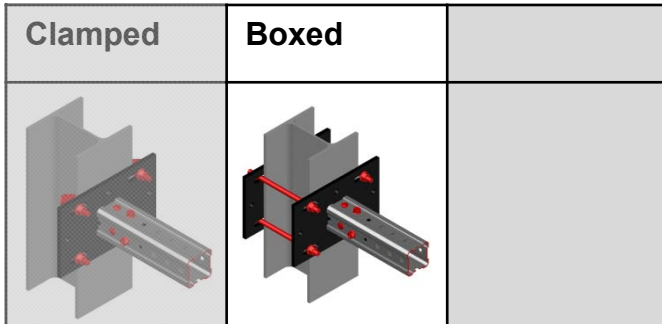
Design loading capacity - 3D		1/3
Method		

Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:		
<p>1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girder, per FEA simulation</p>	<p>2. Welds - per analytical calculation</p>	<p>3. Base plate and through bolts - per analytical calculation</p>

MIC-S90-CH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



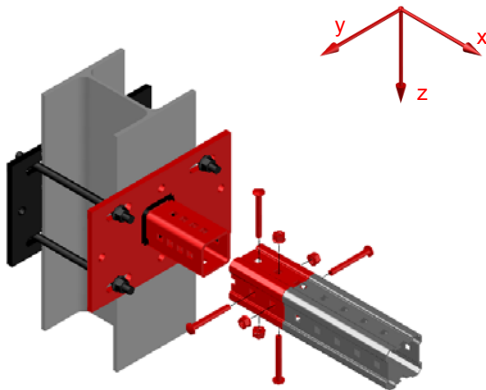
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-90 girder, per FEA simulation

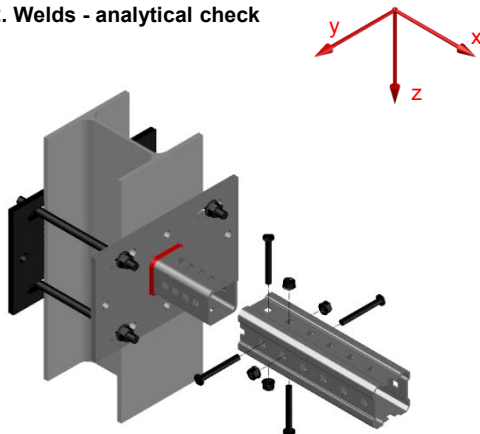


+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
25.50	52.30	45.40	45.40	45.40	45.40
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
3.60	3.60	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds - analytical check



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
230.12	230.12	49.31	49.31	49.31	49.31
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
5.64	5.64	3.45	3.45	3.45	3.45

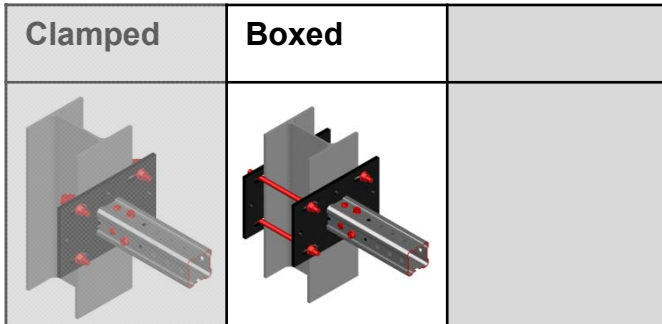
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-S90-CH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

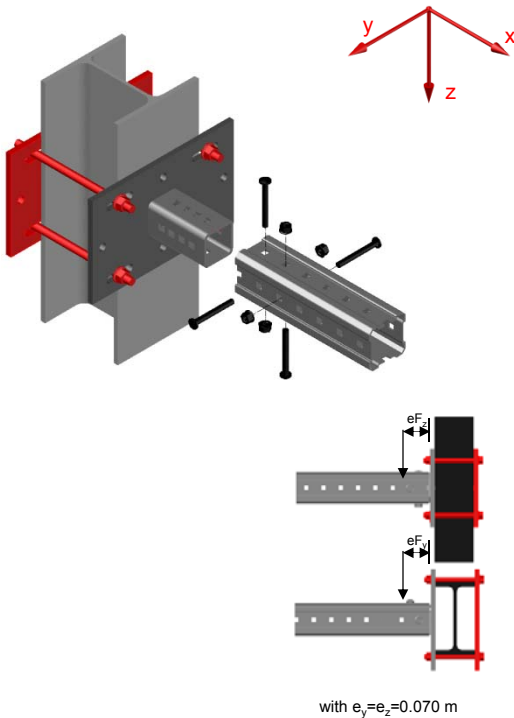
- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



Design loading capacity - 3D

3/3

3. Base plate and through bolts - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
150.80	Not decisive	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
2.57	2.57	8.82	8.82	12.29	12.29

Interaction:

Normal force interaction:

The eccentricity e_y and e_z between the point of force transfer channel / connector and baseplate, which generates an additional bending moment on the system, must be taken into account in the interaction formula.

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed} \cdot e_y}{M_{z,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed} \cdot e_z}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Shear force interaction:

- Shear Interaction Equation is only valid for TENSILE $F_{x,Ed}$ loads ($F_{x,Ed} > 0$).
- Equation is not valid for compressive $F_{x,Ed}$ loads ($F_{x,Ed} < 0$).
- For Shear interaction, user must ADDITIONALLY verify: $F_{x,Ed} / F_{x,Rd} < 1$.

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)} \leq 1$$

MIC-S120-AH Base Material Connector - Steel

Designation	Item number
MIC-S120-AH	2174668

Corrosion protection:

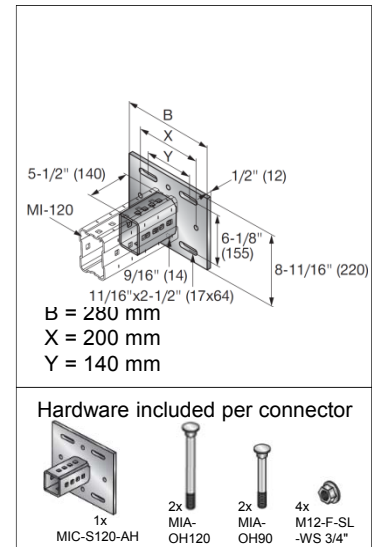
Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Connector, Plate	ISO 1461	55
Bolt; Nut	ISO 1461	40; 45

Weight:

7911 g incl. components

Description:

Hilti Hot-dipped galvanized baseplate connector, used for connecting a MI-120 girder to a steel beam using M16 mounting hardware. Four slotted holes enable fine tuning of baseplate position, and girder is connected using beam clamps or threaded rod. Comes in different plate sizes to fit various steel beam sizes.



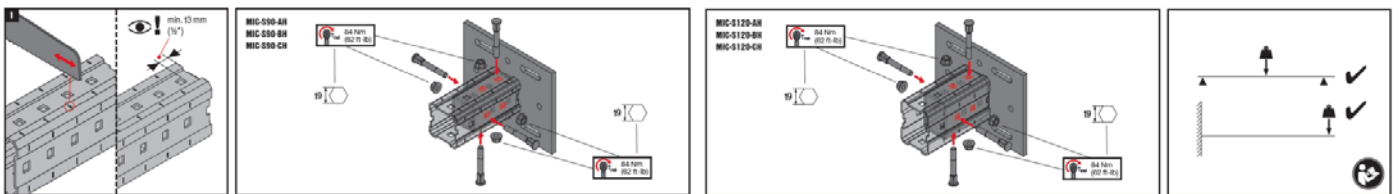
Material properties

Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Connector, Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Bolt; Nut F Class 8.8 (ISO 898-1); Grade 8 (ISO 898-2)	$f_y = 640 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 800 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

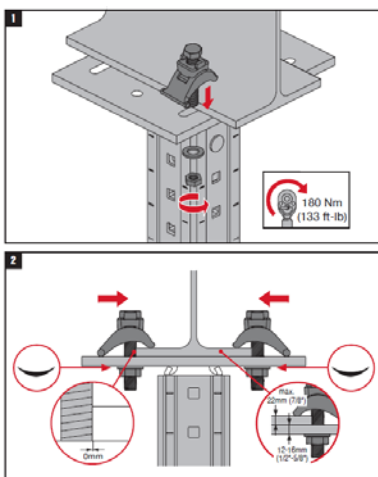
Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:

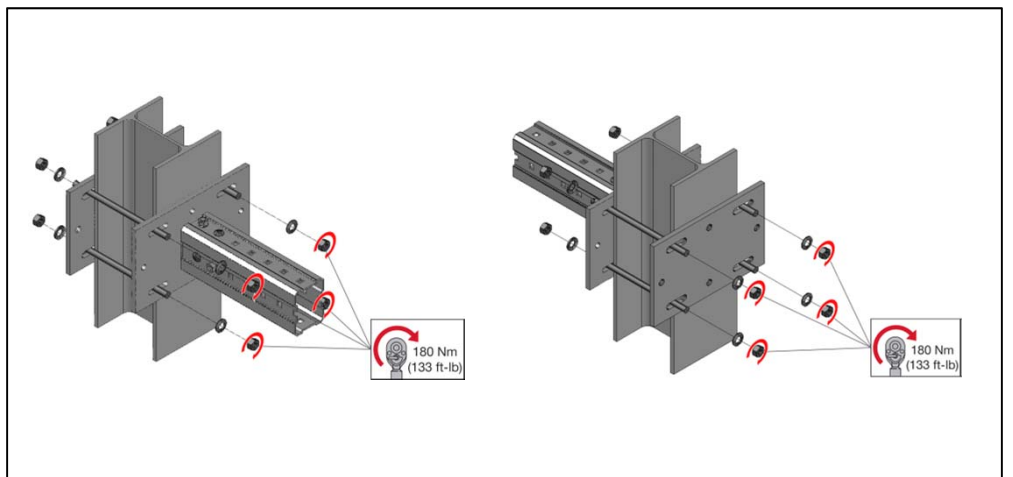
For both loading cases:



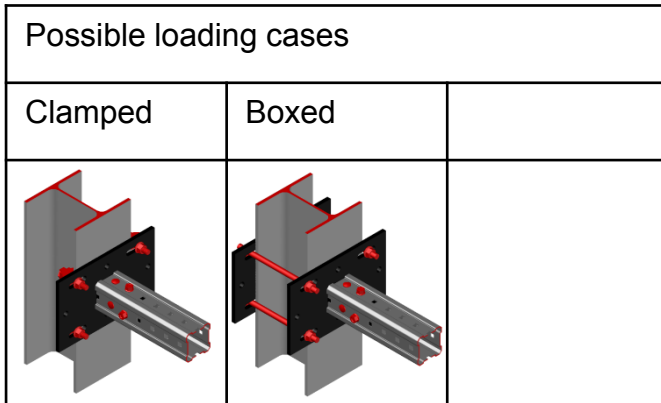
For clamped loading case



For boxed loading case (not attached to the packaging)



MIC-S120-AH Base Material Connector - Steel



Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Finite element analysis
- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures – Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	09.2011
EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	03.2012
EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-5: Plated structural elements	03.2012
EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012
EN 10025-2	Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels	02.2005
RAL-GZ 655	Pipe Supports	04.2008

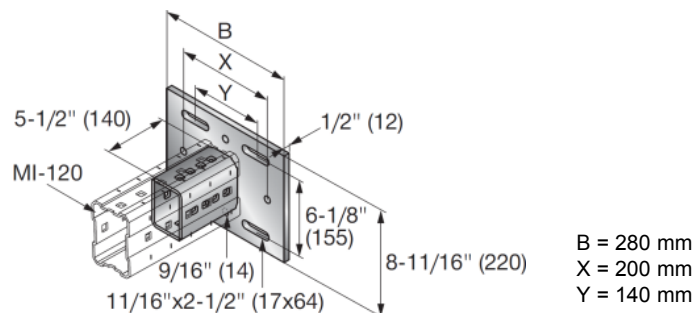
Software:

- Ansys 16.0
- Microsoft Excel
- Mathcad 15

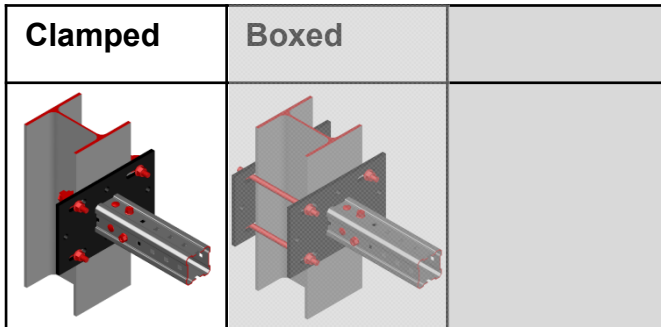
Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

Simplified drawing:



MIC-S120-AH Base Material Connector - Steel



<p>Loading case: Clamped</p> <p>Bill of Material for this loading case:</p> <p>1x MIC-S120-AH 2174668 Hardware not included in packaging: Beam clamps 4x MI-SGC M16 387398</p>	<p>Combinations covered by loading case</p> <p>Connector used for a perpendicular connection of MI-120 girder to flange of structural steel profiles. For flange width 75-165mm.</p>
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Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

<p>Method</p>	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">37.87</td> <td style="text-align: center;">6.87</td> <td style="text-align: center;">6.87</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="font-size: small;">These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	37.87	6.87	6.87
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]					
37.87	6.87	6.87					

Design loading capacity - 3D

1/3

<p>Method</p>	
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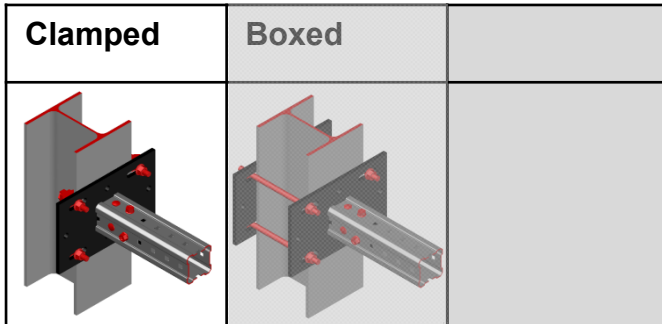
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

<p>1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-120 girders, per FEA simulation</p>	<p>2. Welds - per analytical calculation</p>	<p>3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation</p>
---	--	--

MIC-S120-AH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



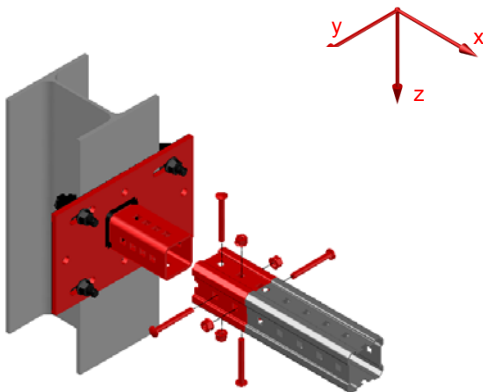
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-120 girders, per FEA simulation

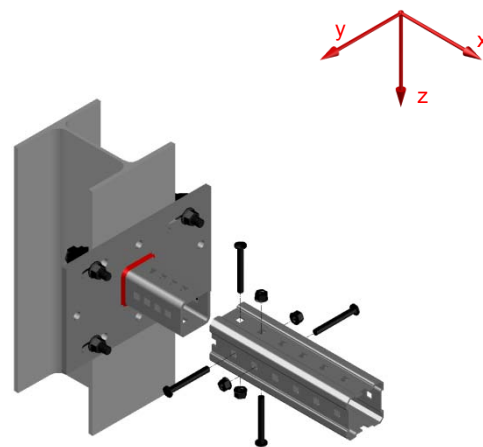


+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
56.80	118.82	53.80	53.80	63.50	63.50
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
5.39	5.39	4.73	4.73	3.00	3.00

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
316.42	316.42	81.16	81.16	100.68	100.68
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
9.16	9.16	5.18	5.18	6.04	6.04

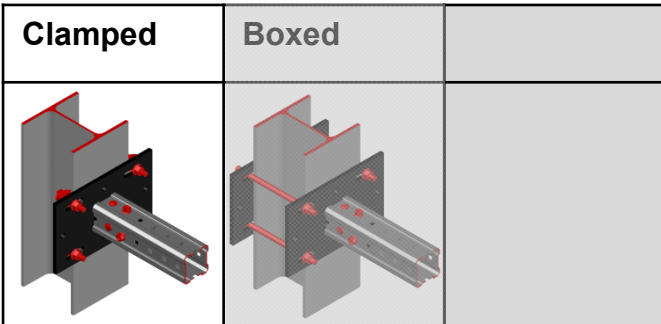
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-S120-AH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

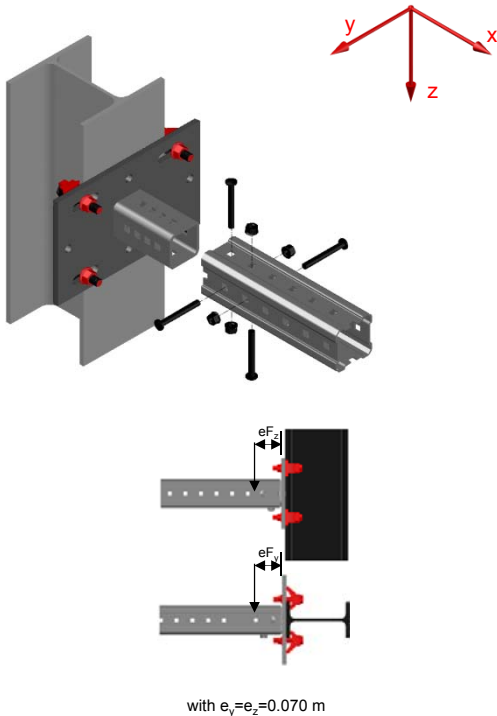
- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



Design loading capacity - 3D

3/3

3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
102.40	Not decisive	10.31	10.31	10.31	10.31
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
0.84	0.84	7.48	7.48	4.51	4.51

Interaction:

Normal force interaction:

The eccentricity e_y and e_z between the point of force transfer channel / connector and baseplate, which generates an additional bending moment on the system, must be taken into account in the interaction formula.

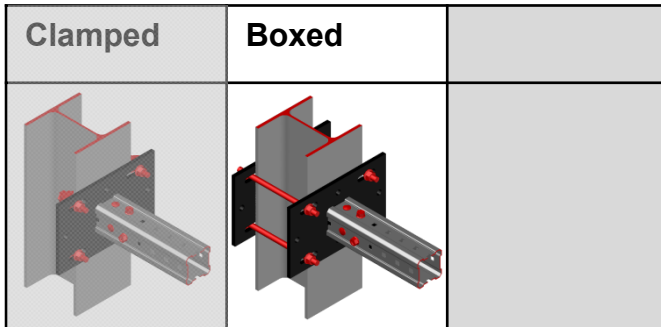
$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed} \cdot e_y}{M_{z,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed} \cdot e_z}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Shear force interaction:

- Shear Interaction Equation is only valid for TENSILE $F_{x,Ed}$ loads ($F_{x,Ed} > 0$). Equation is not valid for compressive $F_{x,Ed}$ loads ($F_{x,Ed} < 0$).
- For Shear interaction, user must ADDITIONALLY verify: $F_{x,Ed} / F_{x,Rd} < 1$.

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)} \leq 1$$

MIC-S120-AH Base Material Connector - Steel



<p>Loading case: Boxed</p> <p>Bill of Material for this loading case:</p> <p>1x MIC-S120-AH 2174668 Hardware not included in packaging: Base plate 1x MIB-SAH 2174674 Threaded rods cut to particular length 4x AM16x1000 8.8 HDG...m 419104 Lock washer 8x LW M16 HDG plus washer 2185343 Nut 8x M16-F nut 304767</p>	<p>Combinations covered by loading case</p> <p>Connector used for a perpendicular connection of MI-120 girder to flange of structural steel profiles. For flange width 75-165mm.</p>
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Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

<p>Method</p>	<table border="1" style="float: right;"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">39.00</td> <td style="text-align: center;">13.77</td> <td style="text-align: center;">13.77</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="font-size: small;">These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	39.00	13.77	13.77
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]					
39.00	13.77	13.77					

Design loading capacity - 3D 1/3

<p>Method</p>	
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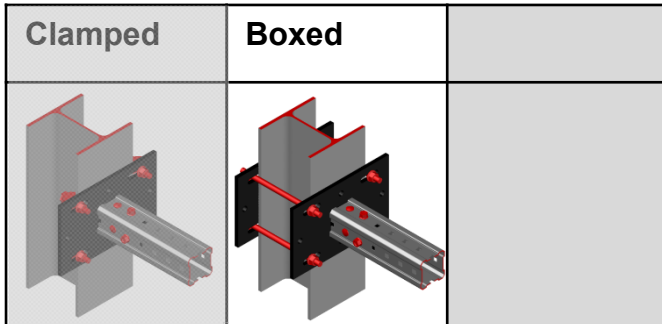
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

<p>1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-120 girders, per FEA simulation</p>	<p>2. Welds - per analytical calculation</p>	<p>3. Base plate and through bolts - per analytical calculation</p>
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MIC-S120-AH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



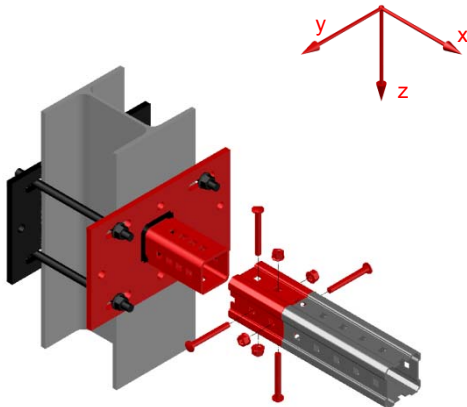
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-120 girders, per FEA simulation

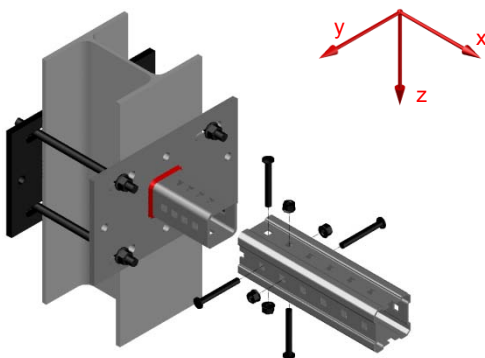


+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
58.50	118.82	53.80	53.80	63.50	63.50
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
5.39	5.39	4.73	4.73	3.00	3.00

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
316.42	316.42	81.16	81.16	100.68	100.68
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
9.16	9.16	5.18	5.18	6.04	6.04

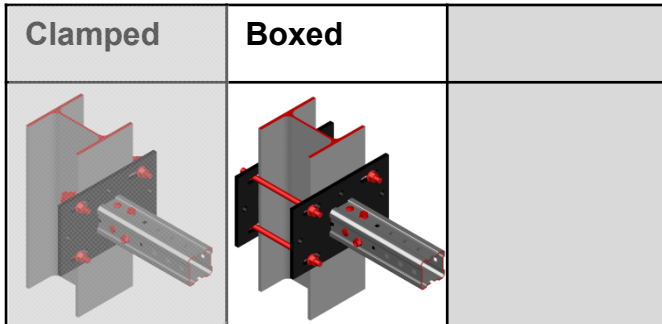
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-S120-AH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

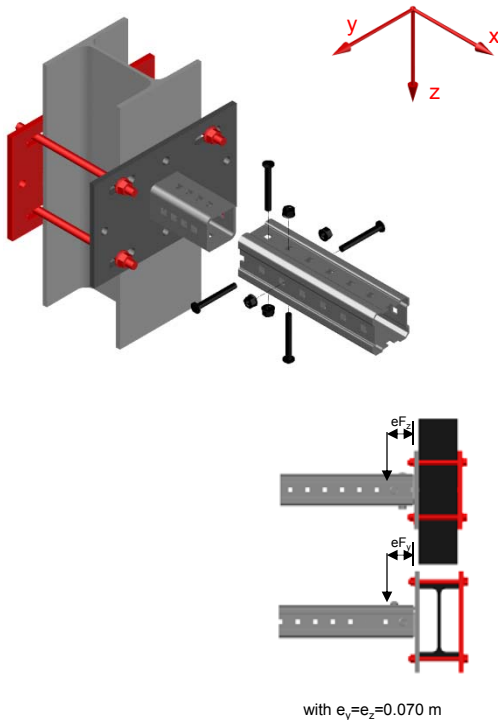
- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



Design loading capacity - 3D

3/3

3. Base plate and through bolts - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
164.00	Not decisive	20.66	20.66	20.66	20.66
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
1.67	1.67	10.99	10.99	7.22	7.22

Interaction:

Normal force interaction:

The eccentricity e_y and e_z between the point of force transfer channel / connector and baseplate, which generates an additional bending moment on the system, must be taken into account in the interaction formula.

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed} \cdot e_y}{M_{z,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed} \cdot e_z}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Shear force interaction:

- Shear Interaction Equation is only valid for TENSILE $F_{x,Ed}$ loads ($F_{x,Ed} > 0$).
- Equation is not valid for compressive $F_{x,Ed}$ loads ($F_{x,Ed} < 0$).
- For Shear interaction, user must **ADDITIONALLY** verify: $F_{x,Ed} / F_{x,Rd} < 1$.

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)} \leq 1$$

MIC-S120-BH Base Material Connector - Steel

Designation	Item number
MIC-S120-BH	2174669

Corrosion protection:

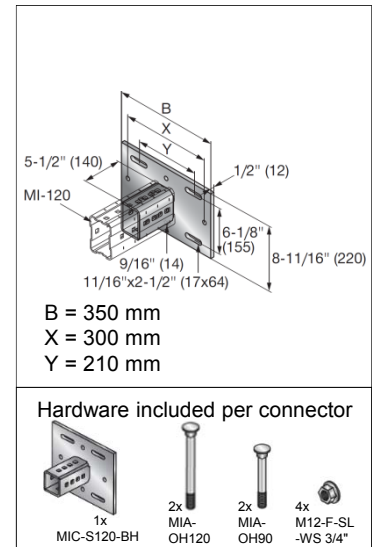
Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Connector, Plate	ISO 1461	55
Bolt; Nut	ISO 1461	40; 45

Weight:

9364 g incl. components

Description:

Hilti Hot-dipped galvanized baseplate connector, used for connecting a MI-120 girder to a steel beam using M16 mounting hardware. Four slotted holes enable fine tuning of baseplate position, and girder is connected using beam clamps or threaded rod. Comes in different plate sizes to fit various steel beam sizes.



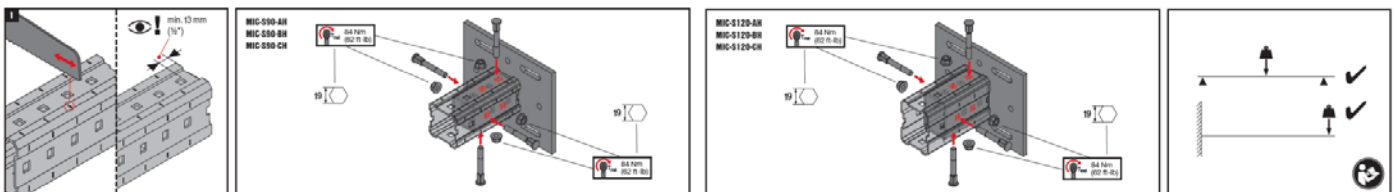
Material properties

Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Connector, Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Bolt; Nut F Class 8.8 (ISO 898-1); Grade 8 (ISO 898-2)	$f_y = 640 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 800 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

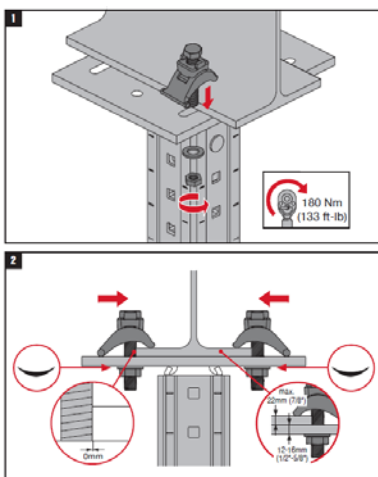
Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:

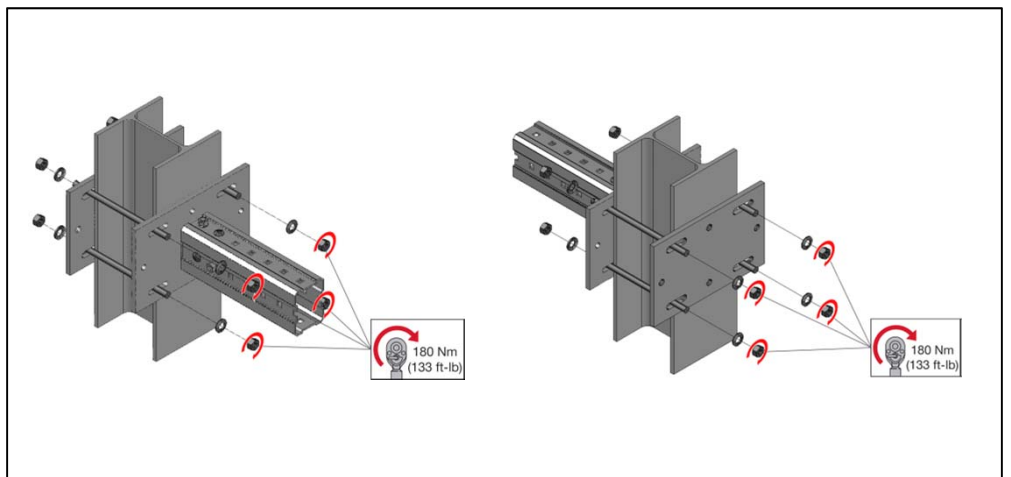
For both loading cases:



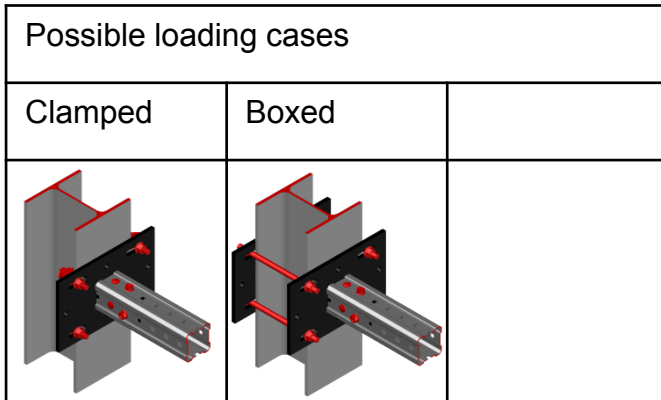
For clamped loading case



For boxed loading case (not attached to the packaging)



MIC-S120-BH Base Material Connector - Steel



Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Finite element analysis
- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures – Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	09.2011
EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	03.2012
EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-5: Plated structural elements	03.2012
EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012
EN 10025-2	Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels	02.2005
RAL-GZ 655	Pipe Supports	04.2008

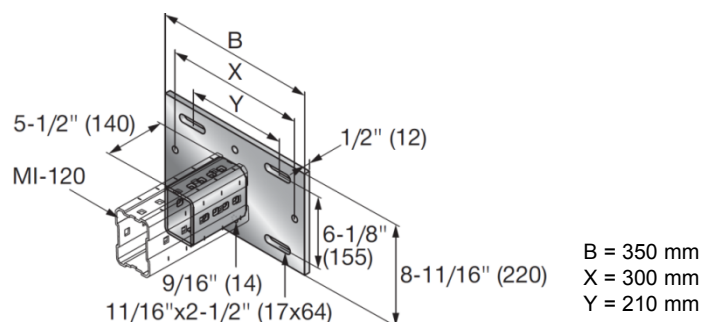
Software:

- Ansys 16.0
- Microsoft Excel
- Mathcad 15

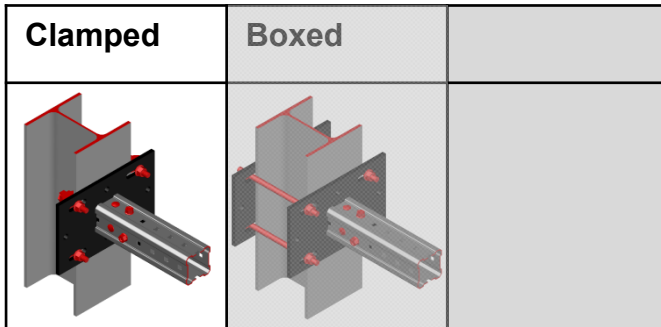
Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

Simplified drawing:



MIC-S120-BH Base Material Connector - Steel



<p>Loading case: Clamped</p> <p>Bill of Material for this loading case:</p> <p>1x MIC-S120-BH 2174669 Hardware not included in packaging: Beam clamps 4x MI-SGC M16 387398</p>	<p>Combinations covered by loading case</p> <p>Connector used for a perpendicular connection of MI-120 girder to flange of structural steel profiles. For flange width 165-235mm.</p>
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Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

<p>Method</p>	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">27.07</td> <td style="text-align: center;">6.87</td> <td style="text-align: center;">6.87</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="font-size: small;">These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	27.07	6.87	6.87
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]					
27.07	6.87	6.87					

Design loading capacity - 3D

1/3

<p>Method</p>	
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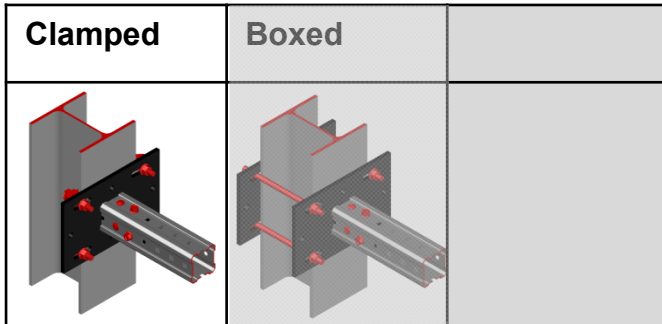
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

<p>1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-120 girders, per FEA simulation</p>	<p>2. Welds - per analytical calculation</p>	<p>3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation</p>
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MIC-S120-BH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



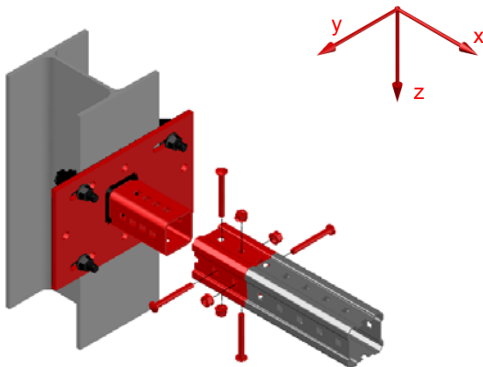
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-120 girders, per FEA simulation

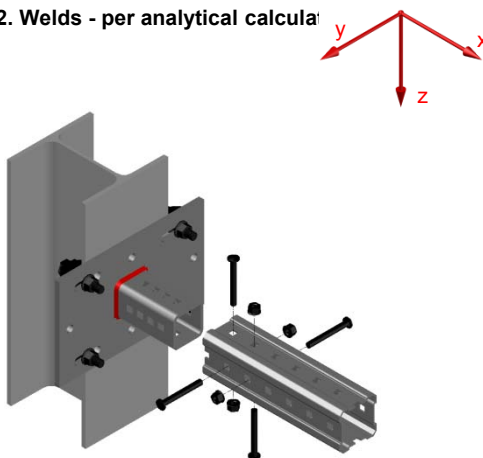


+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
40.60	118.82	53.80	53.80	63.50	63.50
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
5.39	5.39	4.45	4.45	3.00	3.00

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
316.42	316.42	81.16	81.16	100.68	100.68
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
9.16	9.16	5.18	5.18	6.04	6.04

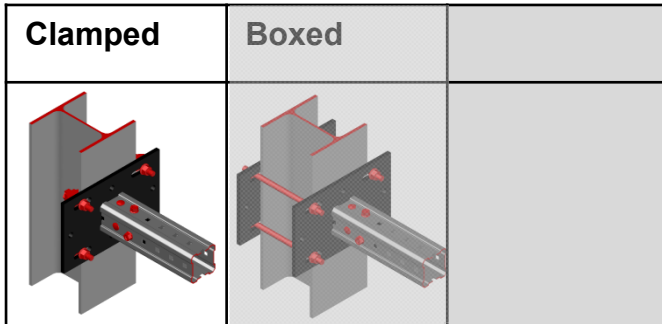
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-S120-BH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

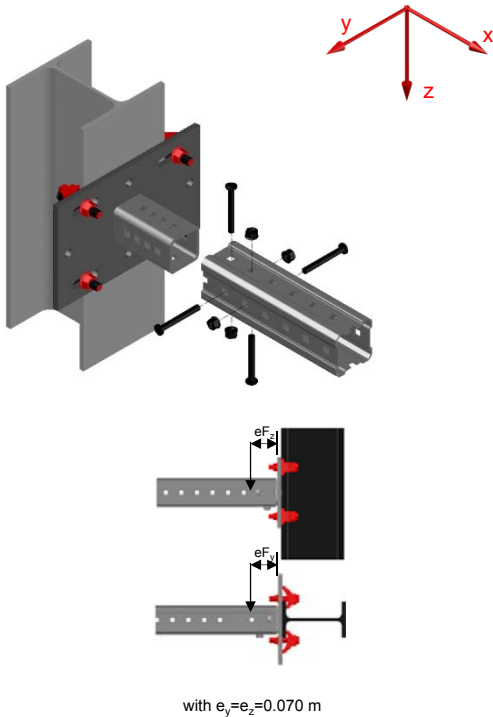
- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



Design loading capacity - 3D

3/3

3. Beam Clamps - per analytical Calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
102.40	Not decisive	10.31	10.31	10.31	10.31
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
1.12	1.12	7.48	7.48	6.66	6.66

Interaction:

Normal force interaction:

The eccentricity e_y and e_z between the point of force transfer channel / connector and baseplate, which generates an additional bending moment on the system, must be taken into account in the interaction formula.

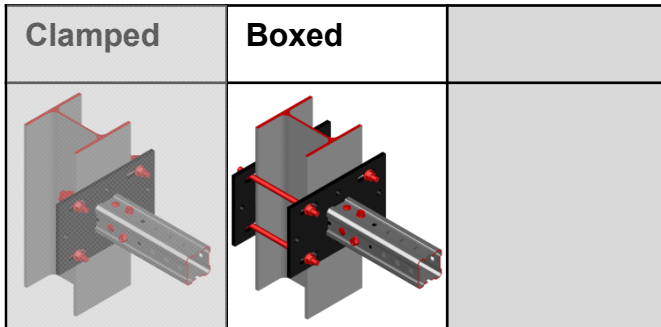
$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed} \cdot e_y}{M_{z,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed} \cdot e_z}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Shear force interaction:

- Shear Interaction Equation is only valid for TENSILE $F_{x,Ed}$ loads ($F_{x,Ed} > 0$). Equation is not valid for compressive $F_{x,Ed}$ loads ($F_{x,Ed} < 0$).
- For Shear interaction, user must ADDITIONALLY verify: $F_{x,Ed} / F_{x,Rd} < 1$.

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)} \leq 1$$

MIC-S120-BH Base Material Connector - Steel



<p>Loading case: Boxed</p> <p>Bill of Material for this loading case:</p> <table style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td>1x MIC-S120-BH</td> <td style="text-align: right;">2174669</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">Hardware not included in packaging:</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Base plate</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>1x MIB-SBH</td> <td style="text-align: right;">2174675</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Threaded rods cut to particular length</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>4x AM16x1000 8.8 HDG...m</td> <td style="text-align: right;">419104</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Lock washer</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>8x LW M16 HDG plus washer</td> <td style="text-align: right;">2185343</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Nut</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>8x M16-F nut</td> <td style="text-align: right;">304767</td> </tr> </table>	1x MIC-S120-BH	2174669	Hardware not included in packaging:		Base plate		1x MIB-SBH	2174675	Threaded rods cut to particular length		4x AM16x1000 8.8 HDG...m	419104	Lock washer		8x LW M16 HDG plus washer	2185343	Nut		8x M16-F nut	304767	<p>Combinations covered by loading case</p> <p>Connector used for a perpendicular connection of MI-120 girder to flange of structural steel profiles. For flange width 165-235mm.</p>
1x MIC-S120-BH	2174669																				
Hardware not included in packaging:																					
Base plate																					
1x MIB-SBH	2174675																				
Threaded rods cut to particular length																					
4x AM16x1000 8.8 HDG...m	419104																				
Lock washer																					
8x LW M16 HDG plus washer	2185343																				
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8x M16-F nut	304767																				

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

<p>Method</p>	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">27.07</td> <td style="text-align: center;">13.34</td> <td style="text-align: center;">13.34</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="font-size: small;">These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	27.07	13.34	13.34
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]					
27.07	13.34	13.34					

Design loading capacity - 3D

1/3

<p>Method</p>	
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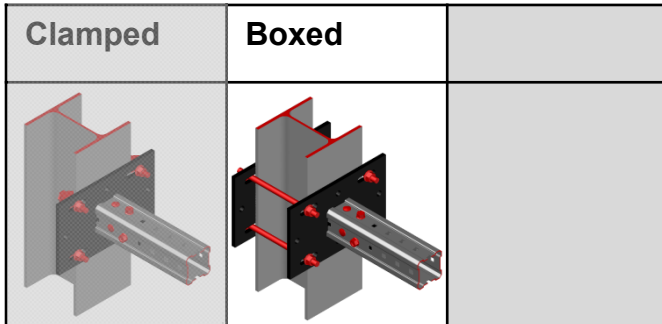
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

<p>1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-120 girders, per FEA simulation</p>	<p>2. Welds - per analytical calculation</p>	<p>3. Base plate and through bolts - per analytical calculation</p>
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MIC-S120-BH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



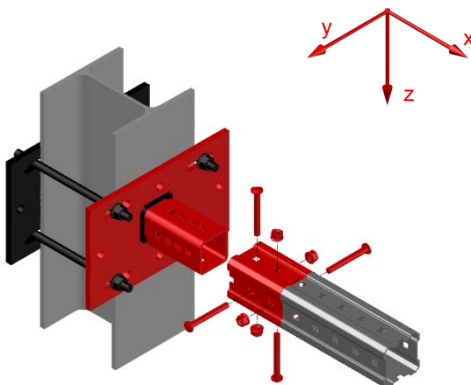
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-120 girders, per FEA simulation

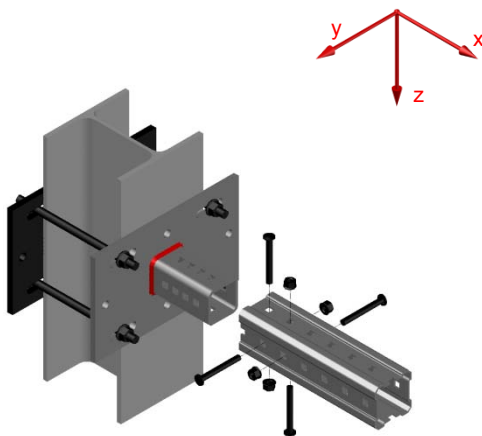


+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
40.60	85.90	53.80	53.80	63.50	63.50
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
5.39	5.39	4.45	4.45	3.00	3.00

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
316.42	316.42	81.16	81.16	100.68	100.68
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
9.16	9.16	5.18	5.18	6.04	6.04

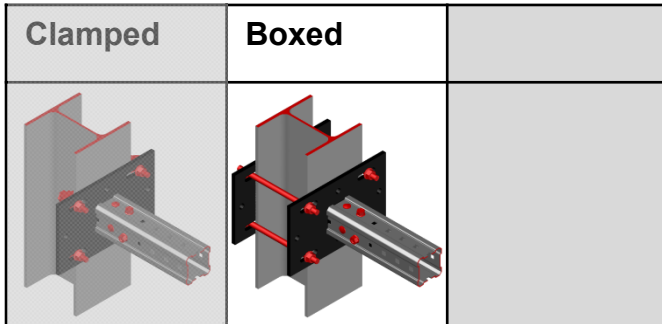
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-S120-BH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

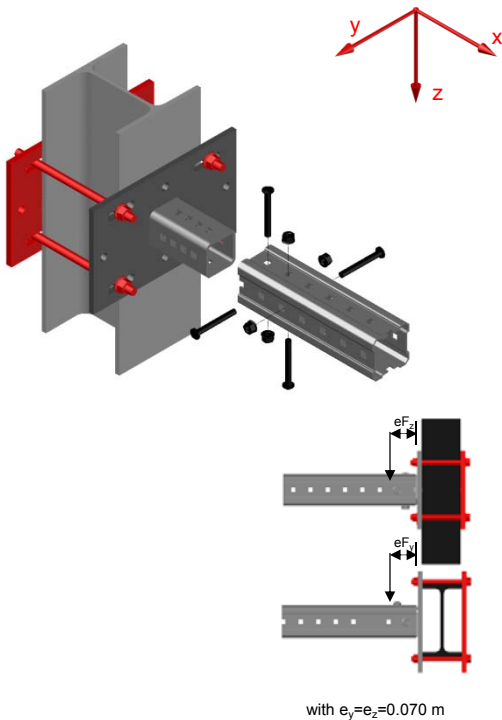
- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



Design loading capacity - 3D

3/3

3. Base plate and through bolts - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
158.80	Not decisive	20.01	20.01	20.01	20.01
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
2.06	2.06	11.20	11.20	9.77	9.77

Interaction:

Normal force interaction:

The eccentricity e_y and e_z between the point of force transfer channel / connector and baseplate, which generates an additional bending moment on the system, must be taken into account in the interaction formula.

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed} \cdot e_y}{M_{z,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed} \cdot e_z}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Shear force interaction:

- Shear Interaction Equation is only valid for TENSILE $F_{x,Ed}$ loads ($F_{x,Ed} > 0$).
- Equation is not valid for compressive $F_{x,Ed}$ loads ($F_{x,Ed} < 0$).
- For Shear interaction, user must ADDITIONALLY verify: $F_{x,Ed} / F_{x,Rd} < 1$.

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)} \leq 1$$

MIC-S120-CH Base Material Connector - Steel

Designation	Item number
MIC-S120-CH	304820

Corrosion protection:

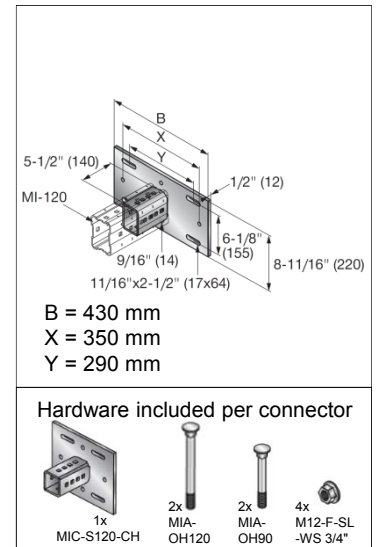
Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Connector, Plate	ISO 1461	55
Bolt; Nut	ISO 1461	40; 45

Weight:

11024 g incl. components

Description:

Hilti Hot-dipped galvanized baseplate connector, used for connecting a MI-120 girder to a steel beam using M16 mounting hardware. Four slotted holes enable fine tuning of baseplate position, and girder is connected using beam clamps or threaded rod. Comes in different plate sizes to fit various steel beam sizes.



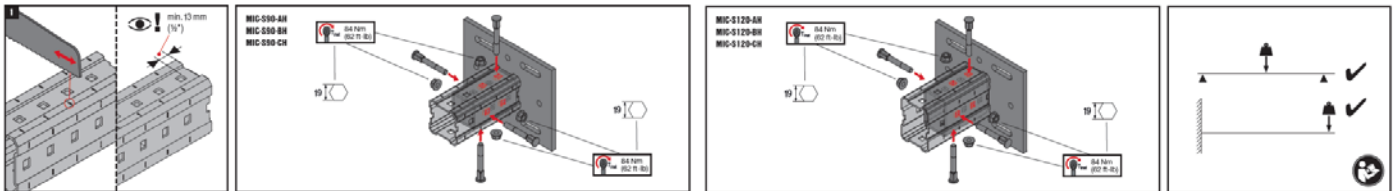
Material properties

Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Connector, Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Bolt; Nut F Class 8.8 (ISO 898-1); Grade 8 (ISO 898-2)	$f_y = 640 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 800 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

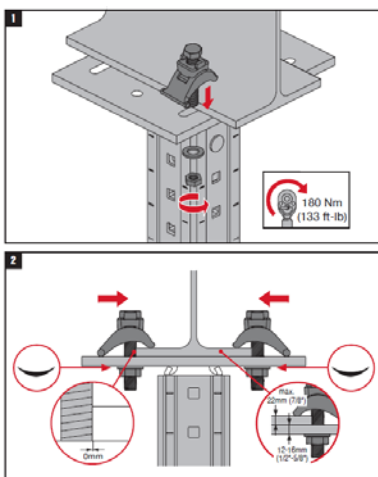
Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:

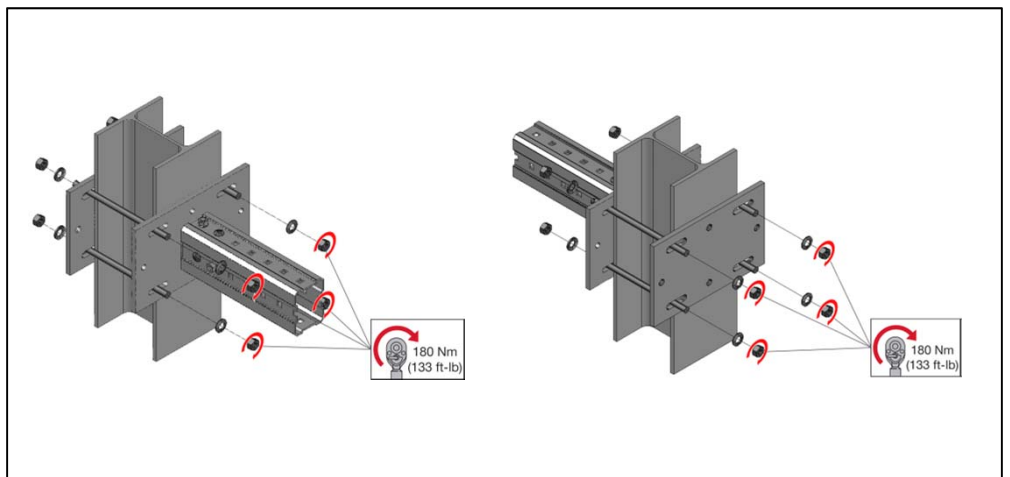
For both loading cases:



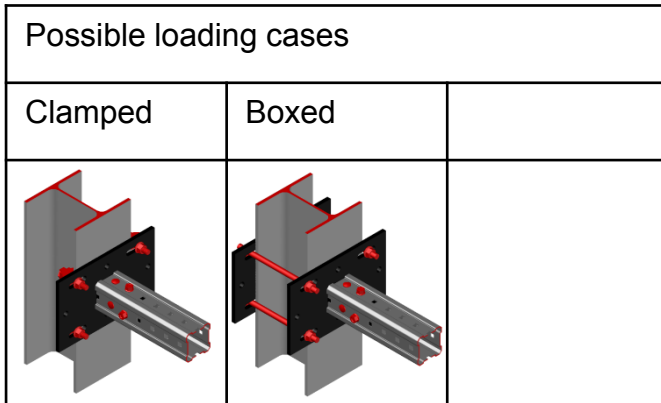
For clamped loading case



For boxed loading case (not attached to the packaging)



MIC-S120-CH Base Material Connector - Steel



Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Finite element analysis
- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures – Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	09.2011
EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	03.2012
EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-5: Plated structural elements	03.2012
EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012
EN 10025-2	Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels	02.2005
RAL-GZ 655	Pipe Supports	04.2008

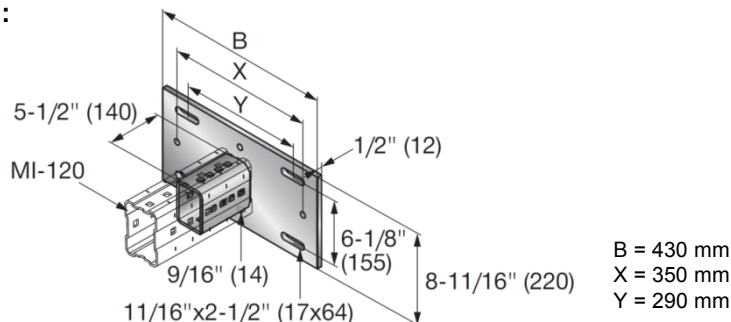
Software:

- Ansys 16.0
- Microsoft Excel
- Mathcad 15

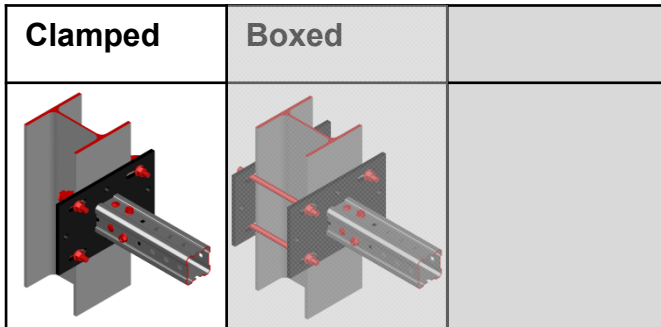
Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

Simplified drawing:



MIC-S120-CH Base Material Connector - Steel



Loading case: Clamped	Combinations covered by loading case
Bill of Material for this loading case: 1x MIC-S120-CH 2174670 Hardware not included in packaging: Beam clamps 4x MI-SGC M16 387398	Connector used for a perpendicular connection of MI-120 girder to flange of structural steel profiles. For flange width 235-300mm.

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications								
Method								
	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>18.67</td> <td>6.87</td> <td>6.87</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="font-size: small;">These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	18.67	6.87	6.87	
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]						
18.67	6.87	6.87						

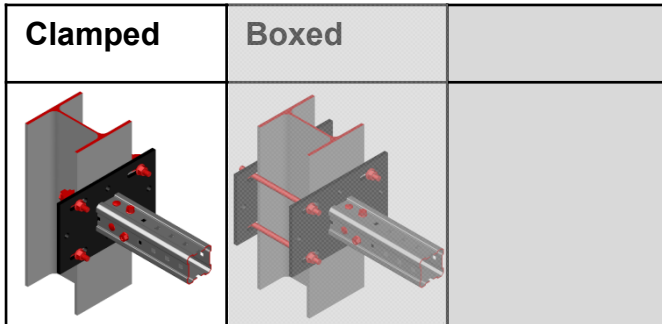
Design loading capacity - 3D		1/3
Method		

Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:		
1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-120 girders, per FEA simulation	2. Welds - per analytical calculation	3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation

MIC-S120-CH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



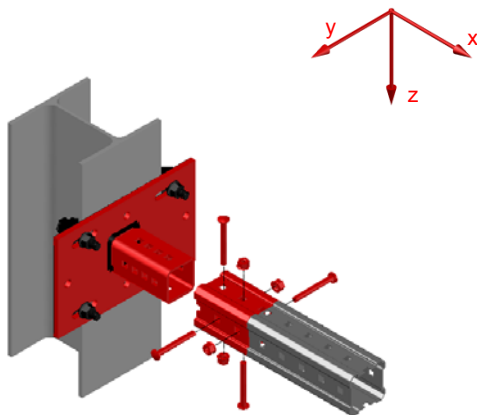
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-120 girders, per FEA simulation

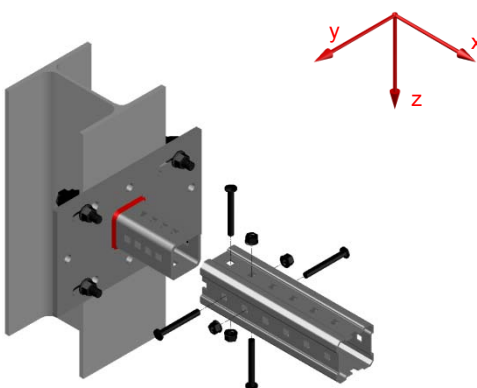


+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
28.00	118.82	53.80	53.80	58.10	58.10
+Mx,Rd [kNcm]	-Mx,Rd [kNcm]	+My,Rd [kNcm]	-My,Rd [kNcm]	+Mz,Rd [kNcm]	-Mz,Rd [kNcm]
5.39	5.39	4.07	4.07	3.00	3.00

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
316.42	316.42	81.16	81.16	100.68	100.68
+Mx,Rd [kNcm]	-Mx,Rd [kNcm]	+My,Rd [kNcm]	-My,Rd [kNcm]	+Mz,Rd [kNcm]	-Mz,Rd [kNcm]
9.16	9.16	5.18	5.18	6.04	6.04

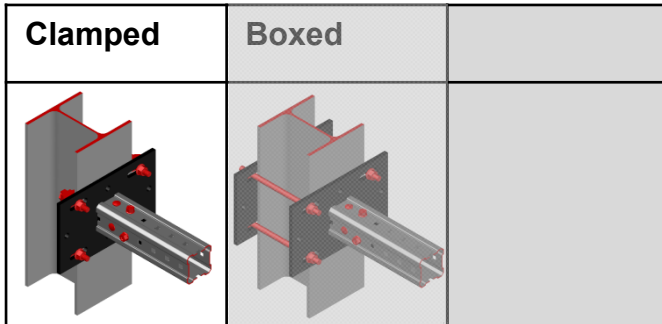
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-S120-CH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

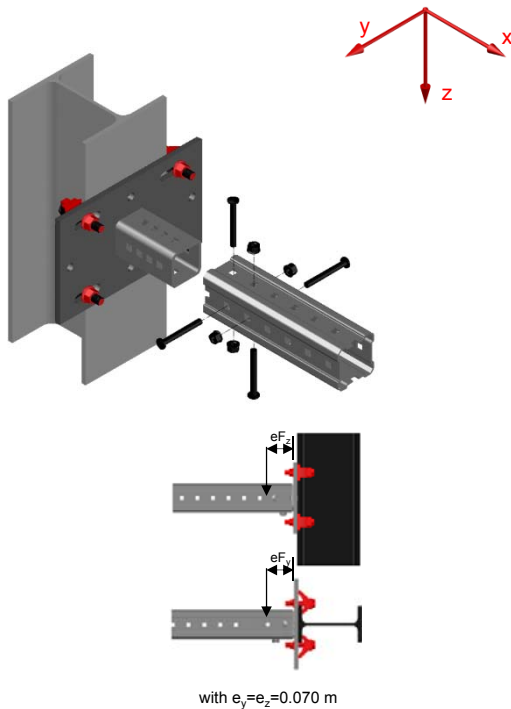
- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



Design loading capacity - 3D

3/3

3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
102.40	Not decisive	10.31	10.31	10.31	10.31
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
1.41	1.41	7.37	7.37	8.45	8.45

Interaction:

Normal force interaction:

The eccentricity e_y and e_z between the point of force transfer channel / connector and baseplate, which generates an additional bending moment on the system, must be taken into account in the interaction formula.

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed} * e_y}{M_{z,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed} * e_z}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

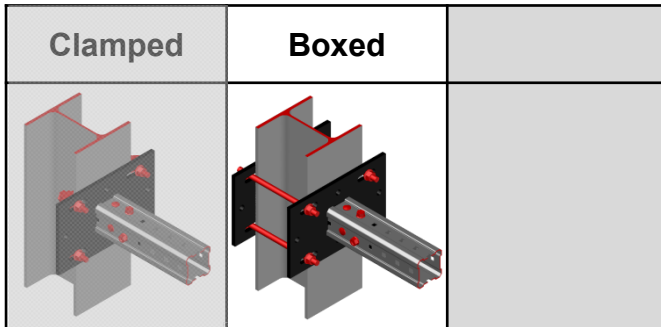
Shear force interaction:

- Shear Interaction Equation is only valid for TENSILE $F_{x,Ed}$ loads ($F_{x,Ed} > 0$). Equation is not valid for compressive $F_{x,Ed}$ loads ($F_{x,Ed} < 0$).

- For Shear interaction, user must ADDITIONALLY verify: $\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$.

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} \right) \right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} \right) \right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} \right)} \leq 1$$

MIC-S120-CH Base Material Connector - Steel



<p>Loading case: Boxed</p> <p>Bill of Material for this loading case:</p> <table style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td>1x MIC-S120-CH</td> <td style="text-align: right;">2174670</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">Hardware not included in packaging:</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">Base plate</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1x MIB-SCH</td> <td style="text-align: right;">2174676</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">Threaded rods cut to particular length</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4x AM16x1000 8.8 HDG...m</td> <td style="text-align: right;">419104</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">Lock washer</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8x LW M16 HDG plus washer</td> <td style="text-align: right;">2185343</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">Nut</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8x M16-F nut</td> <td style="text-align: right;">304767</td> </tr> </table>	1x MIC-S120-CH	2174670	Hardware not included in packaging:		Base plate		1x MIB-SCH	2174676	Threaded rods cut to particular length		4x AM16x1000 8.8 HDG...m	419104	Lock washer		8x LW M16 HDG plus washer	2185343	Nut		8x M16-F nut	304767	<p>Combinations covered by loading case</p> <p>Connector used for a perpendicular connection of MI-120 girder to flange of structural steel profiles. For flange width 235-300mm.</p>
1x MIC-S120-CH	2174670																				
Hardware not included in packaging:																					
Base plate																					
1x MIB-SCH	2174676																				
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Lock washer																					
8x LW M16 HDG plus washer	2185343																				
Nut																					
8x M16-F nut	304767																				

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

<p>Method</p>	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">17.67</td> <td style="text-align: center;">12.67</td> <td style="text-align: center;">12.67</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><small>These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</small></p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	17.67	12.67	12.67
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]					
17.67	12.67	12.67					

Design loading capacity - 3D 1/3

<p>Method</p>	
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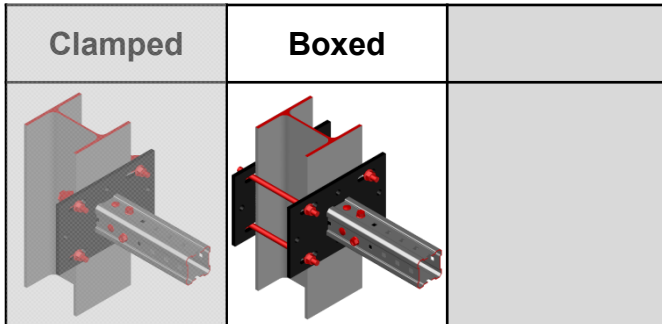
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

<p>1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-120 girders, per FEA simulation</p>	<p>2. Welds - per analytical calculation</p>	<p>3. Base plate and through bolts - per analytical calculation</p>
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MIC-S120-CH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



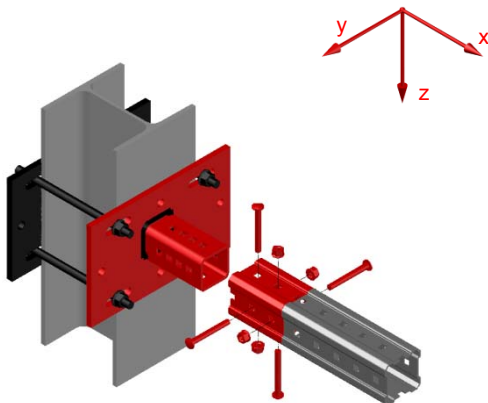
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector, hardware and affected portion of MI-120 girders, per FEA simulation

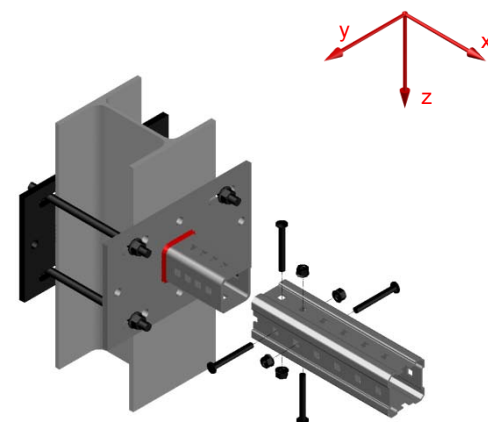


+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
26.50	55.30	53.80	53.80	58.10	58.10
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
5.39	5.39	4.07	4.07	3.00	3.00

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
316.42	316.42	81.16	81.16	100.68	100.68
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
9.16	9.16	5.18	5.18	6.04	6.04

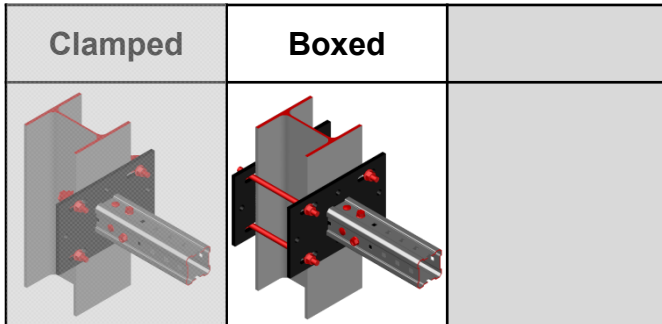
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-S120-CH Base Material Connector - Steel

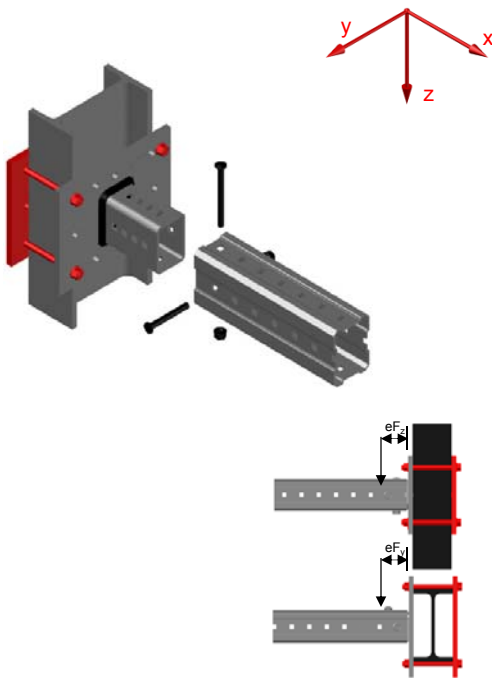
Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



Design loading capacity - 3D

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 with $e_y=e_z=0.070$ m

+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
150.80	Not decisive	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
2.57	2.57	10.86	10.86	12.29	12.29

Interaction:

Normal force interaction:

The eccentricity e_y and e_z between the point of force transfer channel / connector and baseplate, which generates an additional bending moment on the system, must be taken into account in the interaction formula.

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed} \cdot e_y}{M_{z,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed} \cdot e_z}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Shear force interaction:

- Shear Interaction Equation is only valid for TENSILE $F_{x,Ed}$ loads ($F_{x,Ed} > 0$).
- Equation is not valid for compressive $F_{x,Ed}$ loads ($F_{x,Ed} < 0$).
- For Shear interaction, user must ADDITIONALLY verify: $F_{x,Ed} / F_{x,Rd} < 1$.

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)} \leq 1$$

MIC-SA-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel

Designation	Item number
MIC-SA-MAH	2174671

Corrosion protection:

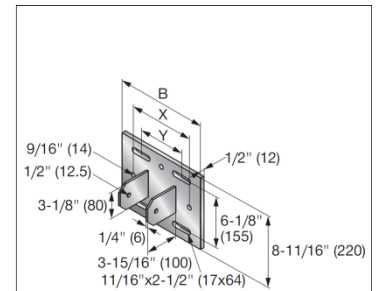
Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Connector, Plate	ISO 1461	55
Bolt; Nut	ISO 1461	40; 45

Weight:

6701g incl. components

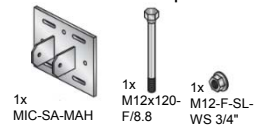
Description:

Hilti Hot-dipped galvanized baseplate connector, used for anchoring a MI-90 girder to a steel beam at an angle, usually when it's used as a brace for another girder. Four oblong anchor holes enable fine tuning of baseplate position, and girder is connected using one bolt through a hole, which enables various angles. For use with **M16** hardware.



B = 280 mm
X = 200 mm
Y = 140 mm

Hardware included per connector



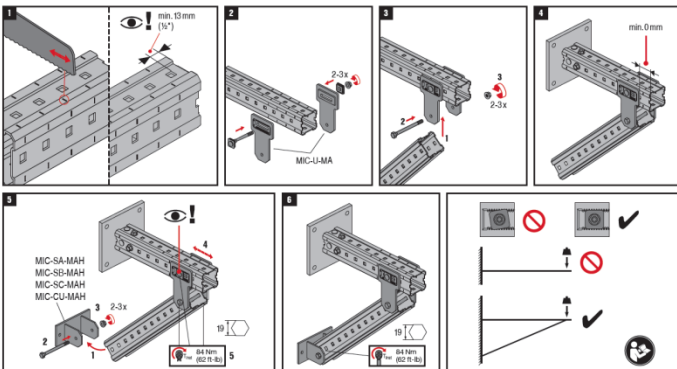
Material properties

Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Connector, Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Bolt; Nut F Class 8.8 (ISO 898-1); Grade 8 (ISO 898-2)	$f_y = 640 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 800 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

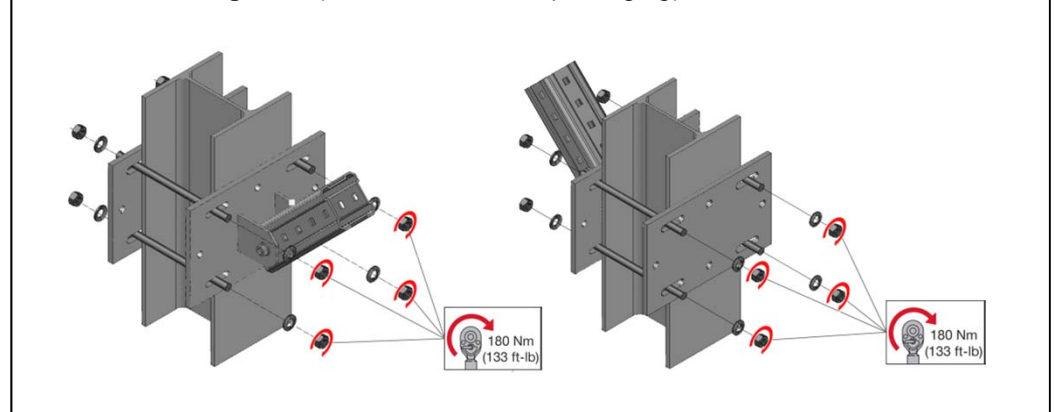
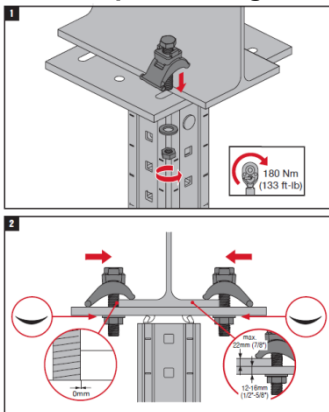
Instruction For Use:

For both loading cases:

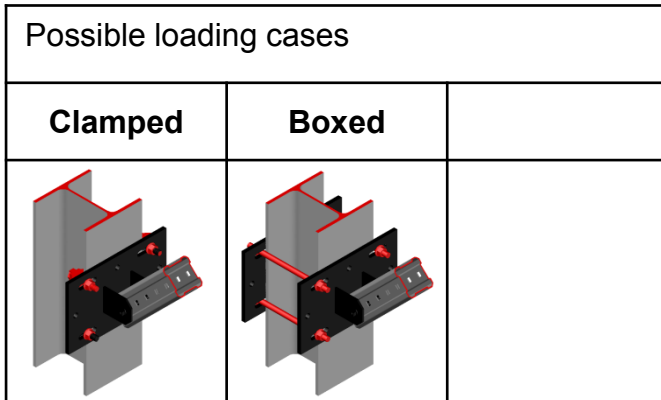


For clamped loading case

For boxed loading case (not attached to the packaging)



MIC-SA-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel



Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Finite element analysis
- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures – Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	09.2011
EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	03.2012
EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-5: Plated structural elements	03.2012
EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012
EN 10025-2	Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels	02.2005
RAL-GZ 655	Pipe Supports	04.2008

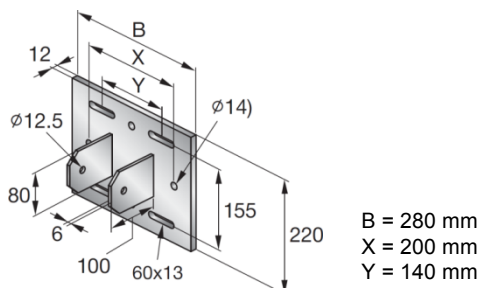
Software:

- Ansys 16.0
- Microsoft Excel
- Mathcad 15

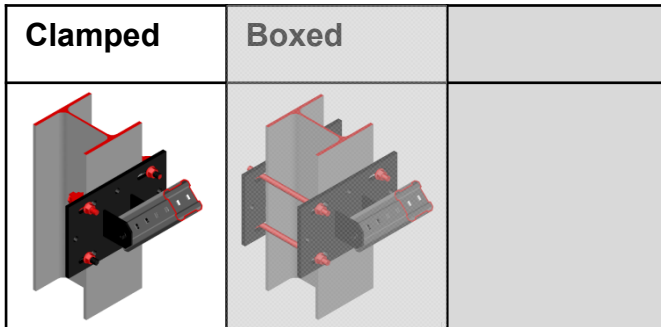
Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

Simplified drawing:



MIC-SA-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel



<p>Loading case: Clamped</p> <p>Bill of Material for this loading case:</p> <p>MIC-SA-MAH 2174671 Hardware not included in packaging: Beam clamps 4x MI-SGC M16 387398</p>	<p>Combinations covered by loading case</p> <p>Connector used for an angled connection of MI-90 to structural steel profiles (bracing). For flange width 75-165mm.</p>
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Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications																											
<p>Method</p>	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</td> <td colspan="5"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">4.40</td> <td colspan="5"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">$\pm F_{\alpha,rec.}$ [kN]</td> <td style="text-align: center;">α</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0°</td> <td style="text-align: center;">30°</td> <td style="text-align: center;">45°</td> <td style="text-align: center;">60°</td> <td style="text-align: center;">90°</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">11.13</td> <td style="text-align: center;">7.50</td> <td style="text-align: center;">8.83</td> <td style="text-align: center;">7.94</td> <td style="text-align: center;">6.87</td> </tr> </table> <p style="font-size: small;">These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]						4.40						$\pm F_{\alpha,rec.}$ [kN]	α	0°	30°	45°	60°	90°			11.13	7.50	8.83	7.94	6.87
$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]																											
4.40																											
$\pm F_{\alpha,rec.}$ [kN]	α	0°	30°	45°	60°	90°																					
		11.13	7.50	8.83	7.94	6.87																					

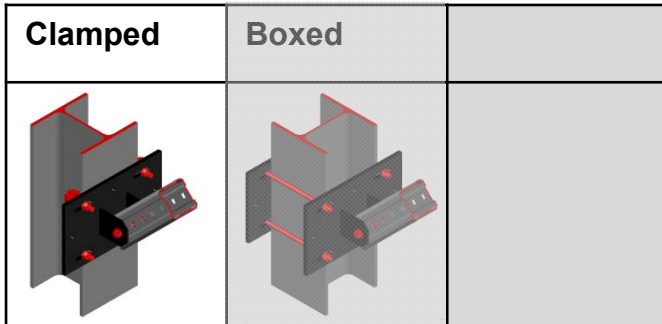
Design loading capacity - 3D	
<p>Method</p>	<p>1/4</p>

Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:		
<p>1. Connection system, including connector and hardware, per FEA simulation</p>	<p>2. Welds - per analytical calculation</p>	<p>3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation</p>

MIC-SA-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



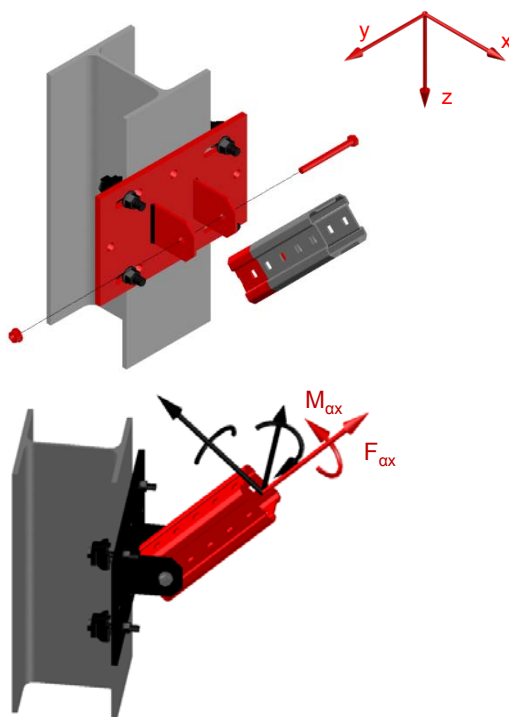
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/4

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector and hardware, per FEA simulation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
16.70	16.70	6.60	6.60	16.70	16.70
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
0.70	0.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Note: Design Strength values for girder Torsion about the αx -axis ($M_{\alpha x}$) are valid for any bracing angle. Values include verification of hexagonal bolt

Interaction:

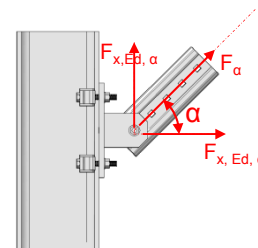
Due to the fact, that the same resistance values as for MIC-CU-MA are decisive, the same interaction formulation can be used:

$$\left(\frac{F'_{x,Ed,\alpha}}{F'_{x,Rd}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F'_{z,Ed,\alpha}}{F'_{z,Rd}}\right)^2 + \frac{F'_{y,Ed}}{F'_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M'_{x,Ed}}{M'_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Use of F_{α} : In case only the force along the brace axis (αx) is known, determinate load components as follows:

$$F'_{x,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \cos(\alpha)$$

$$F'_{z,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \sin(\alpha)$$



Important note: The resistance of steel girder on which connector MIC-SA-MAH is mounted must be checked appropriately by the client. For determination of connector resistances the steel girder is considered to be rigid.

MIC-SA-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

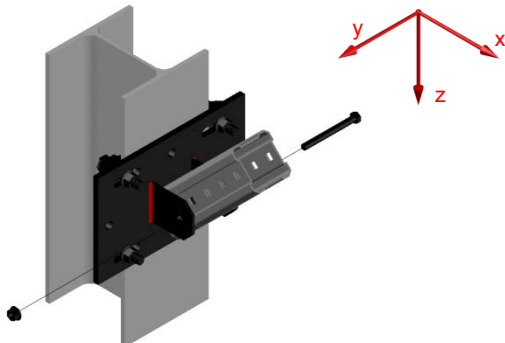
Design loading capacity - 3D

3/4

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

2. Welds - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
325.83	325.83	11.97	11.97	47.45	47.45
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
2.30	2.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Note: Design Strength values for girder Torsion about the α -axis (M_{α}) are valid for any bracing angle.

Values include verification of hexagonal bolt

Interaction:

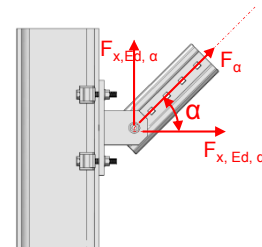
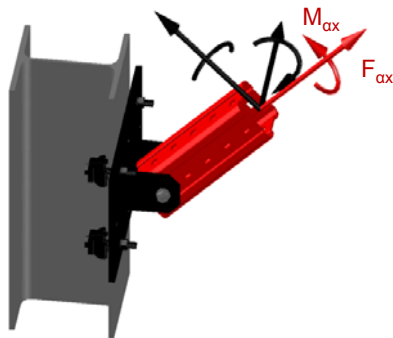
$$\frac{F_{x,Ed,\alpha}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed,\alpha}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Use of F_{α} : In case only the force along the brace axis (α) is known, determine load components as follows:

$$F_{x,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \cos(\alpha)$$

$$F_{z,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \sin(\alpha)$$

$$M_{x,Ed} = M_{\alpha}$$



Important note: The resistance of steel girder on which connector MIC-SA-MAH is mounted must be checked appropriately by the client. For determination of connector resistances the steel girder is considered to be rigid.

MIC-SA-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

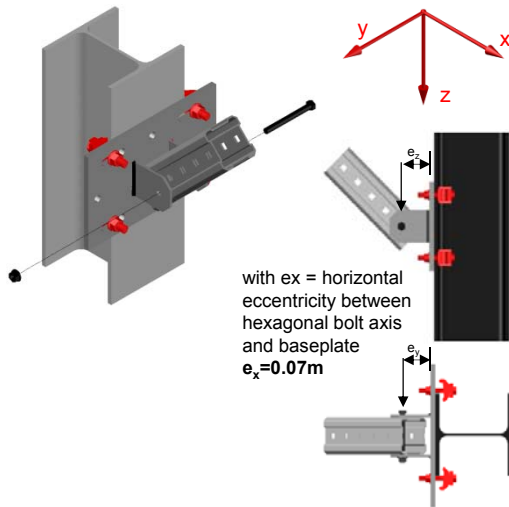
Design loading capacity - 3D

4/4

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
102.40	Not decisive	10.31	10.31	10.31	10.31
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
0.84	0.84	6.66	6.66	3.33	3.33

Normal force interaction:

The eccentricity e_y and e_z between the point of force transfer channel / connector and baseplate, which generates an additional bending moment on the system, must be taken into account in the interaction formula.

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed,\alpha}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed} \times e_y}{M_{z,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed,\alpha} \times e_z}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

with $e_y=e_z=0.070$ m

Shear force interaction:

Shear force interaction for +Fx (tensile normal force):

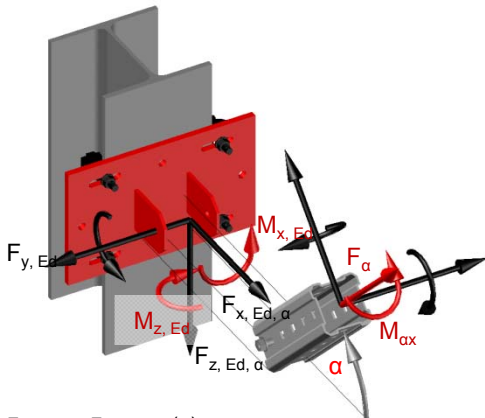
$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)} \leq 1$$

Shear force interaction for -Fx (compressive normal force):

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Note: Due to the fact, that depending on the inclination of the channel, the acting torsional moment M_{ax} can either generate shear or tension, it will be considered in both interactions.

Transition of the forces generated on inclined brace to base material connector's coordinate system



$$F_{x,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \cos(\alpha)$$

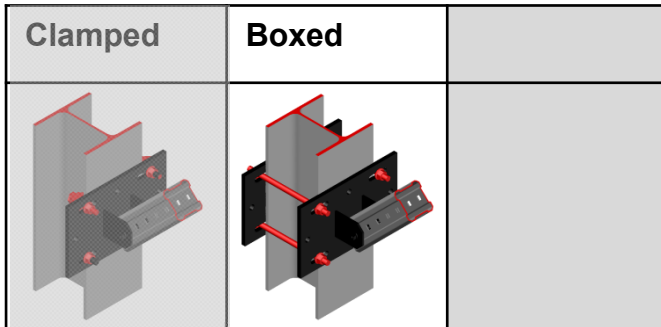
$$F_{z,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \sin(\alpha)$$

$$M_{x,Ed} = M_{\alpha} \times \cos(\alpha)$$

$$M_{z,Ed} = M_{\alpha} \times \sin(\alpha)$$

Important note: The resistance of steel girder on which connector MIC-SA-MAH is mounted must be checked appropriately by the client. For determination of connector resistances the steel girder is considered to be rigid.

MIC-SA-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel



<p>Loading case: Boxed</p> <p>Bill of Material for this loading case: 1x MIC-SA-MAH 2174671 Hardware not included in packaging: Base plate 1x MIB-SAH 2174674 Threaded rods cut to particular length 4x AM16x1000 8.8 HDG...m 419104 Lock washer 8x LW M16 HDG plus washer 2185343 Nut 8x M16-F nut 304767</p>	<p>Combinations covered by loading case</p> <p>Connector used for an angled connection of MI-90 to structural steel profiles (bracing). For flange width 75-165mm.</p>
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Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications													
<p>Method</p>	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>α</th> <th>0°</th> <th>30°</th> <th>45°</th> <th>60°</th> <th>90°</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>$\pm F_{\alpha, rec.}$ [kN]</td> <td>11.13</td> <td>11.13</td> <td>11.13</td> <td>11.13</td> <td>11.13</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="font-size: small;">These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	α	0°	30°	45°	60°	90°	$\pm F_{\alpha, rec.}$ [kN]	11.13	11.13	11.13	11.13	11.13
α	0°	30°	45°	60°	90°								
$\pm F_{\alpha, rec.}$ [kN]	11.13	11.13	11.13	11.13	11.13								

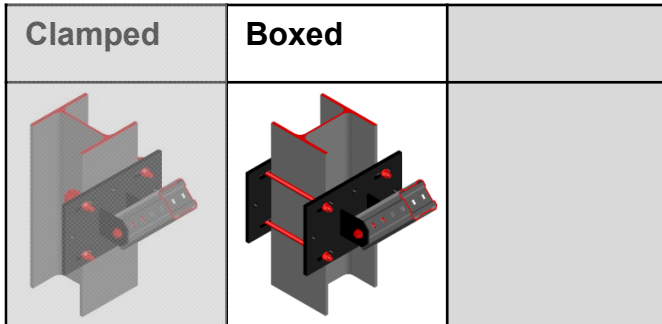
Design loading capacity - 3D	
<p>Method</p>	<p style="text-align: right; font-weight: bold;">1/4</p>

Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:		
<p>1. Connection system, including connector and hardware, per FEA simulation</p>	<p>2. Welds - per analytical calculation</p>	<p>3. Base plate and through bolts - per analytical calculation</p>

MIC-SA-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



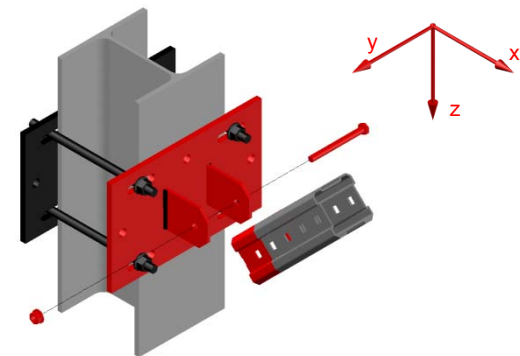
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/4

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector and hardware, per FEA simulation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
16.70	16.70	6.60	6.60	16.70	16.70
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
0.70	0.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Note: Design Strength values for girder Torsion about the αx -axis ($M_{\alpha x}$) are valid for any bracing angle. Values include verification of hexagonal bolt

Interaction:

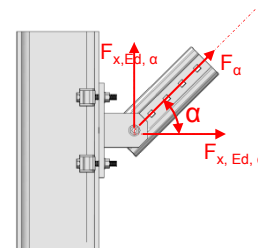
Due to the fact, that the same resistance values as for MIC-CU-MA are decisive, the same interaction formulation can be used:

$$\left(\frac{F_{x,Ed,\alpha}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed,\alpha}}{F_{z,Rd}}\right)^2 + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Use of $F_{\alpha x}$: In case only the force along the brace axis (αx) is known, determinate load components as follows:

$$F_{x,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \cos(\alpha)$$

$$F_{z,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \sin(\alpha)$$



Important note: The resistance of steel girder on which connector MIC-SA-MAH is mounted must be checked appropriately by the client. For determination of connector resistances the steel girder is considered to be rigid.

MIC-SA-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

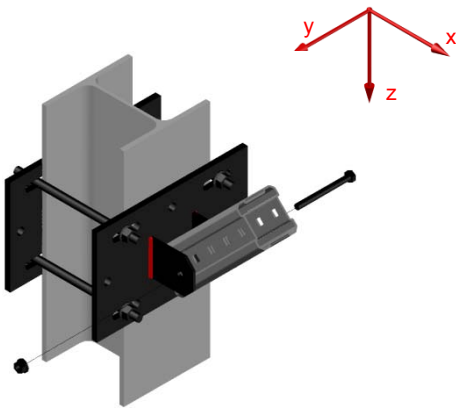
Design loading capacity - 3D

3/4

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

2. Welds - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
325.83	325.83	11.97	11.97	47.45	47.45
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
2.30	2.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Note: Design Strength values for girder Torsion about the α -axis (M_{α}) are valid for any bracing angle.

Values include verification of hexagonal bolt

Interaction:

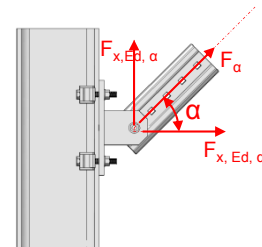
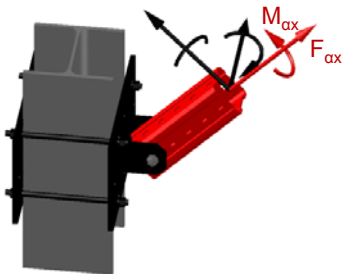
$$\frac{F_{x,Ed,\alpha}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed,\alpha}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Use of F_{α} : In case only the force along the brace axis (α) is known, determine load components as follows:

$$F_{x,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \cos(\alpha)$$

$$F_{z,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \sin(\alpha)$$

$$M_{x,Ed} = M_{\alpha}$$



Important note: The resistance of steel girder on which connector MIC-SA-MAH is mounted must be checked appropriately by the client. For determination of connector resistances the steel girder is considered to be rigid.

MIC-SA-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

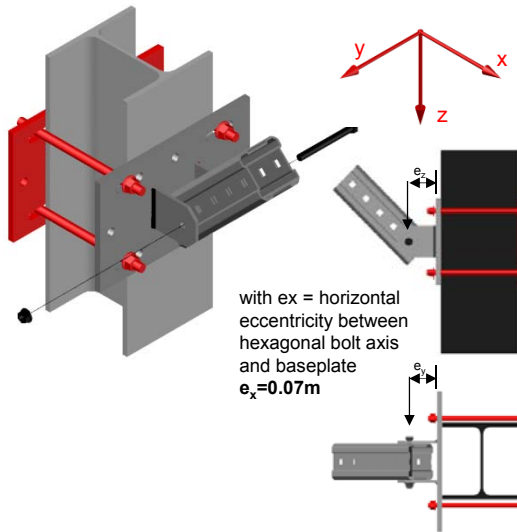
Design loading capacity - 3D

4/4

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

3. Base plate and through bolts - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
164.00	Not decisive	20.66	20.66	20.66	20.66
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
1.67	1.67	9.84	9.84	6.56	6.56

Normal force interaction:

The eccentricity e_y and e_z between the point of force transfer channel / connector and baseplate, which generates an additional bending moment on the system, must be taken into account in the interaction formula.

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed,\alpha}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed} \times e_y}{M_{z,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed,\alpha} \times e_z}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

with $e_y = e_z = 0.070\text{m}$

Shear force interaction:

Shear force interaction for +Fx (tensile normal force):

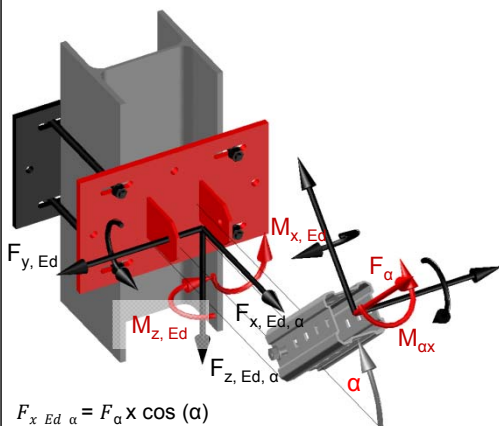
$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)} \leq 1$$

Shear force interaction for -Fx (compressive normal force):

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Note: Due to the fact, that depending on the inclination of the channel, the acting torsional moment $M_{\alpha x}$ can either generate shear or tension, it will be considered in both interactions.

Transition of the forces generated on inclined brace to base material connector's coordinate system



$$F_{x,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \cos(\alpha)$$

$$F_{z,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \sin(\alpha)$$

$$M_{x,Ed} = M_{\alpha x} \times \cos(\alpha)$$

$$M_{z,Ed} = M_{\alpha x} \times \sin(\alpha)$$

Important note: The resistance of steel girder on which connector MIC-SA-MAH is mounted must be checked appropriately by the client. For determination of connector resistances the steel girder is considered to be rigid.

MIC-SB-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel

Designation	Item number
MIC-SB-MAH	2174672

Corrosion protection:

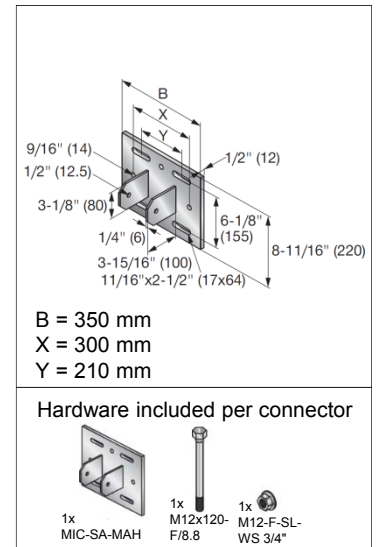
Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Connector, Plate	ISO 1461	55
Bolt; Nut	ISO 1461	40; 45

Weight:

8154 g incl. components

Description:

Hilti Hot-dipped galvanized baseplate connector, used for anchoring a MI-90 girder to a steel beam at an angle, usually when it's used as a brace for another girder. Four oblong anchor holes enable fine tuning of baseplate position, and girder is connected using one bolt through a hole, which enables various angles. For use with **M16** hardware.



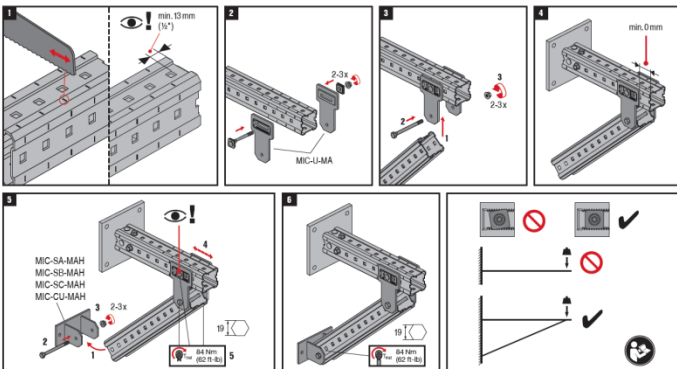
Material properties

Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Connector, Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Bolt; Nut F Class 8.8 (ISO 898-1); Grade 8 (ISO 898-2)	$f_y = 640 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 800 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

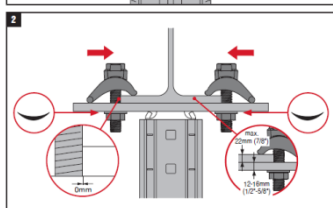
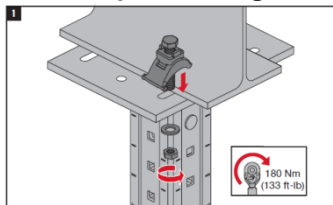
Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:

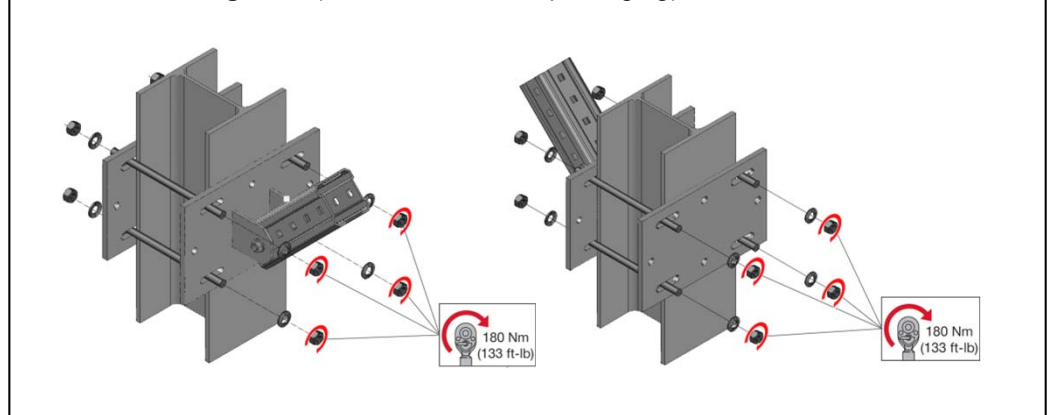
For both loading cases:



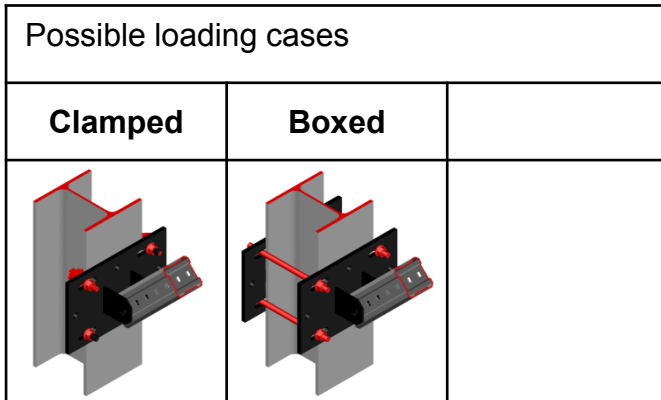
For clamped loading case



For boxed loading case (not attached to the packaging)



MIC-SB-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel



Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Finite element analysis
- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures – Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	09.2011
EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	03.2012
EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-5: Plated structural elements	03.2012
EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012
EN 10025-2	Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels	02.2005
RAL-GZ 655	Pipe Supports	04.2008

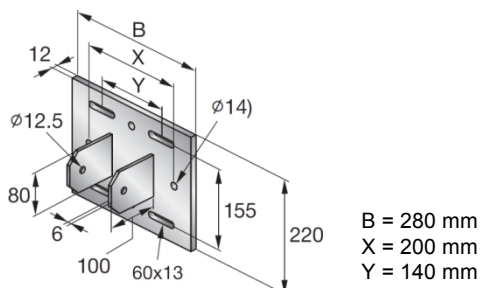
Software:

- Ansys 16.0
- Microsoft Excel
- Mathcad 15

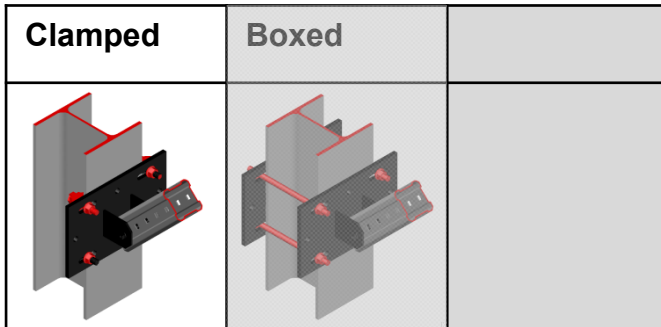
Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

Simplified drawing:



MIC-SB-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel



<p>Loading case: Clamped</p> <p>Bill of Material for this loading case:</p> <p>MIC-SB-MAH 2174672 Hardware not included in packaging: Beam clamps 4x MI-SGC M16 387398</p>	<p>Combinations covered by loading case</p> <p>Connector used for an angled connection of MI-90 to structural steel profiles (bracing). For flange width 165-235mm.</p>
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Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications																	
<p>Method</p>	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">$\pm F_{\alpha, rec.}$ [kN]</td> <td style="text-align: center;">$\pm F_y, rec.$ [kN]</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">4.40</td> <td style="text-align: center;">4.40</td> </tr> </table> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>α</th> <th>0°</th> <th>30°</th> <th>45°</th> <th>60°</th> <th>90°</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>$\pm F_{\alpha, rec.}$ [kN]</td> <td>11.13</td> <td>7.50</td> <td>8.83</td> <td>7.94</td> <td>6.87</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><small>These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</small></p>	$\pm F_{\alpha, rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_y, rec.$ [kN]	4.40	4.40	α	0°	30°	45°	60°	90°	$\pm F_{\alpha, rec.}$ [kN]	11.13	7.50	8.83	7.94	6.87
$\pm F_{\alpha, rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_y, rec.$ [kN]																
4.40	4.40																
α	0°	30°	45°	60°	90°												
$\pm F_{\alpha, rec.}$ [kN]	11.13	7.50	8.83	7.94	6.87												

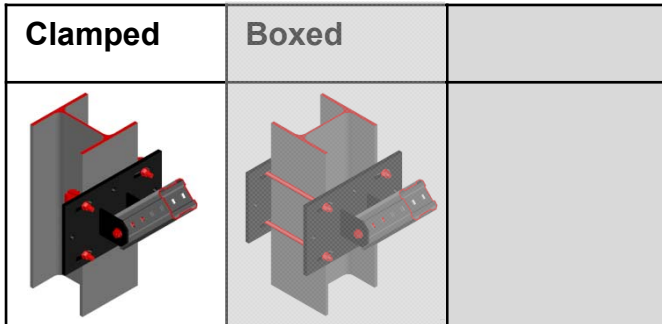
Design loading capacity - 3D	
<p>Method</p>	<p>1/4</p>

Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:		
<p>1. Connection system, including connector and hardware, per FEA simulation</p>	<p>2. Welds - per analytical calculation</p>	<p>3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation</p>

MIC-SB-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



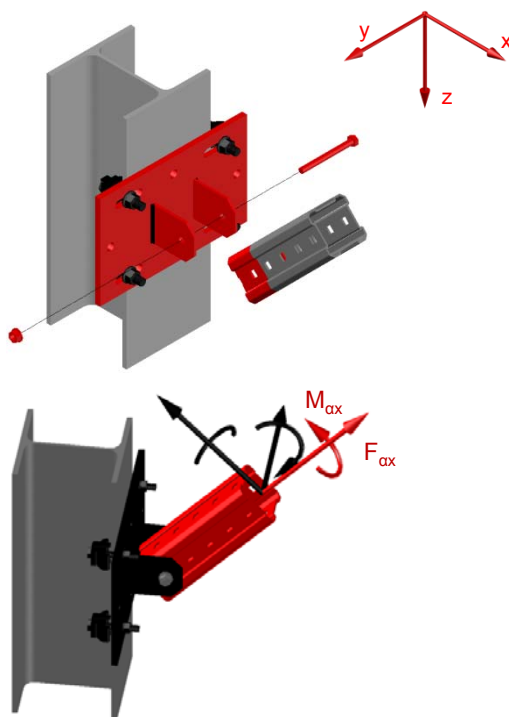
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/4

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector and hardware, per FEA simulation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
16.70	16.70	6.60	6.60	16.70	16.70
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
0.70	0.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Note: Design Strength values for girder Torsion about the αx -axis ($M_{\alpha x}$) are valid for any bracing angle. Values include verification of hexagonal bolt

Interaction:

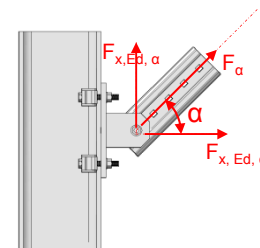
Due to the fact, that the same resistance values as for MIC-CU-MA are decisive, the same interaction formulation can be used:

$$\left(\frac{F'_{x,Ed,\alpha}}{F'_{x,Rd}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F'_{z,Ed,\alpha}}{F'_{z,Rd}}\right)^2 + \frac{F'_{y,Ed}}{F'_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M'_{x,Ed}}{M'_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Use of F_{α} : In case only the force along the brace axis (αx) is known, determinate load components as follows:

$$F'_{x,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \cos(\alpha)$$

$$F'_{z,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \sin(\alpha)$$



Important note: The resistance of steel girder on which connector MIC-SA-MAH is mounted must be checked appropriately by the client. For determination of connector resistances the steel girder is considered to be rigid.

MIC-SB-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

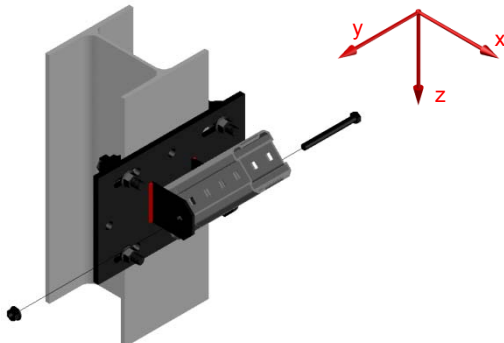
Design loading capacity - 3D

3/4

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

2. Welds - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
325.83	325.83	11.97	11.97	47.45	47.45
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
2.30	2.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Note: Design Strength values for girder Torsion about the α -axis (M_{α}) are valid for any bracing angle.

Values include verification of hexagonal bolt

Interaction:

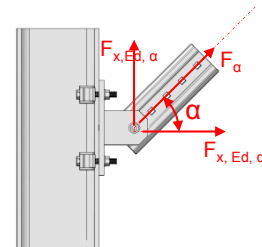
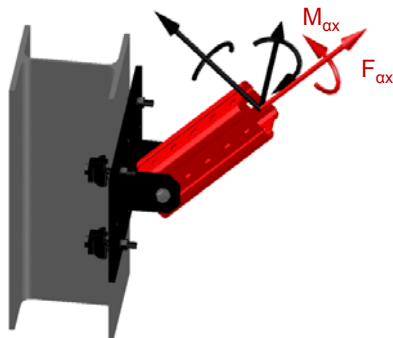
$$\frac{F_{x,Ed,\alpha}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed,\alpha}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Use of F_{α} : In case only the force along the brace axis (α) is known, determine load components as follows:

$$F_{x,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \cos(\alpha)$$

$$F_{z,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \sin(\alpha)$$

$$M_{x,Ed} = M_{\alpha}$$



Important note: The resistance of steel girder on which connector MIC-SA-MAH is mounted must be checked appropriately by the client. For determination of connector resistances the steel girder is considered to be rigid.

MIC-SB-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

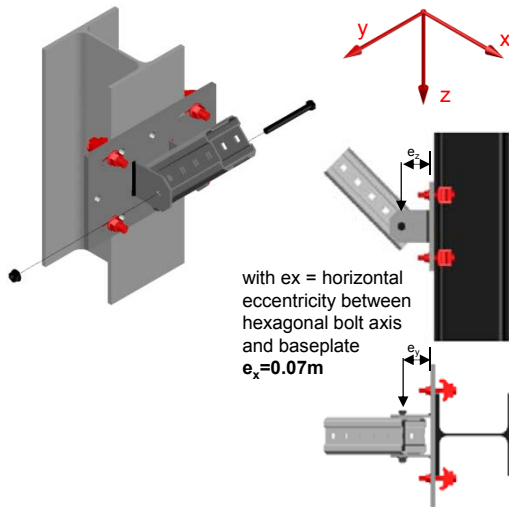
Design loading capacity - 3D

4/4

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation



+F _{x,Rd} [kN]	-F _{x,Rd} [kN]	+F _{y,Rd} [kN]	-F _{y,Rd} [kN]	+F _{z,Rd} [kN]	-F _{z,Rd} [kN]
102.40	Not decisive	10.31	10.31	10.31	10.31
+M _{x,Rd} [kNm]	-M _{x,Rd} [kNm]	+M _{y,Rd} [kNm]	-M _{y,Rd} [kNm]	+M _{z,Rd} [kNm]	-M _{z,Rd} [kNm]
1.12	1.12	6.66	6.66	6.66	6.66

Normal force interaction:

The eccentricity e_y and e_z between the point of force transfer channel / connector and baseplate, which generates an additional bending moment on the system, must be taken into account in the interaction formula.

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed,\alpha}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed} \times e_y}{M_{z,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed,\alpha} \times e_z}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

with $e_y = e_z = 0.070\text{m}$

Shear force interaction:

Shear force interaction for +Fx (tensile normal force):

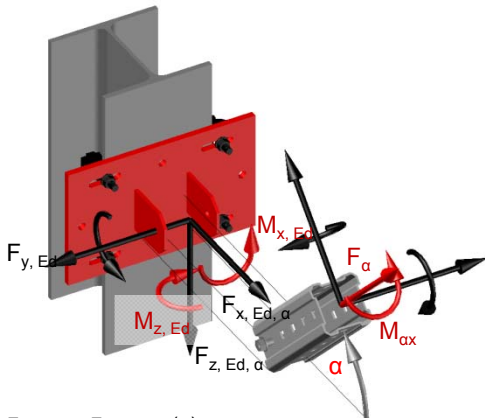
$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)} \leq 1$$

Shear force interaction for -Fx (compressive normal force):

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Note: Due to the fact, that depending on the inclination of the channel, the acting torsional moment M_{ax} can either generate shear or tension, it will be considered in both interactions.

Transition of the forces generated on inclined brace to base material connector's coordinate system



$$F_{x,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \cos(\alpha)$$

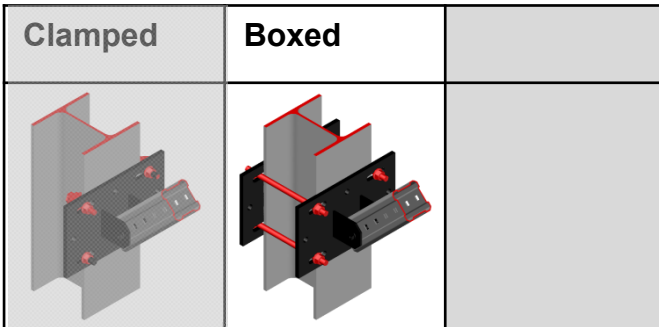
$$F_{z,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \sin(\alpha)$$

$$M_{x,Ed} = M_{\alpha} \times \cos(\alpha)$$

$$M_{z,Ed} = M_{\alpha} \times \sin(\alpha)$$

Important note: The resistance of steel girder on which connector MIC-SA-MAH is mounted must be checked appropriately by the client. For determination of connector resistances the steel girder is considered to be rigid.

MIC-SB-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel



<p>Loading case: Boxed</p> <p>Bill of Material for this loading case: 1x MIC-SB-MAH 2174672 Hardware not included in packaging: Base plate 1x MIB-SBH 2174675 Threaded rods cut to particular length 4x AM16x1000 8.8 HDG...m 419104 Lock washer 8x LW M16 HDG plus washer 2185343 Nut 8x M16-F nut 304767</p>	<p>Combinations covered by loading case</p> <p>Connector used for an angled connection of MI-90 to structural steel profiles (bracing). For flange width 165-235mm.</p>
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Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications																											
<p>Method</p>	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</td> <td colspan="5"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">4.40</td> <td colspan="5"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">$\pm F_{\alpha,rec.}$ [kN]</td> <td style="text-align: center;">α</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0°</td> <td style="text-align: center;">30°</td> <td style="text-align: center;">45°</td> <td style="text-align: center;">60°</td> <td style="text-align: center;">90°</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">11.13</td> <td style="text-align: center;">11.13</td> <td style="text-align: center;">11.13</td> <td style="text-align: center;">11.13</td> <td style="text-align: center;">11.13</td> <td style="text-align: center;">11.13</td> </tr> </table> <p style="font-size: small;">These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]						4.40						$\pm F_{\alpha,rec.}$ [kN]	α	0°	30°	45°	60°	90°		11.13	11.13	11.13	11.13	11.13	11.13
$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]																											
4.40																											
$\pm F_{\alpha,rec.}$ [kN]	α	0°	30°	45°	60°	90°																					
	11.13	11.13	11.13	11.13	11.13	11.13																					

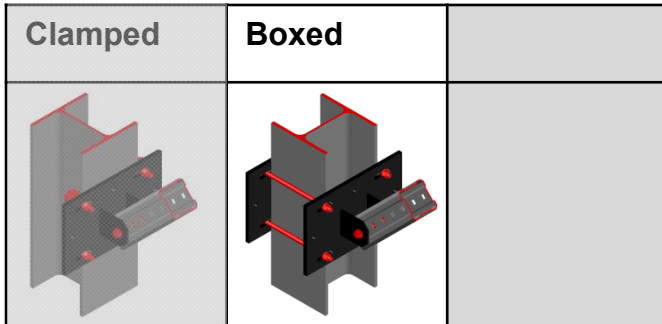
Design loading capacity - 3D	
<p>Method</p>	<p style="text-align: right; font-weight: bold;">1/4</p>

Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:		
<p>1. Connection system, including connector and hardware, per FEA simulation</p>	<p>2. Welds - per analytical calculation</p>	<p>3. Base plate and through bolts - per analytical calculation</p>

MIC-SB-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



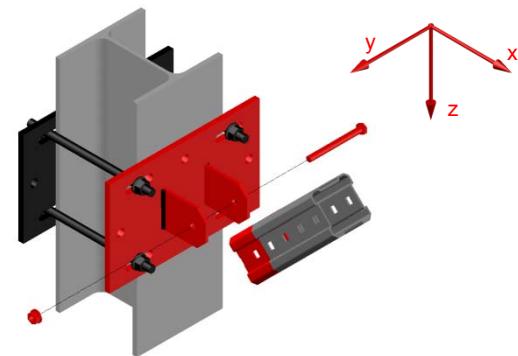
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/4

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector and hardware, per FEA simulation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
16.70	16.70	6.60	6.60	16.70	16.70
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
0.70	0.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Note: Design Strength values for girder Torsion about the αx -axis ($M_{\alpha x}$) are valid for any bracing angle. Values include verification of hexagonal bolt

Interaction:

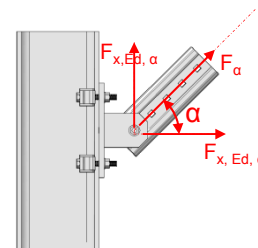
Due to the fact, that the same resistance values as for MIC-CU-MA are decisive, the same interaction formulation can be used:

$$\left(\frac{F_{x,Ed,\alpha}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed,\alpha}}{F_{z,Rd}}\right)^2 + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Use of $F_{\alpha x}$: In case only the force along the brace axis (αx) is known, determinate load components as follows:

$$F_{x,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \cos(\alpha)$$

$$F_{z,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \sin(\alpha)$$



Important note: The resistance of steel girder on which connector MIC-SA-MAH is mounted must be checked appropriately by the client. For determination of connector resistances the steel girder is considered to be rigid.

MIC-SB-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

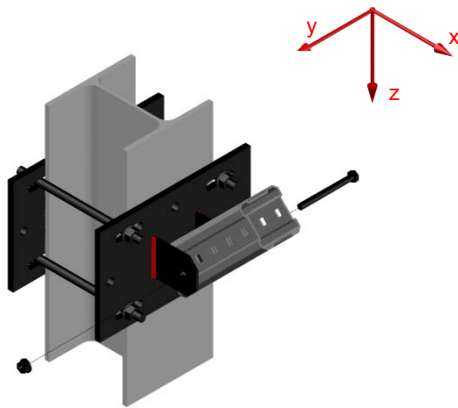
Design loading capacity - 3D

3/4

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

2. Welds - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
325.83	325.83	11.97	11.97	47.45	47.45
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
2.30	2.30	0.00	0.00	15.80	153.80

Note: Design Strength values for girder Torsion about the α -axis (M_{α}) are valid for any bracing angle.

Values include verification of hexagonal bolt

Interaction:

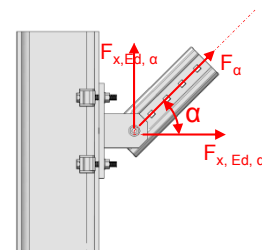
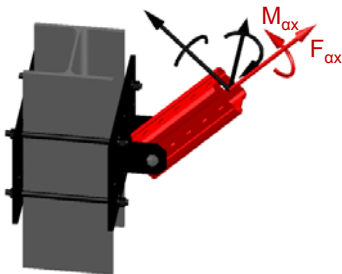
$$\frac{F_{x,Ed,\alpha}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed,\alpha}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Use of F_{α} : In case only the force along the brace axis (α) is known, determine load components as follows:

$$F_{x,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \cos(\alpha)$$

$$F_{z,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \sin(\alpha)$$

$$M_{x,Ed} = M_{\alpha}$$



Important note: The resistance of steel girder on which connector MIC-SA-MAH is mounted must be checked appropriately by the client. For determination of connector resistances the steel girder is considered to be rigid.

MIC-SB-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

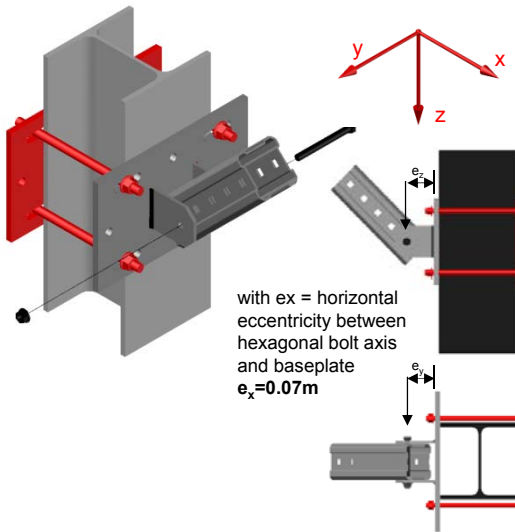
Design loading capacity - 3D

4/4

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

3. Base plate and through bolts - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
158.80	Not decisive	20.01	20.01	20.01	20.01
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
2.06	2.06	9.53	9.53	10.32	10.32

Normal force interaction:

The eccentricity e_y and e_z between the point of force transfer channel / connector and baseplate, which generates an additional bending moment on the system, must be taken into account in the interaction formula.

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed,\alpha}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \times e_y + \frac{F_{z,Ed,\alpha}}{M_{y,Rd}} \times e_z + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

with $e_y=e_z=0.070$ m

Shear force interaction:

Shear force interaction for +Fx (tensile normal force):

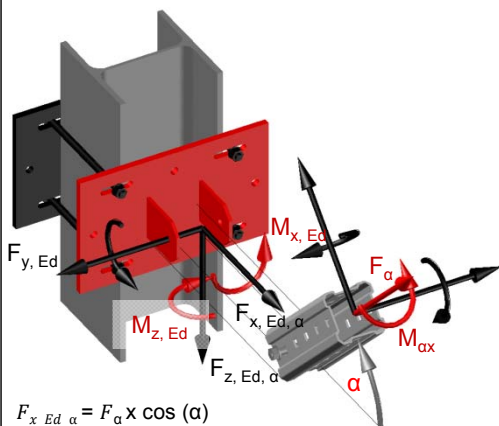
$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)} \leq 1$$

Shear force interaction for -Fx (compressive normal force):

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Note: Due to the fact, that depending on the inclination of the channel, the acting torsional moment $M_{\alpha x}$ can either generate shear or tension, it will be considered in both interactions.

Transition of the forces generated on inclined brace to base material connector's coordinate system



$$F_{x,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \cos(\alpha)$$

$$F_{z,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \sin(\alpha)$$

$$M_{x,Ed} = M_{\alpha x} \times \cos(\alpha)$$

$$M_{z,Ed} = M_{\alpha x} \times \sin(\alpha)$$

Important note: The resistance of steel girder on which connector MIC-SA-MAH is mounted must be checked appropriately by the client. For determination of connector resistances the steel girder is considered to be rigid.

MIC-SC-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel

Designation	Item number
MIC-SC-MAH	2174673

Corrosion protection:

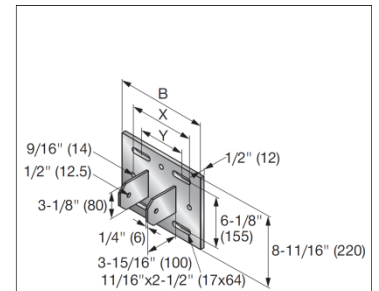
Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Connector, Plate	ISO 1461	55
Bolt; Nut	ISO 1461	40; 45

Weight:

8154 g incl. components

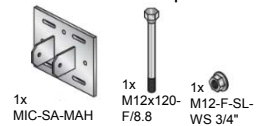
Description:

Hilti Hot-dipped galvanized baseplate connector, used for anchoring a MI-90 girder to a steel beam at an angle, usually when it's used as a brace for another girder. Four oblong anchor holes enable fine tuning of baseplate position, and girder is connected using one bolt through a hole, which enables various angles. For use with **M16** hardware.



B = 430 mm
X = 350 mm
Y = 290 mm

Hardware included per connector



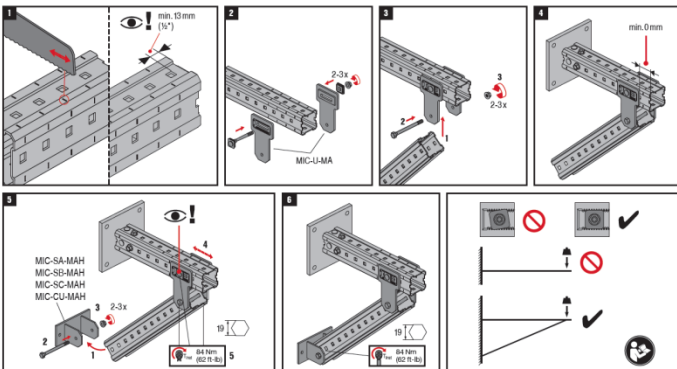
Material properties

Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Connector, Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Bolt; Nut F Class 8.8 (ISO 898-1); Grade 8 (ISO 898-2)	$f_y = 640 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 800 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

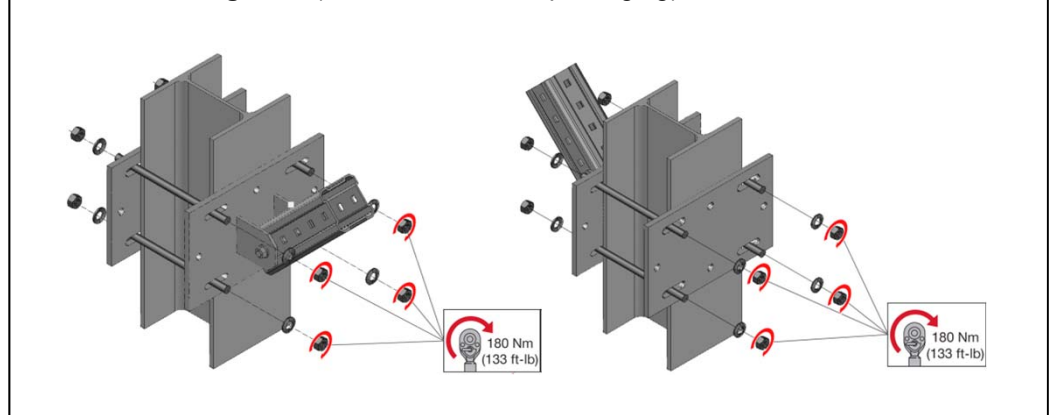
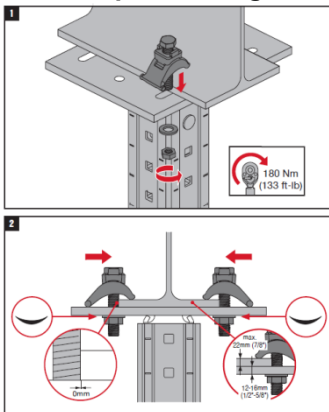
Instruction For Use:

For both loading cases:

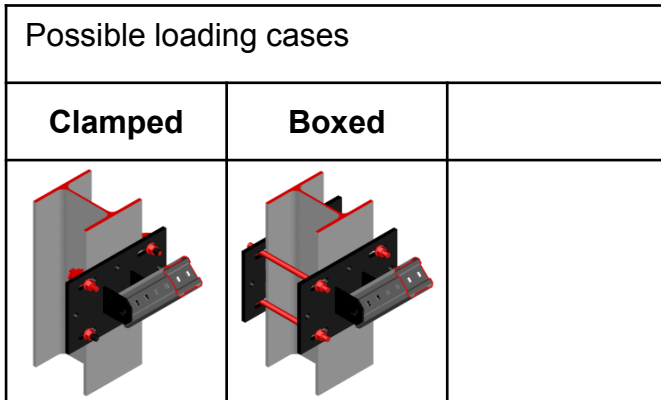


For clamped loading case

For boxed loading case (not attached to the packaging)



MIC-SC-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel



Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Finite element analysis
- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures – Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	09.2011
EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	03.2012
EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-5: Plated structural elements	03.2012
EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012
EN 10025-2	Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels	02.2005
RAL-GZ 655	Pipe Supports	04.2008

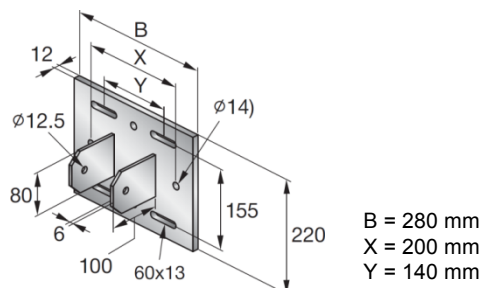
Software:

- Ansys 16.0
- Microsoft Excel
- Mathcad 15

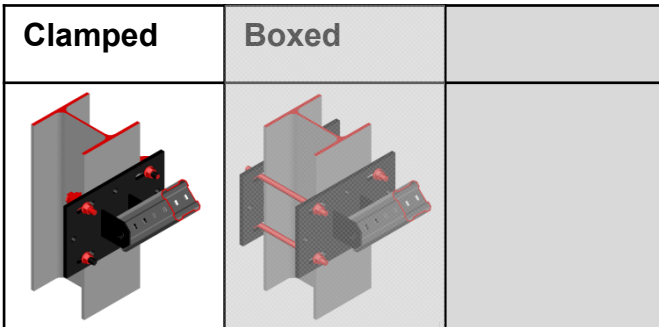
Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

Simplified drawing:



MIC-SC-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel



<p>Loading case: Clamped</p> <p>Bill of Material for this loading case:</p> <p>MIC-SC-MAH 2174673 Hardware not included in packaging: Beam clamps 4x MI-SGC M16 387398</p>	<p>Combinations covered by loading case</p> <p>Connector used for an angled connection of MI-90 to structural steel profiles (bracing). For flange width 235-300mm.</p>
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Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications													
<p>Method</p>	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">$\pm F_{\alpha, rec.}$ [kN]</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0°</td> <td style="text-align: center;">30°</td> <td style="text-align: center;">45°</td> <td style="text-align: center;">60°</td> <td style="text-align: center;">90°</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">11.13</td> <td style="text-align: center;">7.50</td> <td style="text-align: center;">8.83</td> <td style="text-align: center;">7.94</td> <td style="text-align: center;">6.87</td> </tr> </table> <p style="font-size: small;">These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{\alpha, rec.}$ [kN]	0°	30°	45°	60°	90°		11.13	7.50	8.83	7.94	6.87
$\pm F_{\alpha, rec.}$ [kN]	0°	30°	45°	60°	90°								
	11.13	7.50	8.83	7.94	6.87								

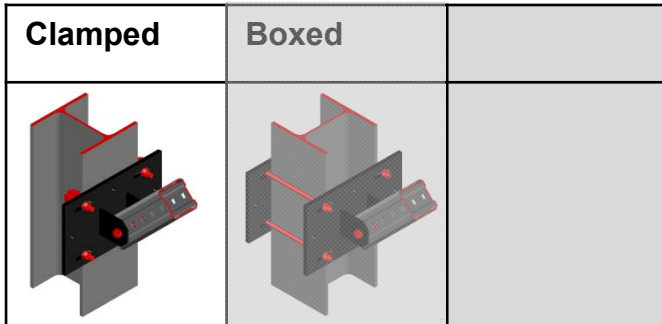
Design loading capacity - 3D	
<p>Method</p>	<p>1/4</p>

Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:		
<p>1. Connection system, including connector and hardware, per FEA simulation</p>	<p>2. Welds - per analytical calculation</p>	<p>3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation</p>

MIC-SC-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



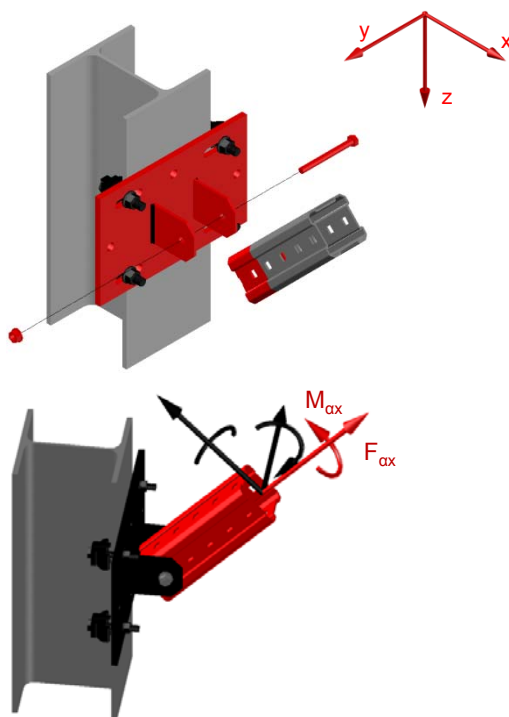
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/4

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector and hardware, per FEA simulation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
16.70	16.70	6.60	6.60	16.70	16.70
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
0.70	0.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Note: Design Strength values for girder Torsion about the αx -axis ($M_{\alpha x}$) are valid for any bracing angle. Values include verification of hexagonal bolt

Interaction:

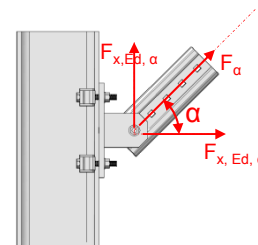
Due to the fact, that the same resistance values as for MIC-CU-MA are decisive, the same interaction formulation can be used:

$$\left(\frac{F'_{x,Ed,\alpha}}{F'_{x,Rd}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F'_{z,Ed,\alpha}}{F'_{z,Rd}}\right)^2 + \frac{F'_{y,Ed}}{F'_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M'_{x,Ed}}{M'_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Use of $F_{\alpha x}$: In case only the force along the brace axis (αx) is known, determinate load components as follows:

$$F'_{x,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \cos(\alpha)$$

$$F'_{z,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \sin(\alpha)$$



Important note: The resistance of steel girder on which connector MIC-SA-MAH is mounted must be checked appropriately by the client. For determination of connector resistances the steel girder is considered to be rigid.

MIC-SC-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

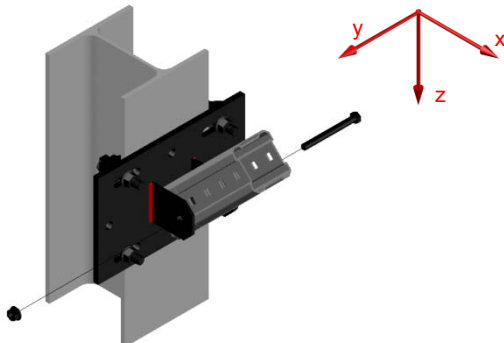
Design loading capacity - 3D

3/4

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

2. Welds - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
325.83	325.83	11.97	11.97	47.45	47.45
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
2.30	2.30	0.00	0.00	15.80	15.80

Note: Design Strength values for girder Torsion about the α -axis (M_{α}) are valid for any bracing angle.

Values include verification of hexagonal bolt

Interaction:

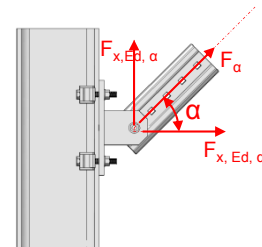
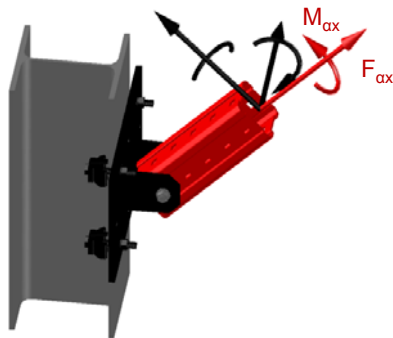
$$\frac{F_{x,Ed,\alpha}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed,\alpha}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Use of F_{α} : In case only the force along the brace axis (α) is known, determine load components as follows:

$$F_{x,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \cos(\alpha)$$

$$F_{z,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \sin(\alpha)$$

$$M_{x,Ed} = M_{\alpha}$$



Important note: The resistance of steel girder on which connector MIC-SA-MAH is mounted must be checked appropriately by the client. For determination of connector resistances the steel girder is considered to be rigid.

MIC-SC-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

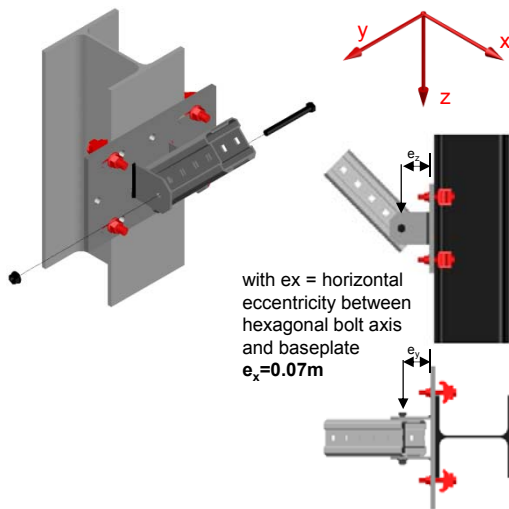
Design loading capacity - 3D

4/4

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
102.40	Not decisive	10.31	10.31	10.31	10.31
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
1.41	1.41	6.66	6.66	8.70	8.70

Normal force interaction:

The eccentricity e_y and e_z between the point of force transfer channel / connector and baseplate, which generates an additional bending moment on the system, must be taken into account in the interaction formula.

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed,\alpha}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed} \times e_y}{M_{z,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed,\alpha} \times e_z}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

with $e_y=e_z=0.070\text{m}$

Shear force interaction:

Shear force interaction for +Fx (tensile normal force):

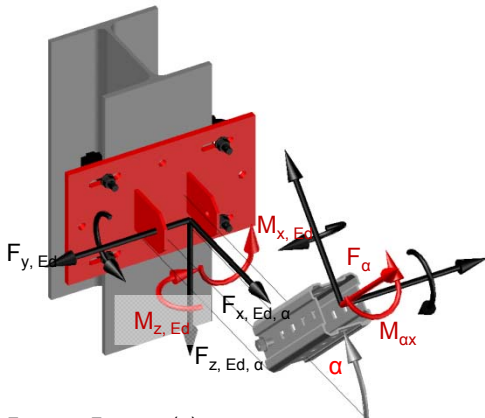
$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)} \leq 1$$

Shear force interaction for -Fx (compressive normal force):

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Note: Due to the fact, that depending on the inclination of the channel, the acting torsional moment M_{ax} can either generate shear or tension, it will be considered in both interactions.

Transition of the forces generated on inclined brace to base material connector's coordinate system



$$F_{x,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \cos(\alpha)$$

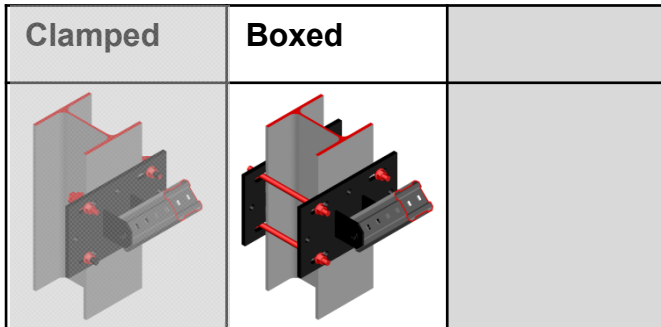
$$F_{z,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \sin(\alpha)$$

$$M_{x,Ed} = M_{\alpha} \times \cos(\alpha)$$

$$M_{z,Ed} = M_{\alpha} \times \sin(\alpha)$$

Important note: The resistance of steel girder on which connector MIC-SA-MAH is mounted must be checked appropriately by the client. For determination of connector resistances the steel girder is considered to be rigid.

MIC-SC-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel



<p>Loading case: Boxed</p> <p>Bill of Material for this loading case: 1x MIC-SC-MAH 2174673 Hardware not included in packaging: Base plate 1x MIB-SCH 2174676 Threaded rods cut to particular length 4x AM16x1000 8.8 HDG...m 419104 Lock washer 8x LW M16 HDG plus washer 2185343 Nut 8x M16-F nut 304767</p>	<p>Combinations covered by loading case</p> <p>Connector used for an angled connection of MI-90 to structural steel profiles (bracing). For flange width 235-300mm.</p>
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Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications													
<p>Method</p>	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>α</th> <th>0°</th> <th>30°</th> <th>45°</th> <th>60°</th> <th>90°</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>$\pm F_{\alpha, rec.}$ [kN]</td> <td>11.13</td> <td>11.13</td> <td>11.13</td> <td>11.13</td> <td>11.13</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="font-size: small;">These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	α	0°	30°	45°	60°	90°	$\pm F_{\alpha, rec.}$ [kN]	11.13	11.13	11.13	11.13	11.13
α	0°	30°	45°	60°	90°								
$\pm F_{\alpha, rec.}$ [kN]	11.13	11.13	11.13	11.13	11.13								

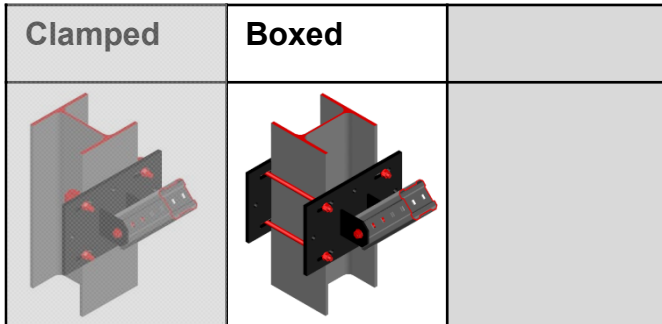
Design loading capacity - 3D		1/4
<p>Method</p>		

Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:		
<p>1. Connection system, including connector and hardware, per FEA simulation</p>	<p>2. Welds - per analytical calculation</p>	<p>3. Base plate and through bolts - per analytical calculation</p>

MIC-SC-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



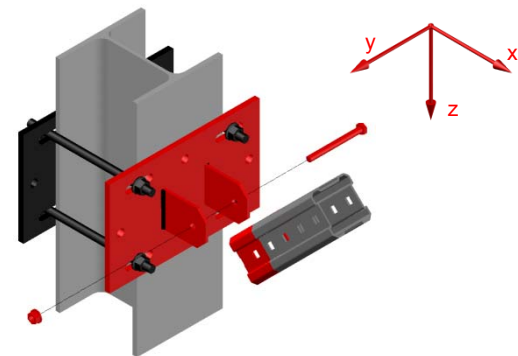
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/4

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Connection system, including connector and hardware, per FEA simulation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
16.70	16.70	6.60	6.60	16.70	16.70
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
0.70	0.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Note: Design Strength values for girder Torsion about the αx -axis ($M_{\alpha x}$) are valid for any bracing angle. Values include verification of hexagonal bolt

Interaction:

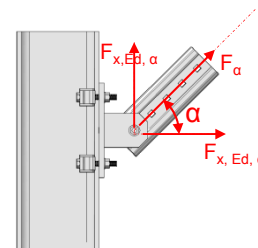
Due to the fact, that the same resistance values as for MIC-CU-MA are decisive, the same interaction formulation can be used:

$$\left(\frac{F'_{x,Ed,\alpha}}{F'_{x,Rd}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F'_{z,Ed,\alpha}}{F'_{z,Rd}}\right)^2 + \frac{F'_{y,Ed}}{F'_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M'_{x,Ed}}{M'_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Use of $F_{\alpha x}$: In case only the force along the brace axis (αx) is known, determinate load components as follows:

$$F'_{x,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \cos(\alpha)$$

$$F'_{z,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \sin(\alpha)$$



Important note: The resistance of steel girder on which connector MIC-SA-MAH is mounted must be checked appropriately by the client. For determination of connector resistances the steel girder is considered to be rigid.

MIC-SC-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

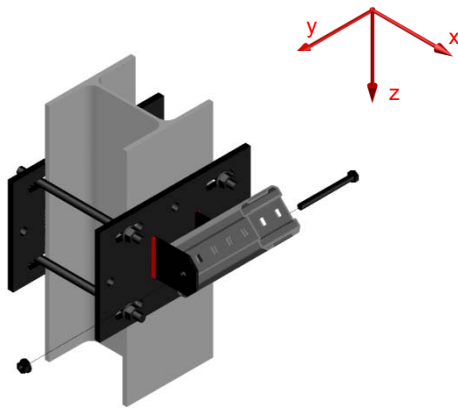
Design loading capacity - 3D

3/4

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

2. Welds - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
325.83	325.83	11.97	11.97	47.45	47.45
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
2.30	2.30	0.00	0.00	15.80	15.80

Note: Design Strength values for girder Torsion about the α -axis (M_{α}) are valid for any bracing angle.

Values include verification of hexagonal bolt

Interaction:

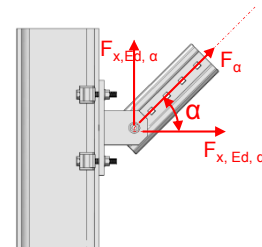
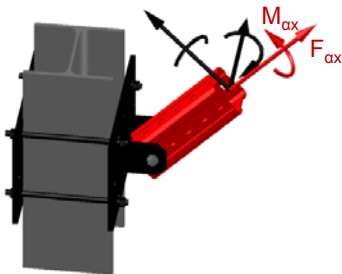
$$\frac{F_{x,Ed,\alpha}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed,\alpha}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Use of F_{α} : In case only the force along the brace axis (α) is known, determine load components as follows:

$$F_{x,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \cos(\alpha)$$

$$F_{z,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \sin(\alpha)$$

$$M_{x,Ed} = M_{\alpha}$$



Important note: The resistance of steel girder on which connector MIC-SA-MAH is mounted must be checked appropriately by the client. For determination of connector resistances the steel girder is considered to be rigid.

MIC-SC-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

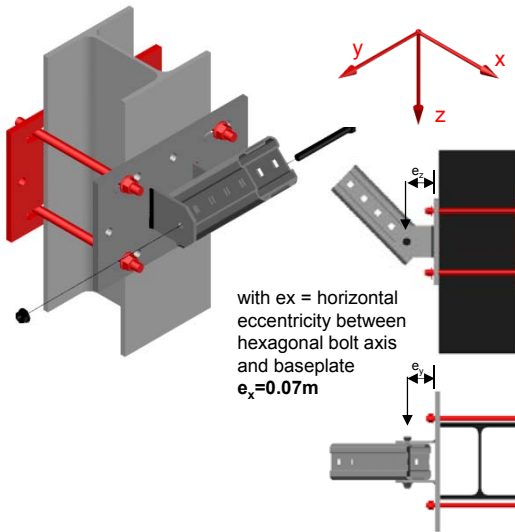
Design loading capacity - 3D

4/4

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

3. Base plate and through bolts - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
150.80	Not decisive	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
2.57	2.57	9.05	9.05	12.82	12.82

Normal force interaction:

The eccentricity e_y and e_z between the point of force transfer channel / connector and baseplate, which generates an additional bending moment on the system, must be taken into account in the interaction formula.

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed,\alpha}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed} \times e_y}{M_{z,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed,\alpha} \times e_z}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

with $e_y = e_z = 0.070\text{m}$

Shear force interaction:

Shear force interaction for +Fx (tensile normal force):

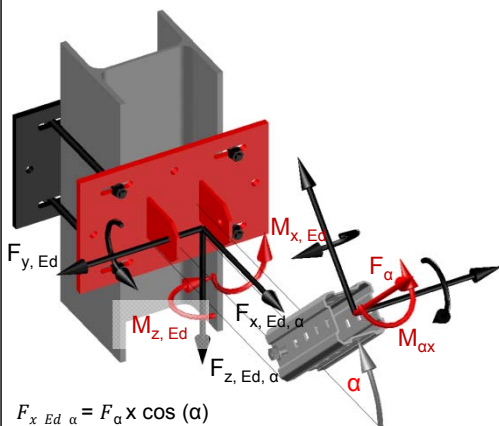
$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)} \leq 1$$

Shear force interaction for -Fx (compressive normal force):

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Note: Due to the fact, that depending on the inclination of the channel, the acting torsional moment $M_{\alpha x}$ can either generate shear or tension, it will be considered in both interactions.

Transition of the forces generated on inclined brace to base material connector's coordinate system



$$F_{x,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \cos(\alpha)$$

$$F_{z,Ed,\alpha} = F_{\alpha} \times \sin(\alpha)$$

$$M_{x,Ed} = M_{\alpha x} \times \cos(\alpha)$$

$$M_{z,Ed} = M_{\alpha x} \times \sin(\alpha)$$

Important note: The resistance of steel girder on which connector MIC-SA-MAH is mounted must be checked appropriately by the client. For determination of connector resistances the steel girder is considered to be rigid.

MI-DGC 90 Base Material Connector - Steel

Designation **MI-DGC 90** Item number **233860**

Corrosion protection:

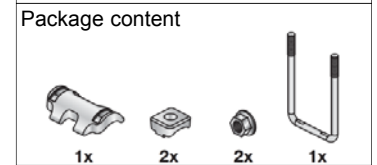
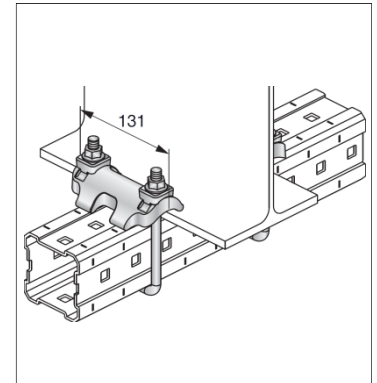
Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Bolt; Nut	ISO 1461	40; 45
Clamp	ISO 1461	55
Beam Clamp U-bolt	ASTM A153	56

Weight:

1015.6 g incl. components

Submittal text:

Hilti Hot-dipped galvanized steel beam clamp, typically used to connect a horizontal MI-90 or MIQ-90 girder to steel beam. Two U-bolts carry the girder and are connected to the clamp with saddles and nuts.

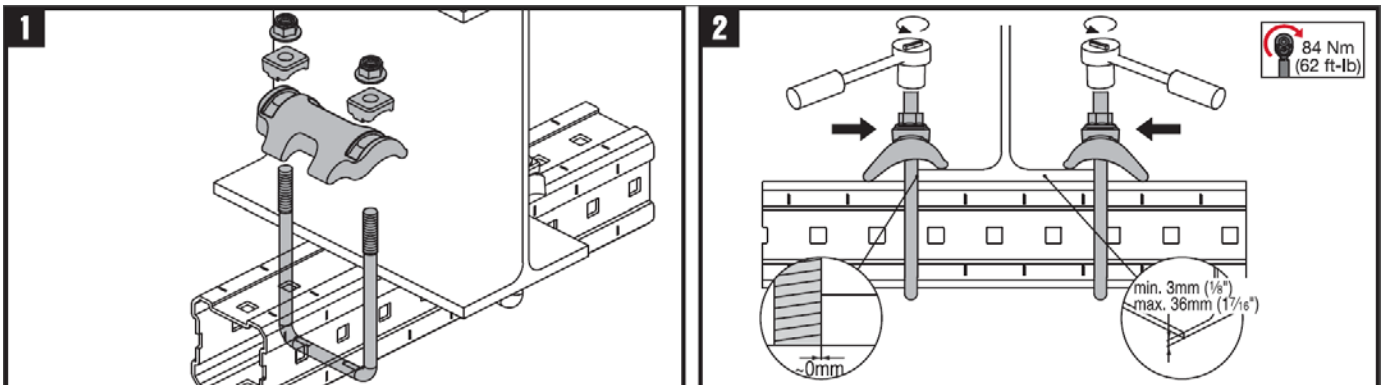


Material properties

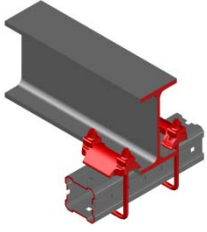
Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Bolt; Nut F Class 8.8 (ISO 898-1); Grade 8 (ISO 898-2)	$f_y = 640 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 800 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Clamp EN-GJMB-450-6 (DIN EN 1562)	$f_y = 270 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 450 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Beam Clamp U-bolt 41Cr4 (DIN EN 10083-3 2007.1)	$f_y = 800 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 1000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:



MI-DGC 90 Base Material Connector - Steel

Possible loading cases		
Standard		
		

Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Analytic calculation
- Hardware tests

Standards and codes:

• EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
• EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures –Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	03.2012
• EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
• EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	09.2010
• EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-5:Plated structural elements	06.2012
• EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012

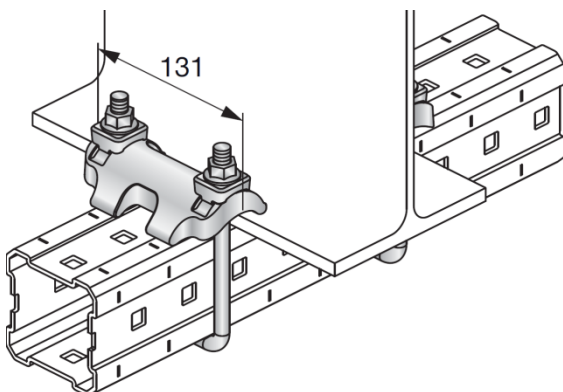
Software:

- Mathcad 15.0
- Microsoft Excel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

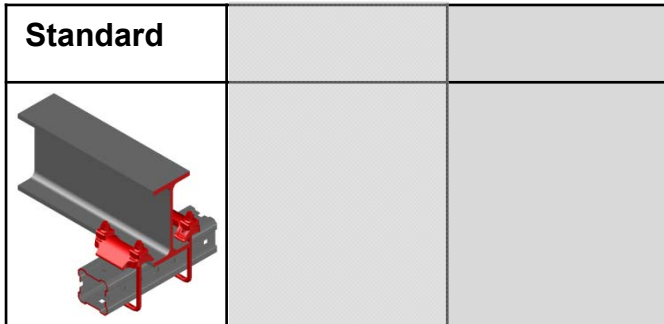
Simplified drawing:



MI-DGC 90 Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



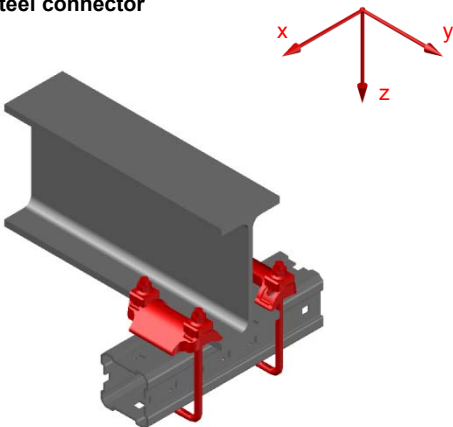
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/2

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Steel connector



valid only for pairwise use

+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
8.93	8.93	6.09	6.09	34.80	34.80
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
1.76	1.76	17.4*x	17.4*x	3.04*x	3.04*x

Interaction:

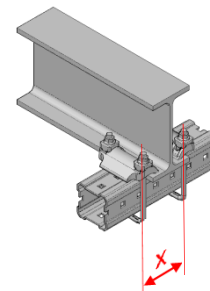
These values valid only for pairwise use.
for tension forces

$$\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} \leq 1$$

for shear forces

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}}\right)^2} \leq 1$$

with x [m] = width of flange + 0,012m



MI-DGC 120 Base Material Connector - Steel

Designation Item number
MI-DGC 120 **233861**

Corrosion protection:

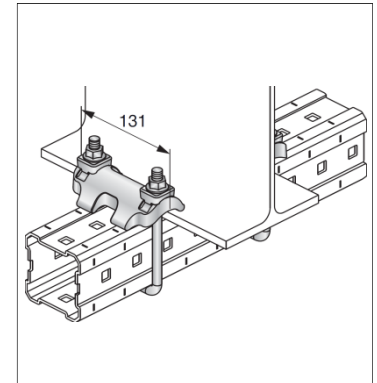
Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Bolt; Nut	ISO 1461	40; 45
Clamp	ISO 1461	55
Beam Clamp U-bolt	ASTM A153	56

Weight:

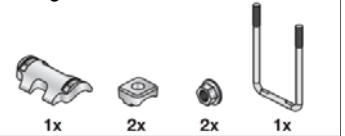
1041.9 g incl. components

Submittal text:

Hilti Hot-dipped galvanized steel beam clamp, typically used to connect a horizontal MI-120 girder to a steel beam. Two U-bolts carry the girder and are connected to the clamp with saddles and nuts.



Package content

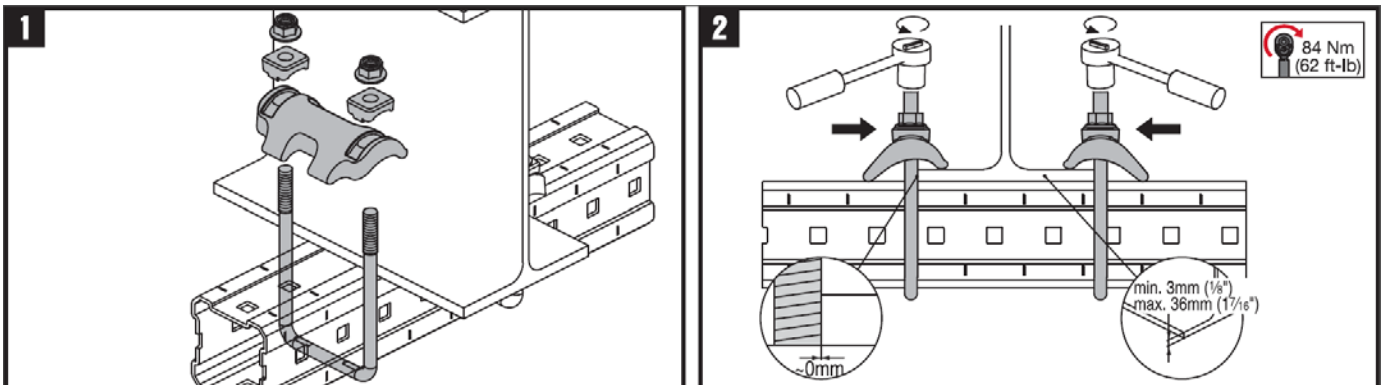


Material properties

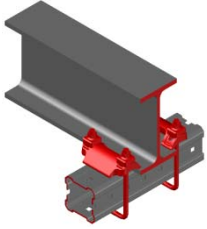
Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Bolt; Nut F Class 8.8 (ISO 898-1); Grade 8 (ISO 898-2)	$f_y = 640 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 800 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Clamp EN-GJMB-450-6 (DIN EN 1562)	$f_y = 270 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 450 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Beam Clamp U-bolt 41Cr4 (DIN EN 10083-3 2007.1)	$f_y = 800 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 1000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:



MI-DGC 120 Base Material Connector - Steel

Possible loading cases		
Standard		
		

Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Analytic calculation
- Hardware tests

Standards and codes:

• EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
• EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures –Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	03.2012
• EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
• EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	09.2010
• EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-5:Plated structural elements	06.2012
• EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures –Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012

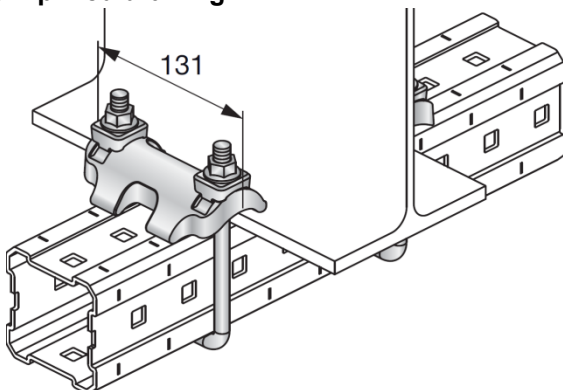
Software:

- Mathcad 15.0
- Microsoft Excel

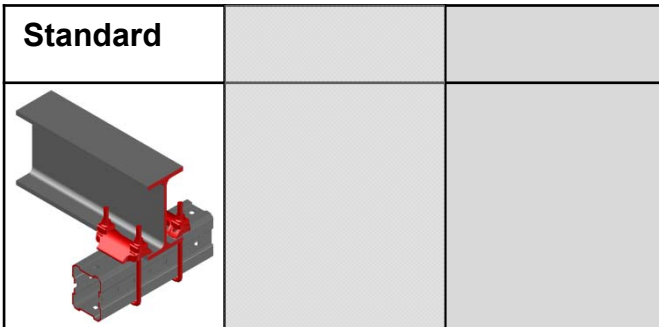
Environmental conditions:

- indoors, outdoors
- static loads
- no fatigue loads

Simplified drawing:



MI-DGC 120 Base Material Connector - Steel



Loading case: Standard	Combinations covered by loading case
<p>BOM:</p> <p>Connector incl. all associated components MI-DGC 120 233861</p> <p>Associated MI System girders (channels) MI-120 3m 304800 MI-120 6m 304801</p>	<p>Connector used for horizontal connection of MI-120 to the flanges of structural steel profiles. Flange thickness 3-36mm.</p>

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

Method							
	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">8.0</td> <td style="text-align: center;">4.0</td> <td style="text-align: center;">23.2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="font-size: small;">These values valid only for pairwise use. These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	8.0	4.0	23.2
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]					
8.0	4.0	23.2					

Design loading capacity - 3D

1/2

Method	

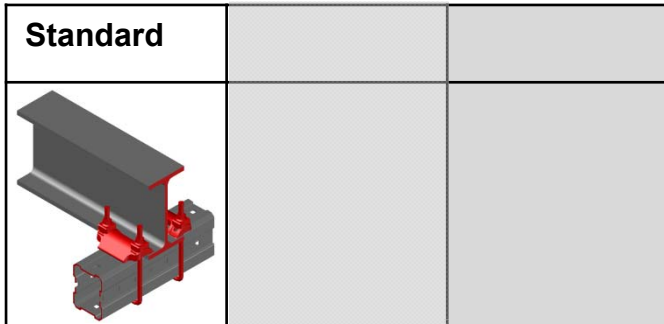
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

<p>1. Steel connector</p>

MI-DGC 120 Base Material Connector - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



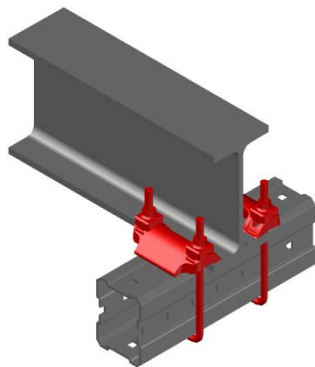
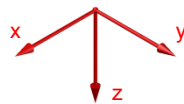
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/2

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing.

1. Steel connector



valid only for pairwise use

+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
8.93	8.93	6.09	6.09	34.80	34.80
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
1.76	1.76	17.4*x	17.4*x	3.04*x	3.04*x

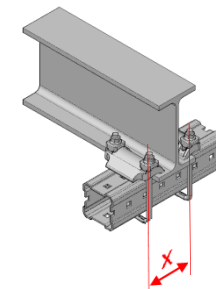
Interaction:

These values valid only for pairwise use.
for tension forces

$$\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} \leq 1$$

for shear forces

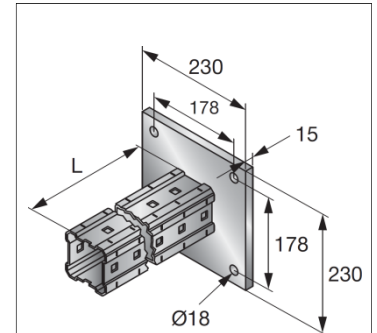
$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}}\right)^2} \leq 1$$



with x [m] = width of flange + 0,012m

MIC-C90-DH-500-2000 Bracket - Concrete

Designation	Item number
MIC-C90-DH- 500	2203572
MIC-C90-DH- 750	2203573
MIC-C90-DH-1000	2203574
MIC-C90-DH-1500	2203575
MIC-C90-DH-2000	2203576



Hardware included per connector



Weight:

MIC-C90-DH- 500	11086g
MIC-C90-DH- 750	13473g
MIC-C90-DH-1000	15860g
MIC-C90-DH-1500	20634g
MIC-C90-DH-2000	25407g

Submittal text:

Hilti Hot-dipped galvanized bracket used as fixed to concrete. Four oblong anchor holes enable fine tuning of baseplate position, and girder is welded on the baseplate.

Designation	L[mm]
MIC-C90-DH - 500	500
MIC-C90-DH - 750	750
MIC-C90-DH -1000	1000
MIC-C90-DH -1500	1500
MIC-C90-DH -2000	2000

Material properties

Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Girder DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

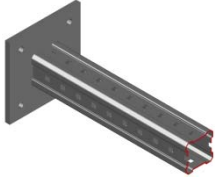
Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:

No IFU attached to the packaging

Respect IFU from the used anchor

MIC-C90-DH-500-2000 Bracket - Concrete

Possible loading cases		
Standard		
		

Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Finite element analysis
- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures – Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	09.2011
EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	03.2012
EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-5: Plated structural elements	03.2012
EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012
EN 10025-2	Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels	02.2005
RAL-GZ 655	Pipe Supports	04.2008

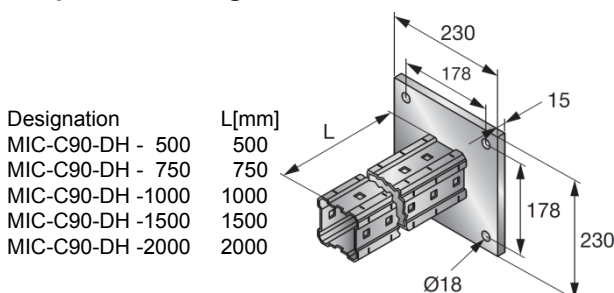
Software:

- Ansys 16.0
- Microsoft Excel
- Mathcad 15

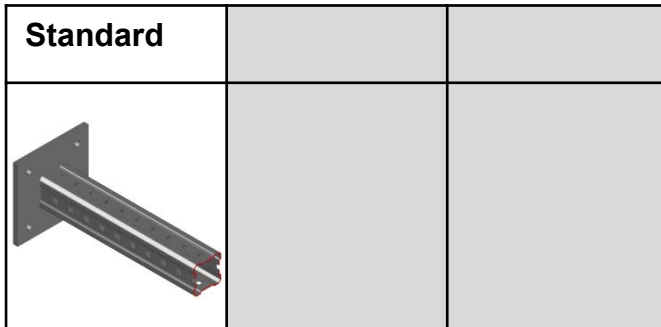
Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

Simplified drawing:



MIC-C90-DH-500-2000 Bracket - Concrete



Loading case: Standard	Combinations covered by loading case
BOM: Brackets: MIC-C90-DH- 500 2203572 MIC-C90-DH- 750 2203573 MIC-C90-DH-1000 2203574 MIC-C90-DH-1500 2203575 MIC-C90-DH-2000 2203576 Associated anchors* for cracked concrete 4x HST3 M16x135 35/15 2105858 *Anchors not incl. in capacity limits	Pre-fab bracket for perpendicular connection to concrete.

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

Method	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$</td> <td>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$</td> <td>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>[kN]</td> <td>[kN]</td> <td>[kN]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>36.0</td> <td>38.13</td> <td>38.13</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">$\pm M_{y,rec.}$</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">[kNm]</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">4.13</td> <td></td> </tr> </table> <p>These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$	[kN]	[kN]	[kN]	36.0	38.13	38.13	$\pm M_{y,rec.}$			[kNm]			4.13		
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$																	
[kN]	[kN]	[kN]																	
36.0	38.13	38.13																	
$\pm M_{y,rec.}$																			
[kNm]																			
4.13																			

Design loading capacity - 3D

1/2

Method	

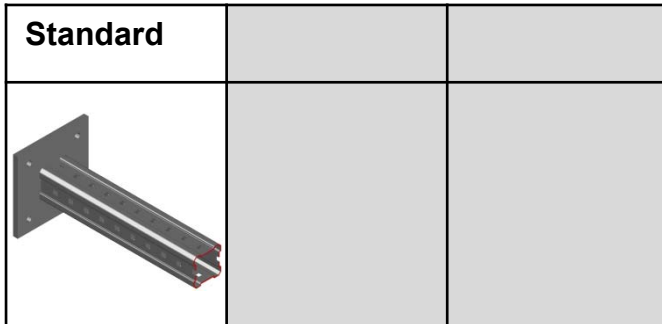
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

1. Base plate and profile of MI-90 girder, per FEA simulation 	2. Welds – per analytical calculation
---	---

MIC-C90-DH-500-2000 Bracket - Concrete

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



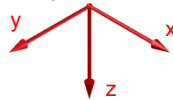
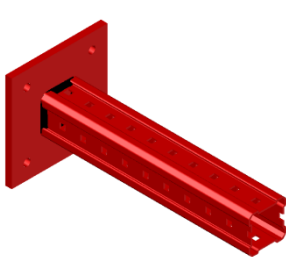
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/2

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing and independent from the cantilever length. So they are valid equally for L=500, 750, 1000, 1500, 2000mm..

1. Base plate and profile of MI-90 girder, per FEA simulation



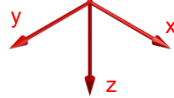
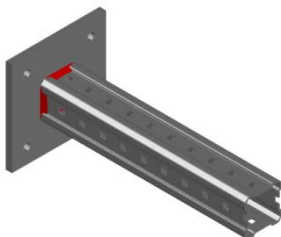
+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
116.60	101.54	57.20	57.20	57.20	57.20
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
4.50	4.50	6.20	6.20	6.20	6.20

includes cross section resistance of steel base plate and channel

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds – per analytical calculation



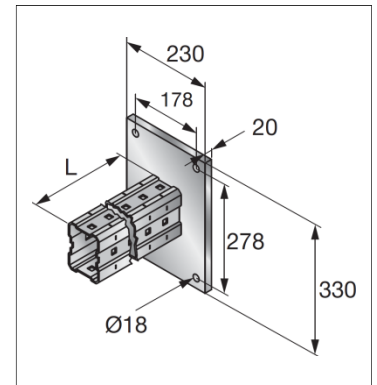
+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
285.11	285.11	116.39	116.39	116.39	116.39
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
9.54	9.54	6.84	6.84	6.84	6.84

Interaction:

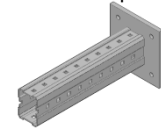
$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-C120-DH-500-2000 Bracket - Concrete

Designation	Item number
MIC-C120-DH- 500	2203577
MIC-C120-DH- 750	2203578
MIC-C120-DH-1000	2203579
MIC-C120-DH-1500	2203580
MIC-C120-DH-2000	2203581



Hardware included per connector



Designation	L[mm]
MIC-C120-DH- 500	500
MIC-C120-DH- 750	750
MIC-C120-DH-1000	1000
MIC-C120-DH-1500	1500
MIC-C120-DH-2000	2000

Weight:

MIC-C120-DH- 500	18528g
MIC-C120-DH- 750	21715g
MIC-C120-DH-1000	24903g
MIC-C120-DH-1500	31278g
MIC-C120-DH-2000	37653g

Submittal text:

Hilti Hot-dipped galvanized bracket used as fixed to concrete. Four oblong anchor holes enable fine tuning of baseplate position, and girder is welded on the baseplate.

Material properties

Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Girder DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

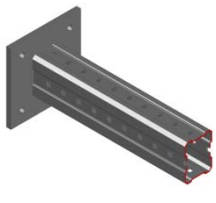
Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:

No IFU attached to the packaging

Respect IFU from the used anchor

MIC-C120-DH-500-2000 Bracket - Concrete

Possible loading cases		
Standard		
		

Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Finite element analysis
- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures – Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	09.2011
EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	03.2012
EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-5: Plated structural elements	03.2012
EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012
EN 10025-2	Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels	02.2005
RAL-GZ 655	Pipe Supports	04.2008

Software:

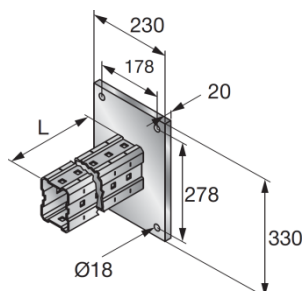
- Ansys 16.0
- Microsoft Excel
- Mathcad 15

Validity:

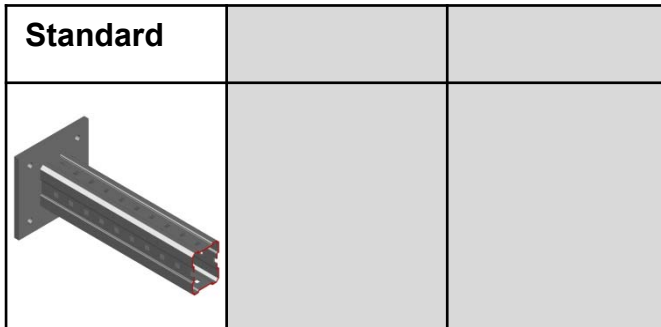
- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

Simplified drawing:

Designation	L[mm]
MIC-C120-DH- 500	500
MIC-C120-DH- 750	750
MIC-C120-DH-1000	1000
MIC-C120-DH-1500	1500
MIC-C120-DH-2000	2000



MIC-C120-DH-500-2000 Bracket - Concrete



Loading case: Standard	Combinations covered by loading case
BOM: Brackets: MIC-C120-DH- 500 2203577 MIC-C120-DH- 750 2203578 MIC-C120-DH-1000 2203579 MIC-C120-DH-1500 2203580 MIC-C120-DH-2000 2203581 Associated anchors* for cracked concrete 4x HST3 M16x135 35/15 2105858 *Anchors not incl. in capacity limits	Pre-fab bracket for perpendicular connection to concrete.

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

Method									
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>36.0</td> <td>41.73</td> <td>63.2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>4.23</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	36.0	41.73	63.2	$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]	4.23
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]							
36.0	41.73	63.2							
$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]									
4.23									

Design loading capacity - 3D

1/2

Method	

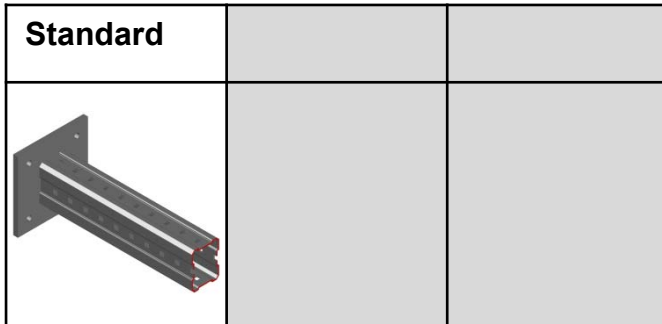
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

1. Base plate and profile of MI-120 girder, per FEA simulation 	2. Welds – per analytical calculation
--	---

MIC-C120-DH-500-2000 Bracket - Concrete

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



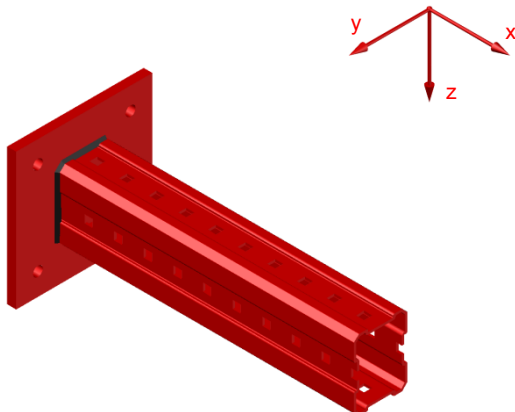
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/2

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing and independent from the cantilever length. So they are valid equally for L=500, 750, 1000, 1500, 2000mm..

1. Base plate and profile of MI-120 girder, per FEA simulation



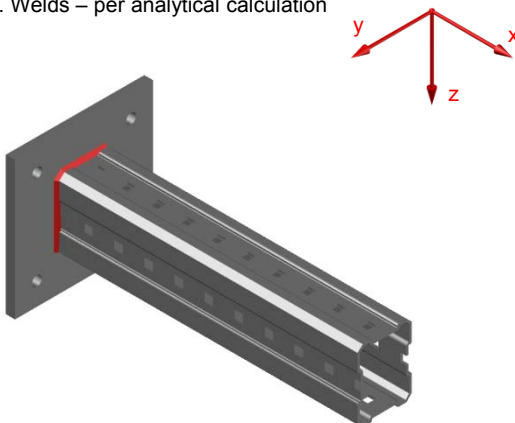
+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
132.00	132.97	62.60	62.60	94.80	94.80
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
6.80	6.80	10.00	10.00	8.72	8.72

includes cross section resistance of steel base plate and channel

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds – per analytical calculation



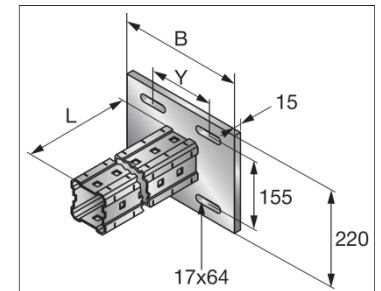
+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
346.20	346.20	116.39	116.39	166.28	166.28
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
13.34	13.34	11.91	11.91	10.28	10.28

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

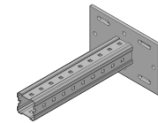
MIC-S90-AH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel

Designation	Item number
MIC-S90-AH- 500	2203582
MIC-S90-AH- 750	2203583
MIC-S90-AH-1000	2203584
MIC-S90-AH-1500	2203585
MIC-S90-AH-2000	2203586



B = 280mm
 X = 200mm
 Y = 140mm

Hardware included per connector



Weight:

MIC-S90-AH- 500	11773g
MIC-S90-AH- 750	14160g
MIC-S90-AH-1000	16546g
MIC-S90-AH-1500	21320g
MIC-S90-AH-2000	26094g

Submittal text:

Hilti Hot-dipped galvanized bracket used as fixed to structural steel profiles.
 The fixation could be done by two different principles.
 First principle is clamping, using four beam clamps clamped on flange of the structural steel profile.

Designation	L[mm]
MIC-S90-AH- 500	500
MIC-S90-AH- 750	750
MIC-S90-AH-1000	1000
MIC-S90-AH-1500	1500
MIC-S90-AH-2000	2000

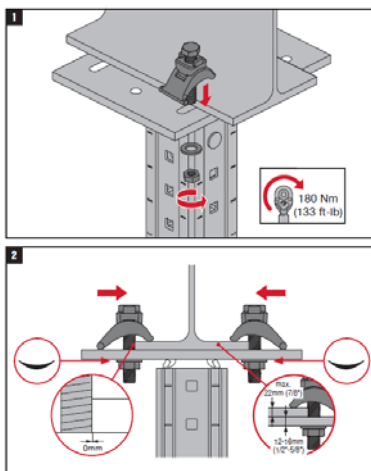
Material properties				
Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Girder DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

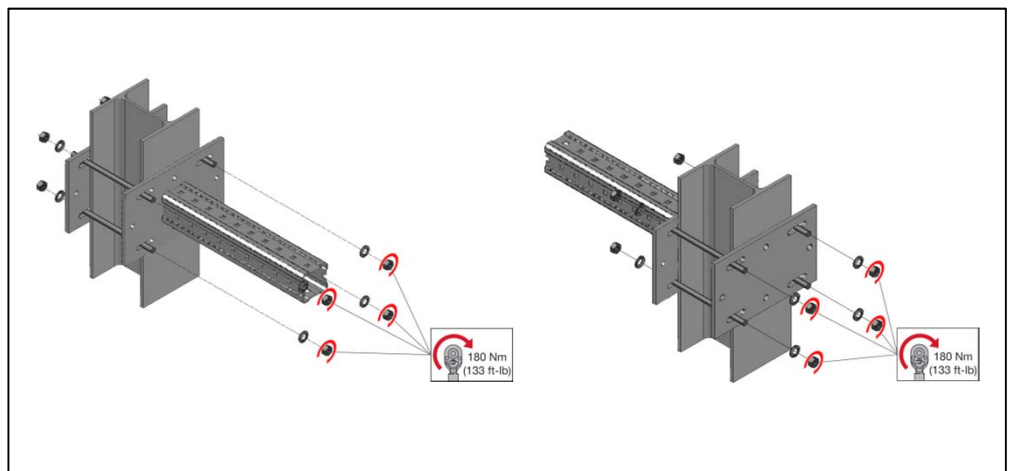
Instruction For Use:

No IFU attached to the packaging

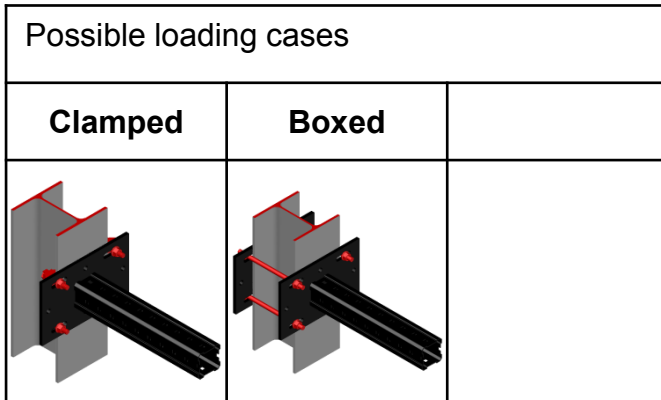
For clamped loading case



For boxed loading case (not attached to the packaging)



MIC-S90-AH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel



Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Finite element analysis
- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures – Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	09.2011
EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	03.2012
EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-5: Plated structural elements	03.2012
EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012
EN 10025-2	Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels	02.2005
RAL-GZ 655	Pipe Supports	04.2008

Software:

- Ansys 18.2
- Microsoft Excel
- Mathcad 15

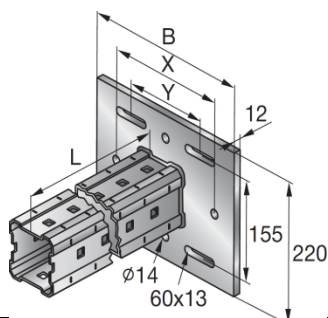
Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

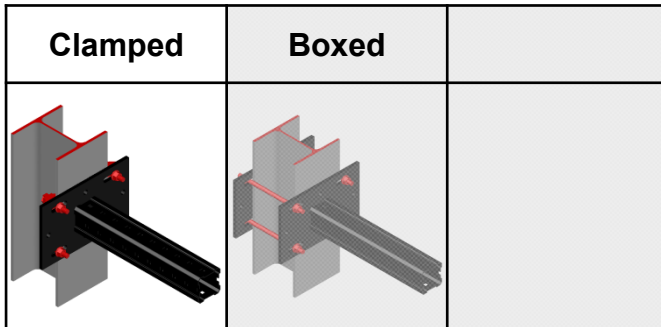
Simplified drawing:

Designation	L[mm]
MIC-S90-AH- 500	500
MIC-S90-AH- 750	750
MIC-S90-AH-1000	1000
MIC-S90-AH-1500	1500
MIC-S90-AH-2000	2000

B = 280mm
 X = 200mm
 Y = 140mm



MIC-S90-AH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel



Loading case: Clamped	Combinations covered by loading case
BOM: Brackets: 1x MIC-S90-AH- 500 2203582 MIC-S90-AH- 750 2203583 MIC-S90-AH-1000 2203584 MIC-S90-AH-1500 2203585 MIC-S90-AH-2000 2203586 Beam clamps 4x MI-SGC M16 387398	Pre-fab bracket for perpendicular connection to structural steel profiles flanges. Flange width 75-165mm.

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

Method									
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>63.93</td> <td>6.87</td> <td>6.87</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>4.05</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	63.93	6.87	6.87	$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]	4.05
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]							
63.93	6.87	6.87							
$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]									
4.05									

Design loading capacity - 3D 1/3

Method	

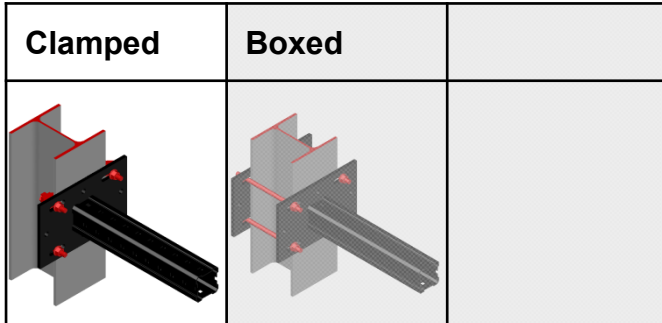
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

1. Bracket per FEA simulation 	2. Welds – per analytical calculation 	3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation
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MIC-S90-AH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



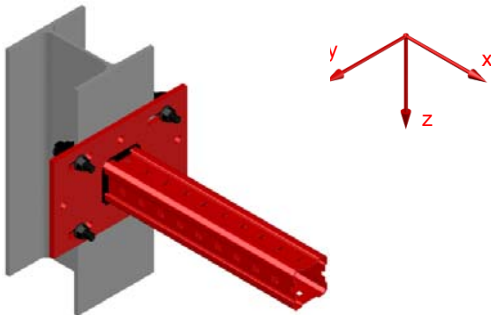
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing and independent from the cantilever length. So they are valid equally for L=500, 750, 1000, 1500, 2000mm..

1. Bracket per FEA simulation



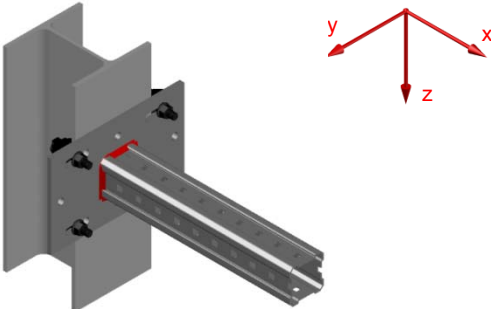
+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
95.90	101.54	57.20	57.20	57.20	57.20
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
4.50	4.50	6.08	6.08	6.08	6.08

includes cross section resistance of steel base plate and channel

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds – per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
285.11	285.11	116.39	116.39	116.39	116.39
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
9.54	9.54	6.84	6.84	6.84	6.84

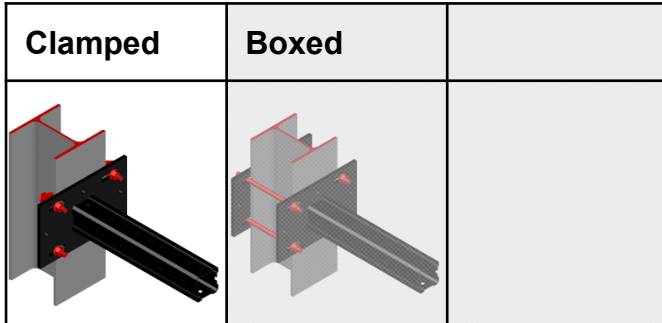
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-S90-AH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



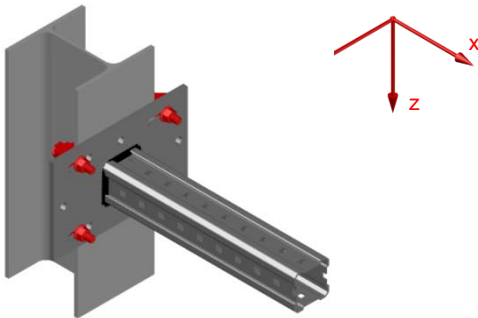
Design loading capacity - 3D

3/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing and independent from the cantilever length. So they are valid equally for L=500, 750, 1000, 1500, 2000mm..

3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
102.40	Not decisive	10.31	10.31	10.31	10.31
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
0.84	0.84	7.37	7.37	4.25	4.25

Interaction:

Normal force interaction:

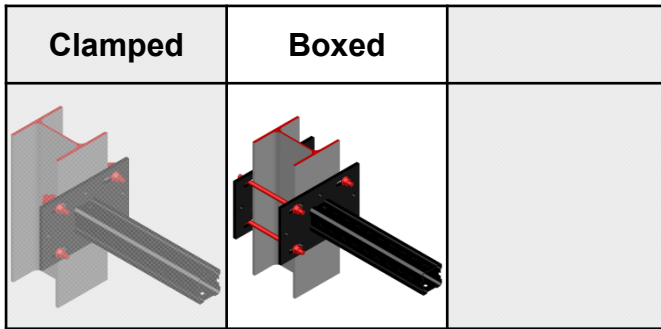
$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Shear force interaction:

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)} \leq 1$$

Important note: The resistance of steel girder on which connector MIC-SA-MAH is mounted must be checked appropriately by the client. For determination of connector resistances the steel girder is considered to be rigid.

MIC-S90-AH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel



Loading case: Boxed	Combinations covered by loading case																		
<p>BOM:</p> <p>Brackets:</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>1x MIC-S90-AH- 500</td> <td>2203582</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MIC-S90-AH- 750</td> <td>2203583</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MIC-S90-AH-1000</td> <td>2203584</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MIC-S90-AH-1500</td> <td>2203585</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MIC-S90-AH-2000</td> <td>2203586</td> </tr> </table> <p>Base plate</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>1x MIB-SBH</td> <td>2174675</td> </tr> </table> <p>Threaded rods cut to particular length</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>4x AM16x1000 8.8 HDG...m</td> <td>419104</td> </tr> </table> <p>Lock washer</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>8x LW M16 HDG plus washer</td> <td>2185343</td> </tr> </table> <p>Nut</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>8x M16-F nut</td> <td>304767</td> </tr> </table>	1x MIC-S90-AH- 500	2203582	MIC-S90-AH- 750	2203583	MIC-S90-AH-1000	2203584	MIC-S90-AH-1500	2203585	MIC-S90-AH-2000	2203586	1x MIB-SBH	2174675	4x AM16x1000 8.8 HDG...m	419104	8x LW M16 HDG plus washer	2185343	8x M16-F nut	304767	<p>Pre-fab bracket for perpendicular connection to structural steel</p> <p>Profiles boxing it with two base plates.</p> <p>Flange width 75-165mm.</p>
1x MIC-S90-AH- 500	2203582																		
MIC-S90-AH- 750	2203583																		
MIC-S90-AH-1000	2203584																		
MIC-S90-AH-1500	2203585																		
MIC-S90-AH-2000	2203586																		
1x MIB-SBH	2174675																		
4x AM16x1000 8.8 HDG...m	419104																		
8x LW M16 HDG plus washer	2185343																		
8x M16-F nut	304767																		

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

Method									
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>+Fx,rec. [kN]</th> <th>±Fy,rec. [kN]</th> <th>±Fz,rec. [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>67.07</td> <td>13.77</td> <td>13.77</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>±My,rec. [kNm]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>4.05</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	+Fx,rec. [kN]	±Fy,rec. [kN]	±Fz,rec. [kN]	67.07	13.77	13.77	±My,rec. [kNm]	4.05
+Fx,rec. [kN]	±Fy,rec. [kN]	±Fz,rec. [kN]							
67.07	13.77	13.77							
±My,rec. [kNm]									
4.05									

Design loading capacity - 3D

1/3

Method	

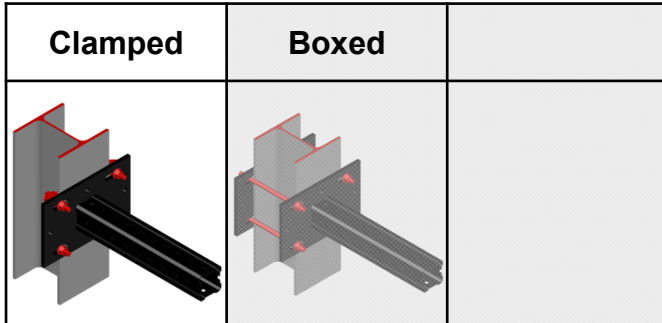
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

1. Bracket per FEA simulation 	2. Welds - per analytical calculation 	3. Base plate and through bolts - per analytical calculation
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MIC-S90-AH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



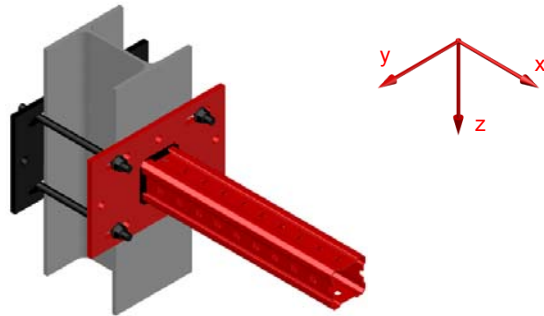
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing and independent from the cantilever length. So they are valid equally for L=500, 750, 1000, 1500, 2000mm..

1. Bracket per FEA simulation



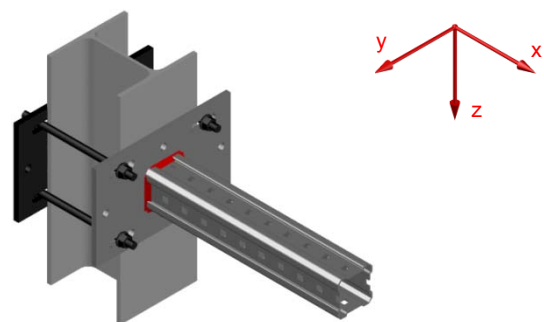
+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
100.60	101.54	57.20	57.20	57.20	57.20
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
4.50	4.50	6.08	6.08	6.08	6.08

includes cross section resistance of steel base plate and channel

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
285.11	285.11	116.39	116.39	116.39	116.39
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
9.54	9.54	6.84	6.84	6.84	6.84

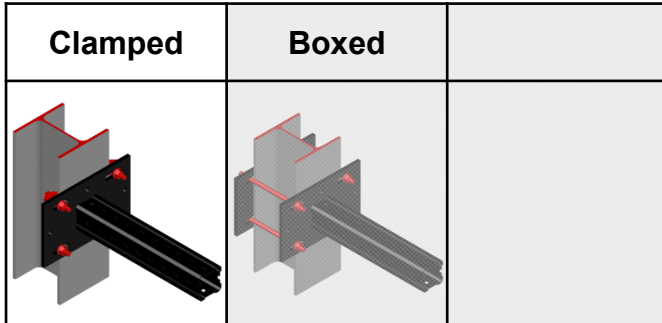
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-S90-AH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



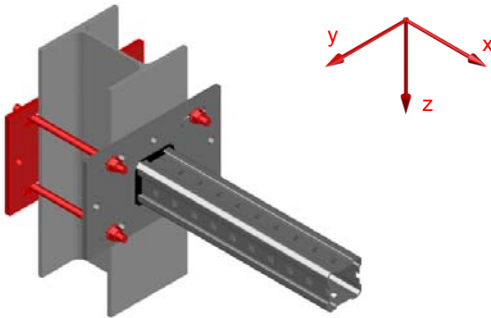
Design loading capacity - 3D

3/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing and independent from the cantilever length. So they are valid equally for L=500, 750, 1000, 1500, 2000mm..

3. Base plate and through bolts - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
164.00	Not decisive	20.66	20.66	20.66	20.66
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
1.67	1.67	11.64	11.64	6.81	6.81

Interaction:

Normal force interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

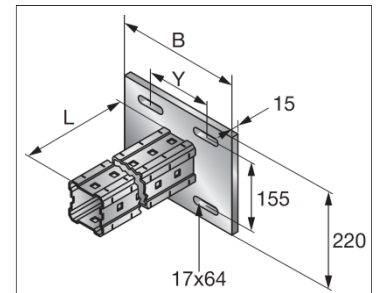
Shear force interaction:

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)} \leq 1$$

Important note: The resistance of steel girder on which connector MIC-SA-MAH is mounted must be checked appropriately by the client. For determination of connector resistances the steel girder is considered to be rigid.

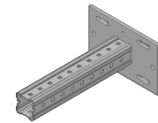
MIC-S90-BH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel

Designation	Item number
MIC-S90-BH- 500	2203587
MIC-S90-BH- 750	2203588
MIC-S90-BH-1000	2203589
MIC-S90-BH-1500	2203590
MIC-S90-BH-2000	2203591



B = 350mm
X = 300mm
Y = 210mm

Hardware included per connector



Corrosion protection:		
Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Bracket	ISO 1461	55

Weight:

MIC-S90-BH- 500	13666g
MIC-S90-BH- 750	16052g
MIC-S90-BH-1000	18439g
MIC-S90-BH-1500	23213g
MIC-S90-BH-2000	27986g

Submittal text:

Hilti Hot-dipped galvanized bracket used as fixed to structural steel profiles. The fixation could be done by two different principles. First principle is clamping, using four beam clamps clamped on flange of the structural steel profile.

Designation	L[mm]
MIC-S90-BH- 500	500
MIC-S90-BH- 750	750
MIC-S90-BH-1000	1000
MIC-S90-BH-1500	1500
MIC-S90-BH-2000	2000

Material properties				
Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Girder DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

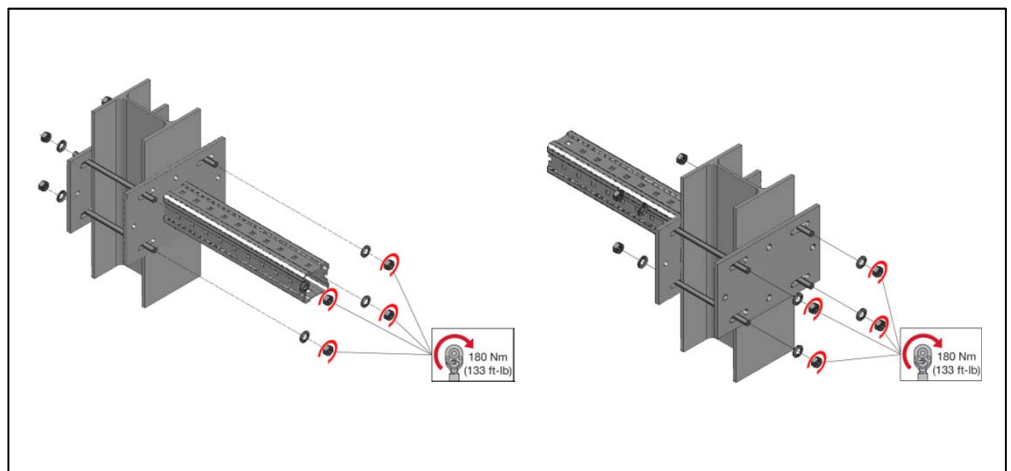
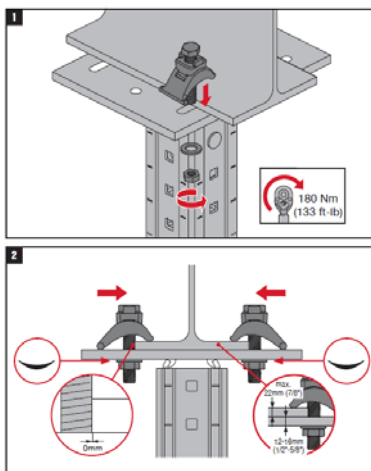
Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:

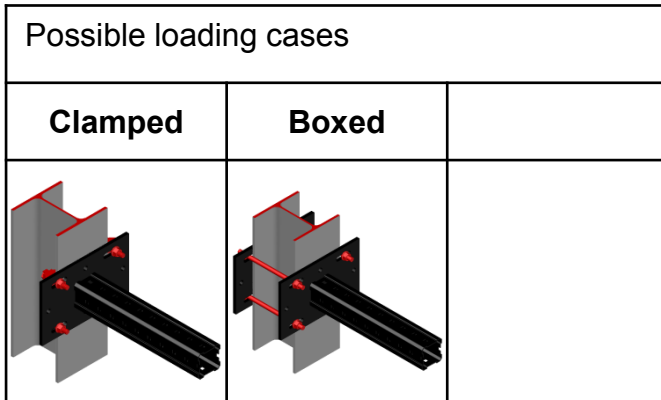
No IFU attached to the packaging

For clamped loading case

For boxed loading case (not attached to the packaging)



MIC-S90-BH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel



Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Finite element analysis
- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures – Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	09.2011
EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	03.2012
EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-5: Plated structural elements	03.2012
EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012
EN 10025-2	Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels	02.2005
RAL-GZ 655	Pipe Supports	04.2008

Software:

- Ansys 18.2
- Microsoft Excel
- Mathcad 15

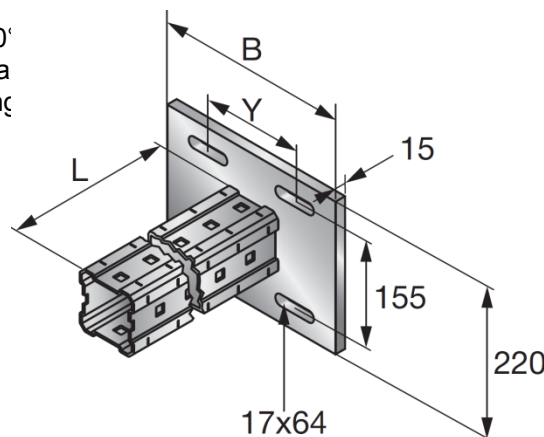
Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°
- Published allowable load including those resulting

Simplified drawing:

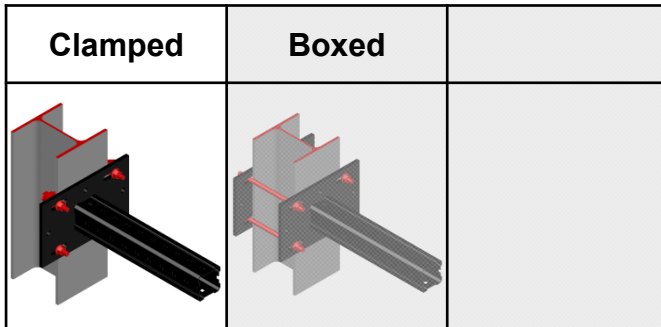
B = 350mm
X = 300mm
Y = 210mm

Designation	L[mm]
MIC-S90-BH- 500	500
MIC-S90-BH- 750	750
MIC-S90-BH-1000	1000
MIC-S90-BH-1500	1500
MIC-S90-BH-2000	2000



conditions. Non-static forces, en into account during design.

MIC-S90-BH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel



Loading case: Clamped	Combinations covered by loading case
BOM: Brackets: 1x MIC-S90-BH- 500 2203587 MIC-S90-BH- 750 2203588 MIC-S90-BH-1000 2203589 MIC-S90-BH-1500 2203590 MIC-S90-BH-2000 2203591 Beam clamps 4x MI-SGC M16 387398	Pre-fab bracket for perpendicular connection to structural steel profiles flanges. Flange width 165-235mm.

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

Method									
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>48.00</td> <td>6.87</td> <td>6.87</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>4.05</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	48.00	6.87	6.87	$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]	4.05
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]							
48.00	6.87	6.87							
$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]									
4.05									

Design loading capacity - 3D 1/3

Method	

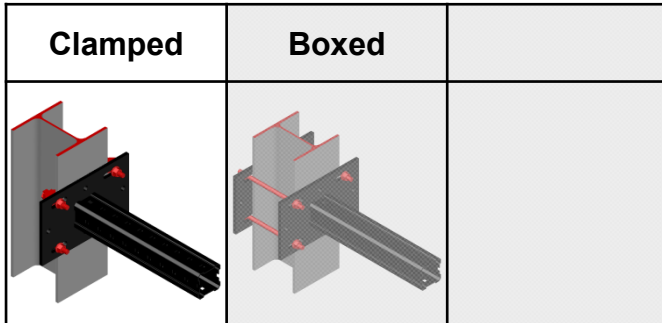
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

1. Bracket per FEA simulation 	2. Welds – per analytical calculation 	3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation
-----------------------------------	---	---

MIC-S90-BH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



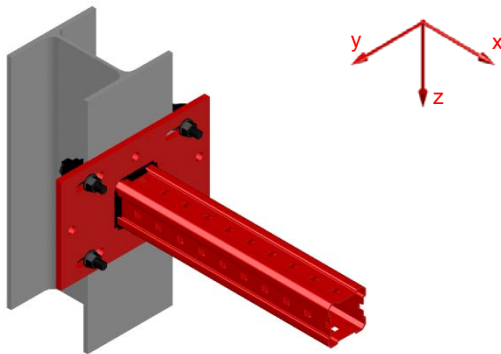
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing and independent from the cantilever length. So they are valid equally for L=500, 750, 1000, 1500, 2000mm..

1. Bracket per FEA simulation



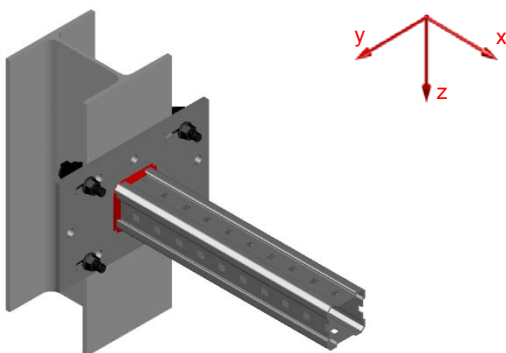
+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
72.00	101.54	57.20	57.20	57.20	57.20
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
4.50	4.50	6.08	6.08	6.08	6.08

includes cross section resistance of steel base plate and channel

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
285.11	285.11	116.39	116.39	116.39	116.39
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
9.54	9.54	6.84	6.84	6.84	6.84

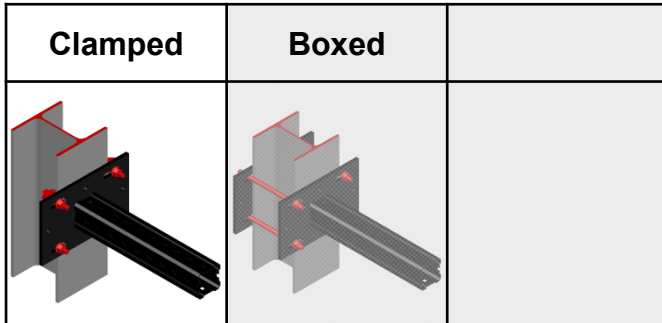
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-S90-BH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



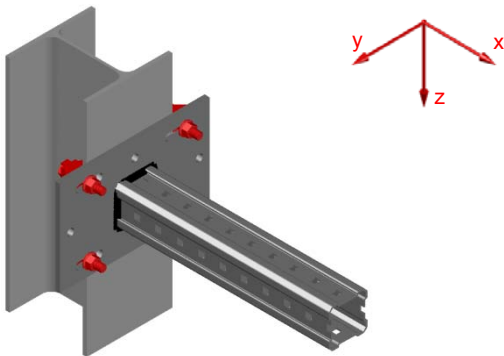
Design loading capacity - 3D

3/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing and independent from the cantilever length. So they are valid equally for L=500, 750, 1000, 1500, 2000mm..

3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
102.40	Not decisive	10.31	10.31	10.31	10.31
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
1.12	1.12	7.37	7.37	6.81	6.81

includes cross section resistance of steel base plate and channel

Interaction:

Normal force interaction:

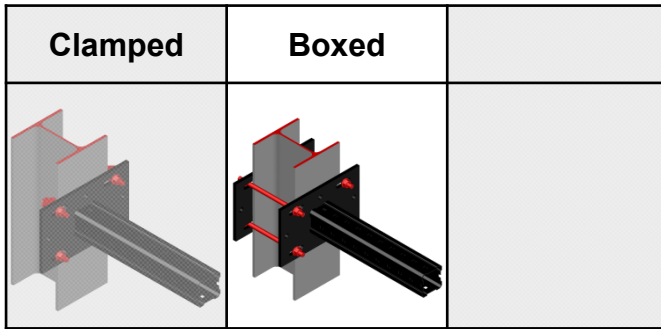
$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Shear force interaction:

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)} \leq 1$$

Important note: The resistance of steel girder on which connector MIC-SA-MAH is mounted must be checked appropriately by the client. For determination of connector resistances the steel girder is considered to be rigid.

MIC-S90-BH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel



<p>Loading case: Boxed</p> <p>BOM: Brackets: 1x MIC-S90-BH- 500 2203587 MIC-S90-BH- 750 2203588 MIC-S90-BH-1000 2203589 MIC-S90-BH-1500 2203590 MIC-S90-BH-2000 2203591</p> <p>Base plate 1x MIB-SBH 2174675 Threaded rods cut to particular length 4x AM16x1000 8.8 HDG...m 419104 Lock washer 8x LW M16 HDG plus washer 2185343 Nut 8x M16-F nut 304767</p>	<p>Combinations covered by loading case</p> <p>Pre-fab bracket for perpendicular connection to structural steel Profiles boxing it with two base plates. Flange width 165-235mm.</p>
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Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

<p>Method</p>	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</td> <td>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</td> <td>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">49.93</td> <td style="text-align: center;">13.34</td> <td style="text-align: center;">13.34</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3" style="text-align: center;">$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3" style="text-align: center;">4.05</td> </tr> </table> <p><small>These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</small></p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	49.93	13.34	13.34	$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kN]			4.05		
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]											
49.93	13.34	13.34											
$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kN]													
4.05													

Design loading capacity - 3D

1/3

<p>Method</p>	
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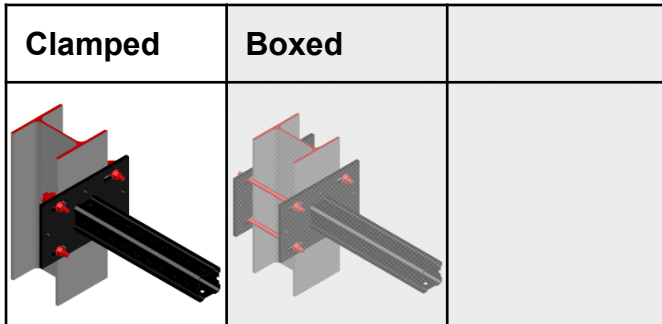
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

<p>1. Bracket per FEA simulation</p>	<p>2. Welds - per analytical calculation</p>	<p>3. Base plate and through bolts - per analytical calculation</p>
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MIC-S90-BH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



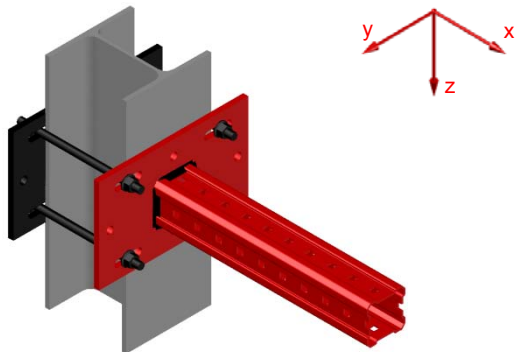
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing and independent from the cantilever length. So they are valid equally for L=500, 750, 1000, 1500, 2000mm..

1. Bracket per FEA simulation



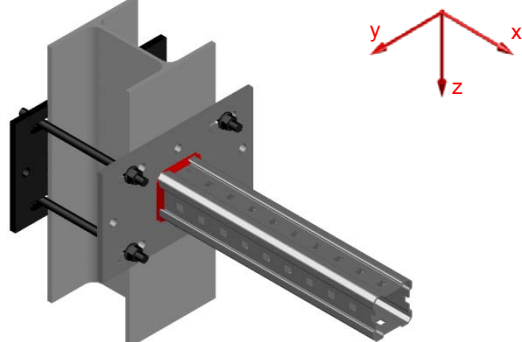
+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
74.90	101.54	57.20	57.20	57.20	57.20
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
4.50	4.50	6.08	6.08	6.08	6.08

includes cross section resistance of steel base plate and channel

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
285.11	285.11	116.39	116.39	116.39	116.39
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
9.54	9.54	6.84	6.84	6.84	6.84

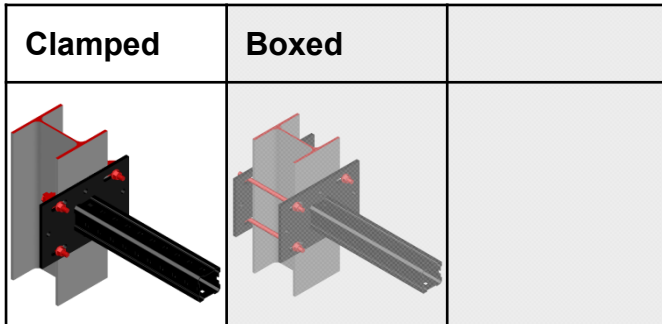
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-S90-BH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



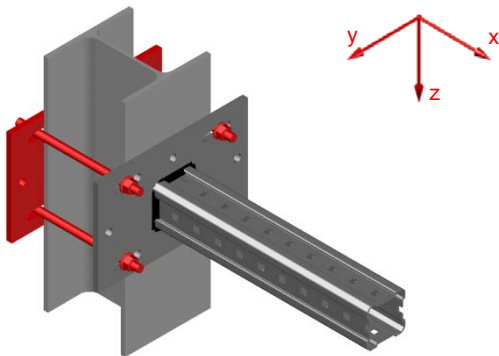
Design loading capacity - 3D

3/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing and independent from the cantilever length. So they are valid equally for L=500, 750, 1000, 1500, 2000mm..

3. Base plate and through bolts - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
158.80	Not decisive	20.01	20.01	20.01	20.01
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
2.06	2.06	11.27	11.27	10.56	10.56

includes cross section resistance of steel base plate and channel

Interaction:

Normal force interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Shear force interaction:

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)} \leq 1$$

Important note: The resistance of steel girder on which connector MIC-SA-MAH is mounted must be checked appropriately by the client. For determination of connector resistances the steel girder is considered to be rigid.

MIC-S90-CH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel

Designation	Item number
MIC-S90-CH- 500	2203592
MIC-S90-CH- 750	2203593
MIC-S90-CH-1000	2203594
MIC-S90-CH-1500	2203595
MIC-S90-CH-2000	2203596

Corrosion protection:

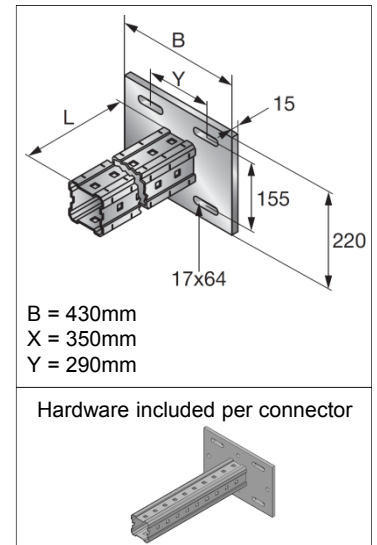
Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Bracket	ISO 1461	55

Weight:

MIC-S90-CH- 500	15808g
MIC-S90-CH- 750	18195g
MIC-S90-CH-1000	20582g
MIC-S90-CH-1500	25355g
MIC-S90-CH-2000	30129g

Submittal text:

Hilti Hot-dipped galvanized bracket used as fixed to structural steel profiles. The fixation could be done by two different principles. First principle is clamping, using four beam clamps clamped on flange of the structural steel profile.



Designation	L[mm]
MIC-S90-CH- 500	500
MIC-S90-CH- 750	750
MIC-S90-CH-1000	1000
MIC-S90-CH-1500	1500
MIC-S90-CH-2000	2000

Material properties

Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Girder DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

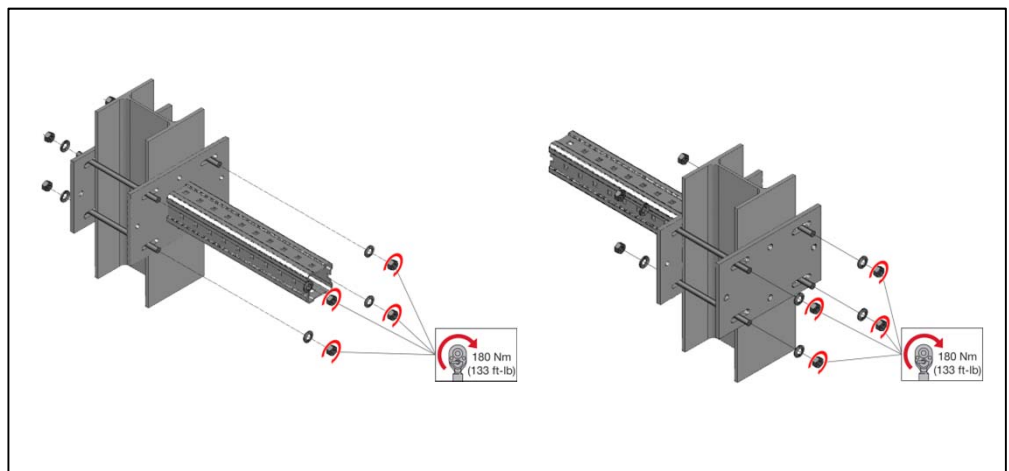
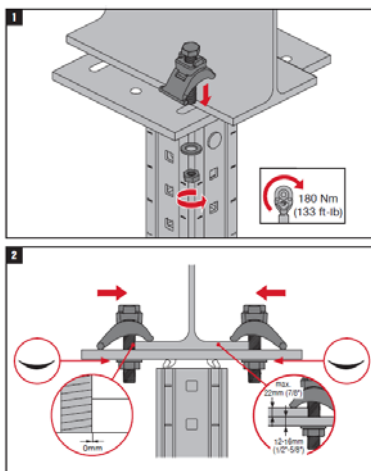
Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:

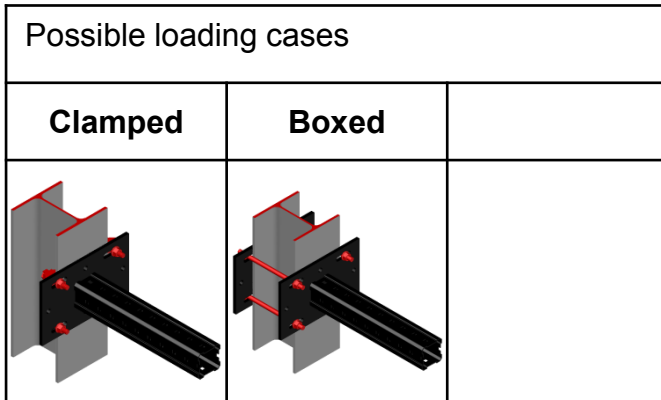
No IFU attached to the packaging

For clamped loading case

For boxed loading case (not attached to the packaging)



MIC-S90-CH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel



Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Finite element analysis
- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures – Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	09.2011
EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	03.2012
EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-5: Plated structural elements	03.2012
EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012
EN 10025-2	Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels	02.2005
RAL-GZ 655	Pipe Supports	04.2008

Software:

- Ansys 18.2
- Microsoft Excel
- Mathcad 15

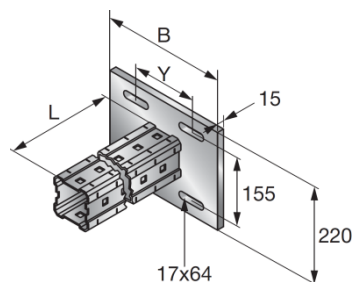
Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

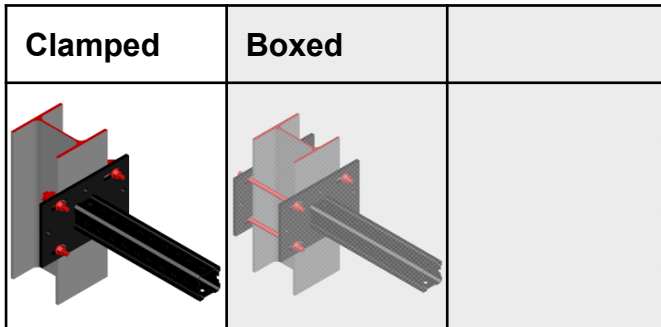
Simplified drawing:

B = 430mm
X = 350mm
Y = 290mm

Designation	L [mm]
MIC-S90-CH- 500	500
MIC-S90-CH- 750	750
MIC-S90-CH-1000	1000
MIC-S90-CH-1500	1500
MIC-S90-CH-2000	2000



MIC-S90-CH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel



Loading case: Clamped	Combinations covered by loading case
BOM: Brackets: 1x MIC-S90-CH- 500 2203592 MIC-S90-CH- 750 2203593 MIC-S90-CH-1000 2203594 MIC-S90-CH-1500 2203595 MIC-S90-CH-2000 2203596 Beam clamps 4x MI-SGC M16 387398	Pre-fab bracket for perpendicular connection to structural steel profiles flanges. Flange width 235-300mm.

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

Method													
	<table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <tr> <td>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</td> <td>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</td> <td>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>29.93</td> <td>6.87</td> <td>6.87</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3">$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3">4.05</td> </tr> </table> <p style="font-size: small;">These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	29.93	6.87	6.87	$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]			4.05		
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]											
29.93	6.87	6.87											
$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]													
4.05													

Design loading capacity - 3D 1/3

Method	

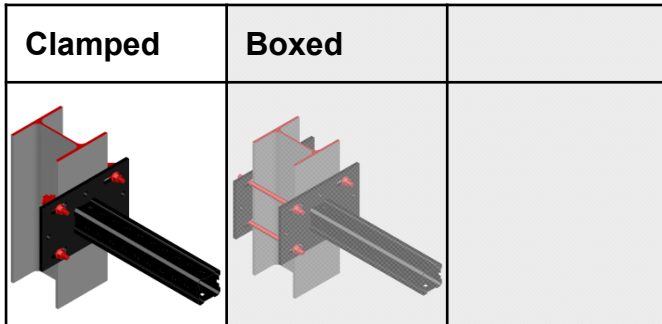
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

1. Bracket per FEA simulation 	2. Welds – per analytical calculation 	3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation
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MIC-S90-CH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



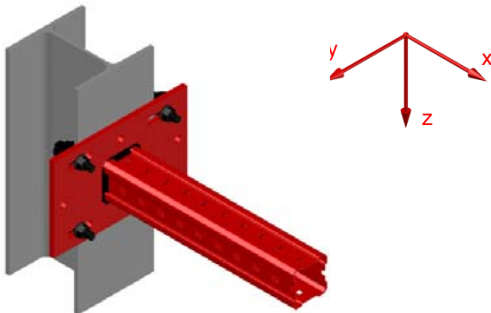
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing and independent from the cantilever length. So they are valid equally for L=500, 750, 1000, 1500, 2000mm..

1. Bracket per FEA simulation



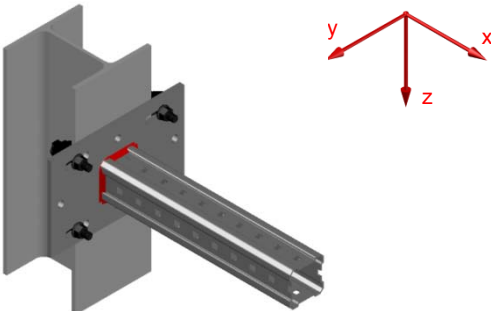
+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
44.90	101.54	57.20	57.20	57.20	57.20
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
4.50	4.50	6.08	6.08	6.08	6.08

includes cross section resistance of steel base plate and channel

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds – per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
285.11	285.11	116.39	116.39	116.39	116.39
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
9.54	9.54	6.84	6.84	6.84	6.84

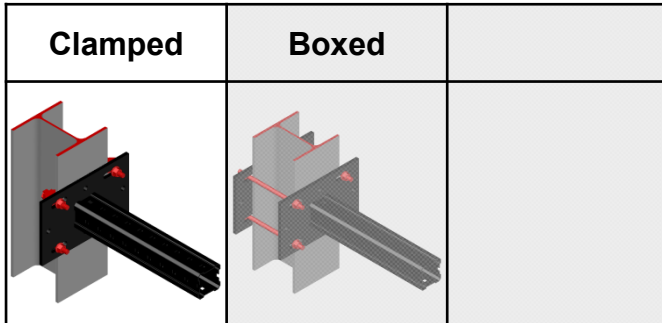
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-S90-CH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



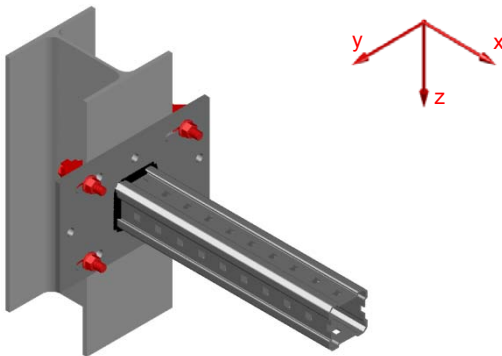
Design loading capacity - 3D

3/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing and independent from the cantilever length. So they are valid equally for L=500, 750, 1000, 1500, 2000mm..

3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
102.40	Not decisive	10.31	10.31	10.31	10.31
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
1.41	1.41	7.37	7.37	8.45	8.45

includes cross section resistance of steel base plate and channel

Interaction:

Normal force interaction:

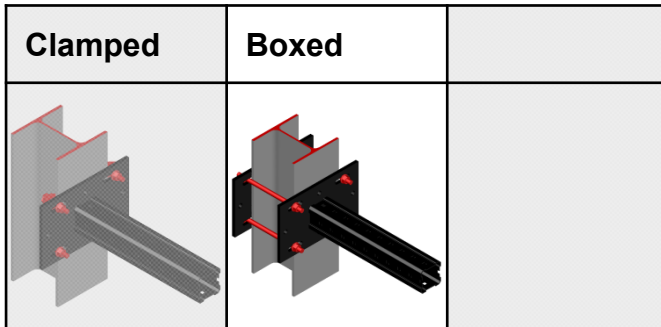
$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Shear force interaction:

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)} \leq 1$$

Important note: The resistance of steel girder on which connector MIC-SA-MAH is mounted must be checked appropriately by the client. For determination of connector resistances the steel girder is considered to be rigid.

MIC-S90-CH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel



<p>Loading case: Boxed</p> <p>BOM: Brackets: 1x MIC-S90-CH- 500 2203592 MIC-S90-CH- 750 2203593 MIC-S90-CH-1000 2203594 MIC-S90-CH-1500 2203595 MIC-S90-CH-2000 2203596</p> <p>Base plate 1x MIB-SBH 2174675 Threaded rods cut to particular length 4x AM16x1000 8.8 HDG...m 419104 Lock washer 8x LW M16 HDG plus washer 2185343 Nut 8x M16-F nut 304767</p>	<p>Combinations covered by loading case</p> <p>Pre-fab bracket for perpendicular connection to structural steel Profiles boxing it with two base plates. Flange width 235-300mm.</p>
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Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

<p>Method</p>	<table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <tr> <td>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</td> <td>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</td> <td>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">31.27</td> <td style="text-align: center;">12.67</td> <td style="text-align: center;">12.67</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3" style="text-align: center;">$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3" style="text-align: center;">4.05</td> </tr> </table> <p><small>These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</small></p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	31.27	12.67	12.67	$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]			4.05		
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]											
31.27	12.67	12.67											
$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]													
4.05													

Design loading capacity - 3D

1/3

<p>Method</p>	
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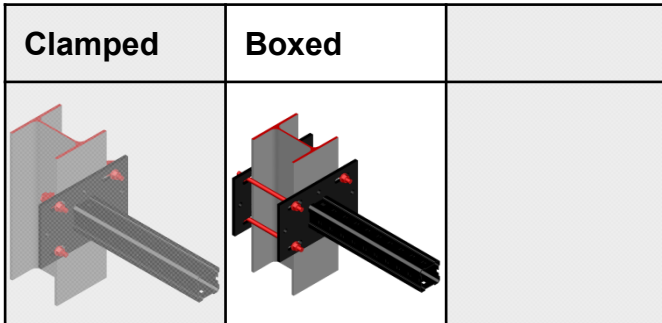
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

<p>1. Bracket per FEA simulation</p>	<p>2. Welds - per analytical calculation</p>	<p>3. Base plate and through bolts - per analytical calculation</p>
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MIC-S90-CH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



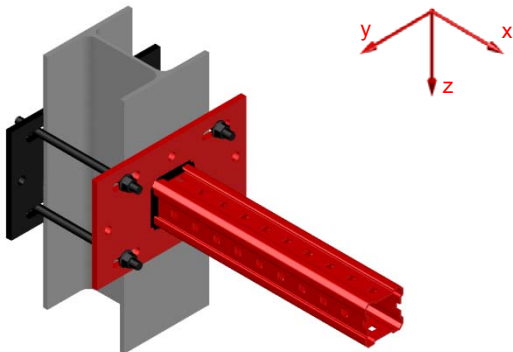
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing and independent from the cantilever length. So they are valid equally for L=500, 750, 1000, 1500, 2000mm..

1. Bracket per FEA simulation



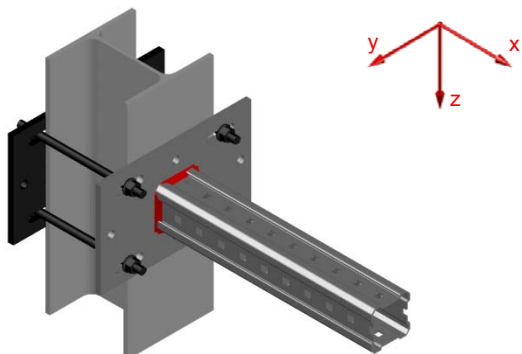
+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
46.90	91.00	57.20	57.20	57.20	57.20
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
4.50	4.50	6.08	6.08	6.08	6.08

includes cross section resistance of steel base plate and channel

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
285.11	285.11	116.39	116.39	116.39	116.39
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
9.54	9.54	6.84	6.84	6.84	6.84

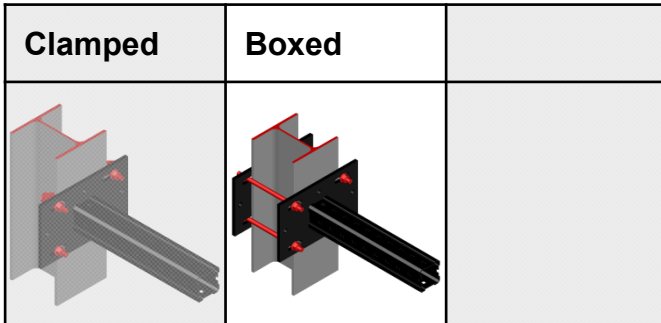
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-S90-CH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



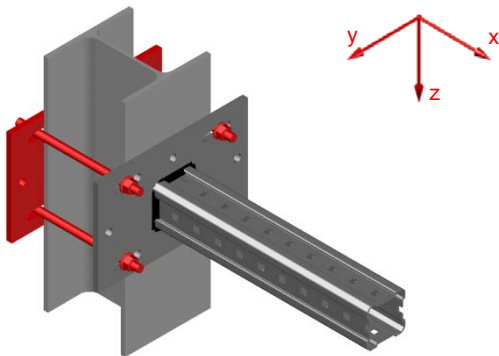
Design loading capacity - 3D

3/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing and independent from the cantilever length. So they are valid equally for L=500, 750, 1000, 1500, 2000mm..

3. Base plate and through bolts - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
150.80	Not decisive	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
2.57	2.57	10.71	10.71	12.44	12.44

includes cross section resistance of steel base plate and channel

Interaction:

Normal force interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Shear force interaction:

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)} \leq 1$$

Important note: The resistance of steel girder on which connector MIC-SA-MAH is mounted must be checked appropriately by the client. For determination of connector resistances the steel girder is considered to be rigid.

MIC-S120-AH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel

Designation	Item number
MIC-S120-AH- 500	2203597
MIC-S120-AH- 750	2203598
MIC-S120-AH-1000	2203599
MIC-S120-AH-1500	2203600
MIC-S120-AH-2000	2203601

Corrosion protection:

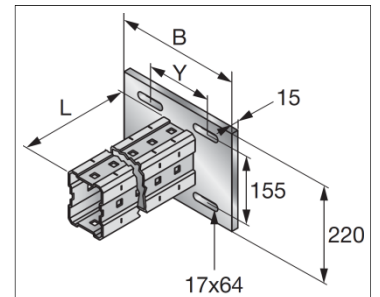
Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Bracket	ISO 1461	55

Weight:

MIC-S120-AH- 500	13374g
MIC-S120-AH- 750	16562g
MIC-S120-AH-1000	19750g
MIC-S120-AH-1500	26125g
MIC-S120-AH-2000	32500g

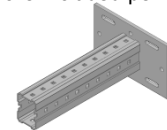
Submittal text:

Hilti Hot-dipped galvanized bracket used as fixed to structural steel profiles. The fixation could be done by two different principles. First principle is clamping, using four beam clamps clamped on flange of the structural steel profile.



B = 280mm
X = 200mm
Y = 140mm

Hardware included per connector



Designation	L [mm]
MIC-S120-AH- 500	500
MIC-S120-AH- 750	750
MIC-S120-AH-1000	1000
MIC-S120-AH-1500	1500
MIC-S120-AH-2000	2000

Material properties

Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Girder DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

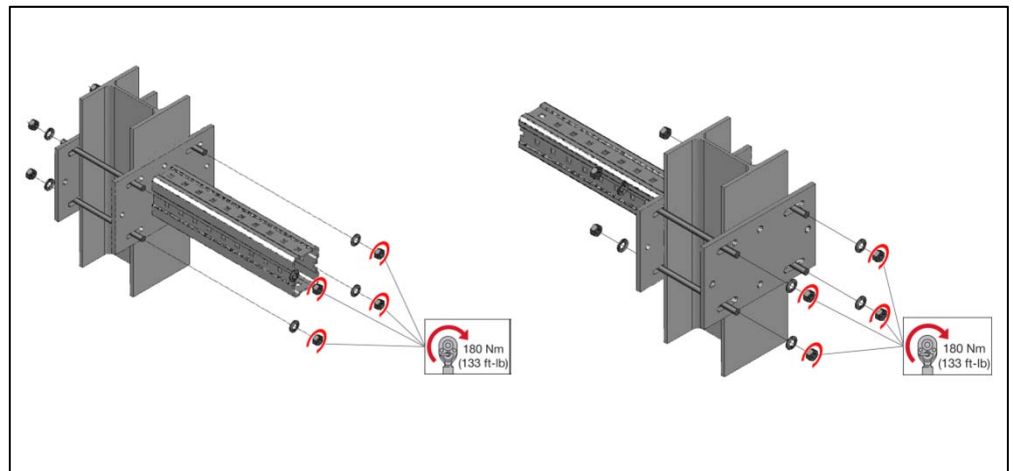
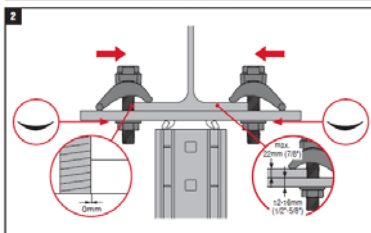
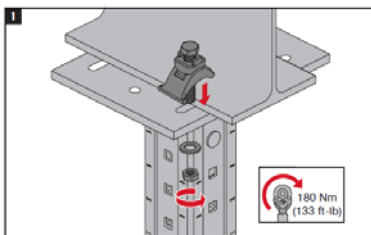
Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:

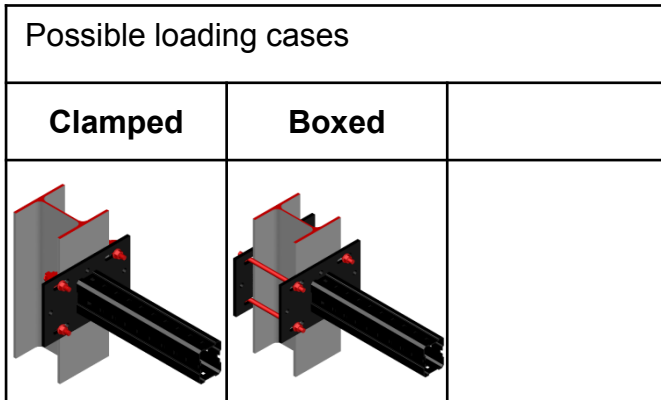
No IFU attached to the packaging

For clamped loading case

For boxed loading case (not attached to the packaging)



MIC-S120-AH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel



Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Finite element analysis
- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures – Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	09.2011
EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	03.2012
EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-5: Plated structural elements	03.2012
EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012
EN 10025-2	Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels	02.2005
RAL-GZ 655	Pipe Supports	04.2008

Software:

- Ansys 18.2
- Microsoft Excel
- Mathcad 15

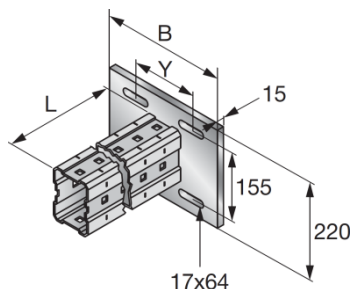
Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

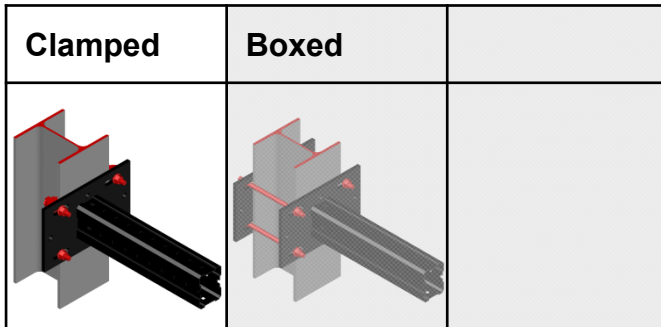
Simplified drawing:

Designation	L[mm]
MIC-S120-AH- 500	500
MIC-S120-AH- 750	750
MIC-S120-AH-1000	1000
MIC-S120-AH-1500	1500
MIC-S120-AH-2000	2000

B = 280mm
 X = 200mm
 Y = 140mm



MIC-S120-AH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel



Loading case: Clamped	Combinations covered by loading case
BOM: Brackets: 1x MIC-S120-AH- 500 2203597 MIC-S120-AH- 750 2203598 MIC-S120-AH-1000 2203599 MIC-S120-AH-1500 2203600 MIC-S120-AH-2000 2203601 Beam clamps 4x MI-SGC M16 387398	Pre-fab bracket for perpendicular connection to structural steel profiles flanges. Flange width 75-165mm.

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

Method																			
	<table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <tr> <td>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$</td> <td>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$</td> <td>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>[kN]</td> <td>[kN]</td> <td>[kN]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>68.27</td> <td>6.87</td> <td>6.87</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">$\pm M_{y,rec.}$</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">[kNm]</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">4.91</td> <td></td> </tr> </table> <p style="font-size: small;">These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$	[kN]	[kN]	[kN]	68.27	6.87	6.87	$\pm M_{y,rec.}$			[kNm]			4.91		
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$																	
[kN]	[kN]	[kN]																	
68.27	6.87	6.87																	
$\pm M_{y,rec.}$																			
[kNm]																			
4.91																			

Design loading capacity - 3D 1/3

Method	

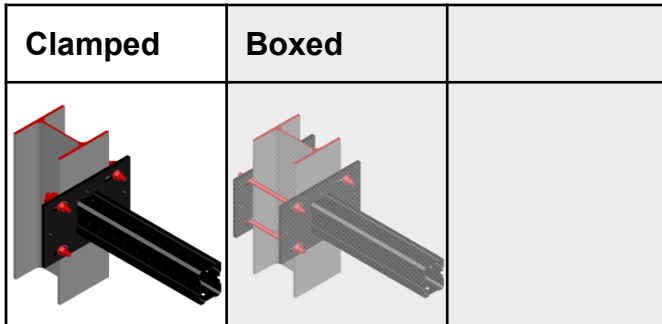
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

1. Bracket per FEA simulation 	2. Welds – per analytical calculation 	3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation
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MIC-S120-AH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



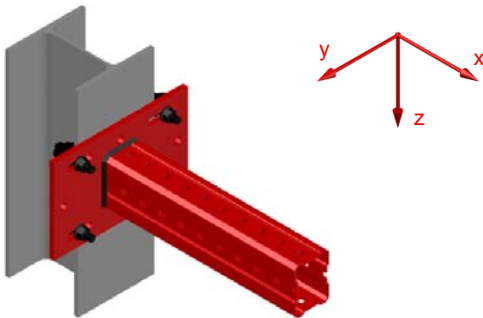
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing and independent from the cantilever length. So they are valid equally for L=500, 750, 1000, 1500, 2000mm..

1. Bracket per FEA simulation



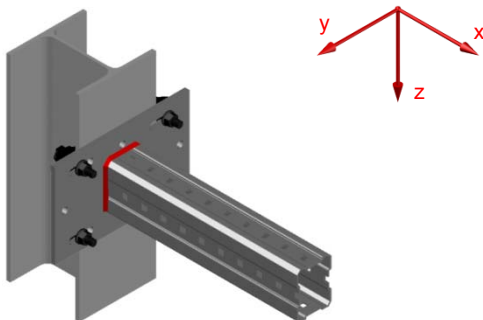
+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
105.20	132.97	62.60	62.60	94.80	94.80
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
6.80	6.80	10.17	10.17	8.03	8.03

includes cross section resistance of steel base plate and channel

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds – per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
346.20	346.20	116.39	116.39	166.28	166.28
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
13.34	13.34	11.91	11.91	10.28	10.28

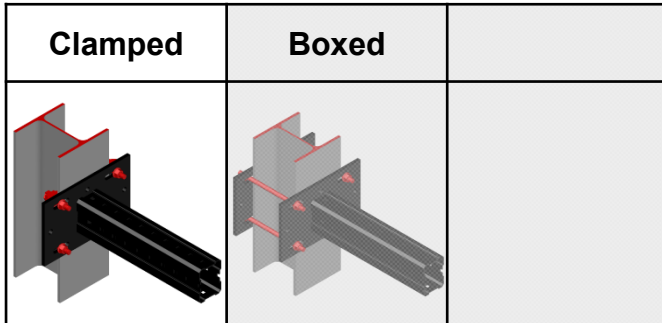
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-S120-AH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



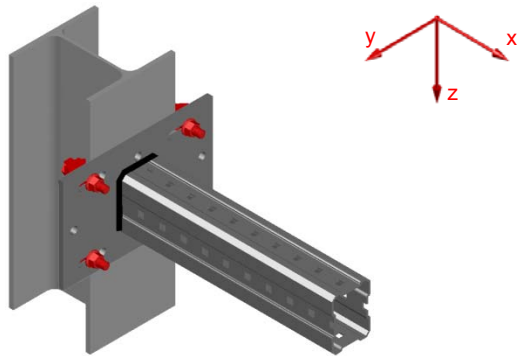
Design loading capacity - 3D

3/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing and independent from the cantilever length. So they are valid equally for L=500, 750, 1000, 1500, 2000mm..

3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
102.40	Not decisive	10.31	10.31	10.31	10.31
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
0.84	0.84	7.37	7.37	4.25	4.25

includes cross section resistance of steel base plate and channel

Interaction:

Normal force interaction:

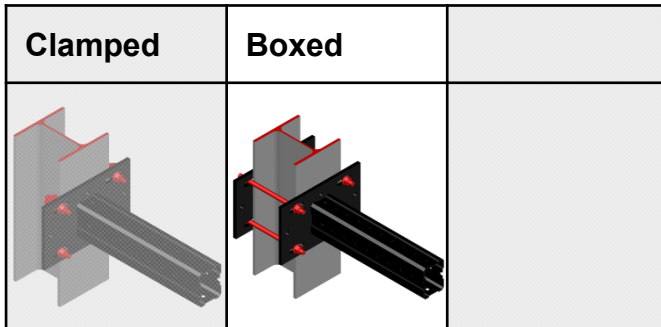
$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Shear force interaction:

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)} \leq 1$$

Important note: The resistance of steel girder on which connector MIC-SA-MAH is mounted must be checked appropriately by the client. For determination of connector resistances the steel girder is considered to be rigid.

MIC-S120-AH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel



<p>Loading case: Boxed</p> <p>BOM: Brackets:</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>1x MIC-S120-AH- 500</td> <td>2203597</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MIC-S120-AH- 750</td> <td>2203598</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MIC-S120-AH-1000</td> <td>2203599</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MIC-S120-AH-1500</td> <td>2203600</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MIC-S120-AH-2000</td> <td>2203601</td> </tr> </table> <p>Hardware not included in packaging: Base plate 1x MIB-SAH 2174674 Threaded rods cut to particular length 4x AM16x1000 8.8 HDG...m 419104 Lock washer 8x LW M16 HDG plus washer 2185343 Nut 8x M16-F nut 304767</p>	1x MIC-S120-AH- 500	2203597	MIC-S120-AH- 750	2203598	MIC-S120-AH-1000	2203599	MIC-S120-AH-1500	2203600	MIC-S120-AH-2000	2203601	<p>Combinations covered by loading case</p> <p>Pre-fab bracket for perpendicular connection to structural steel Profiles boxing it with two base plates. Flange width 75-165mm.</p>
1x MIC-S120-AH- 500	2203597										
MIC-S120-AH- 750	2203598										
MIC-S120-AH-1000	2203599										
MIC-S120-AH-1500	2203600										
MIC-S120-AH-2000	2203601										

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

<p>Method</p>	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</td> <td>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</td> <td>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">78.13</td> <td style="text-align: center;">13.77</td> <td style="text-align: center;">13.77</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3" style="text-align: center;">$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3" style="text-align: center;">7.00</td> </tr> </table> <p style="font-size: small;">These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	78.13	13.77	13.77	$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]			7.00		
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]											
78.13	13.77	13.77											
$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]													
7.00													

Design loading capacity - 3D

1/3

<p>Method</p>	
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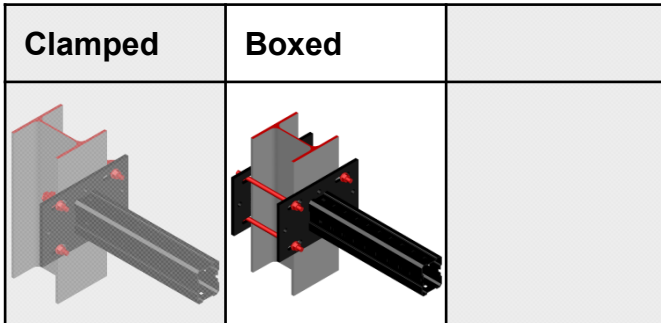
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

<p>1. Bracket per FEA simulation</p>	<p>2. Welds - per analytical calculation</p>	<p>3. Base plate and through bolts - per analytical calculation</p>
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MIC-S120-AH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



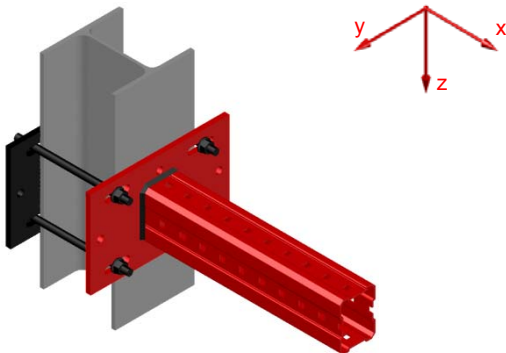
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing and independent from the cantilever length. So they are valid equally for L=500, 750, 1000, 1500, 2000mm..

1. Bracket per FEA simulation



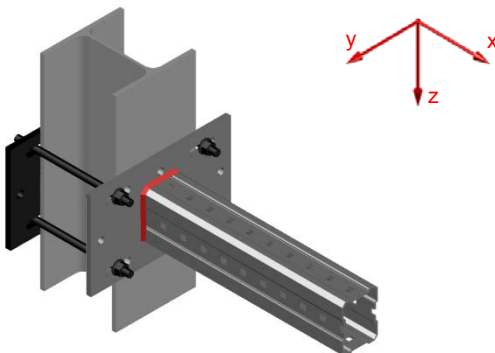
+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
117.20	132.97	62.60	62.60	94.80	94.80
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
6.80	6.80	10.51	10.51	8.03	8.03

includes cross section resistance of steel base plate and channel

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
346.20	346.20	116.39	116.39	166.28	166.28
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
13.34	13.34	11.91	11.91	10.28	10.28

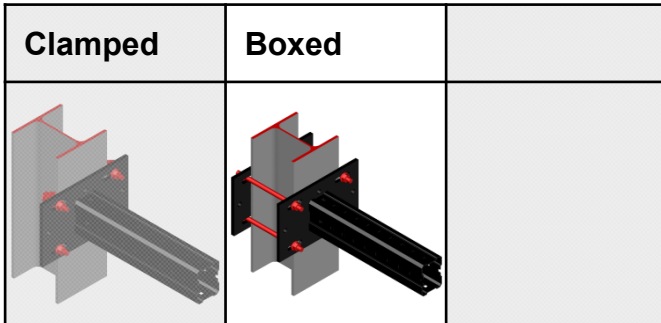
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-S120-AH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



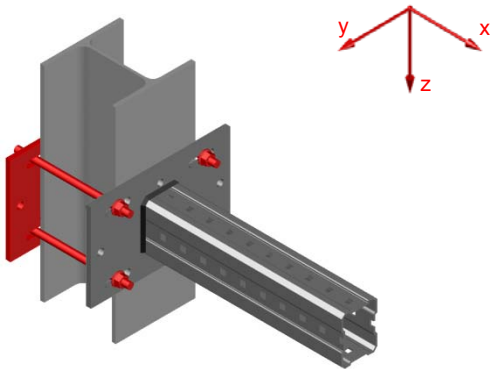
Design loading capacity - 3D

3/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing and independent from the cantilever length. So they are valid equally for L=500, 750, 1000, 1500, 2000mm..

3. Base plate and through bolts - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
164.00	Not decisive	20.66	20.66	20.66	20.66
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
1.67	1.67	11.64	11.64	6.81	6.81

includes cross section resistance of steel base plate and channel

Interaction:

Normal force interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

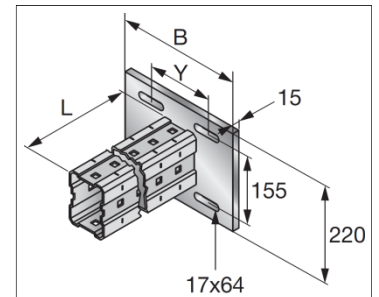
Shear force interaction:

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)} \leq 1$$

Important note: The resistance of steel girder on which connector MIC-SA-MAH is mounted must be checked appropriately by the client. For determination of connector resistances the steel girder is considered to be rigid.

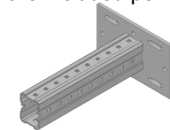
MIC-S120-BH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel

Designation	Item number
MIC-S120-BH- 500	2203602
MIC-S120-BH- 750	2203603
MIC-S120-BH-1000	2203604
MIC-S120-BH-1500	2203605
MIC-S120-BH-2000	2203606



B = 350mm
 X = 300mm
 Y = 210mm

Hardware included per connector



Weight:

MIC-S120-BH- 500	15267g
MIC-S120-BH- 750	18455g
MIC-S120-BH-1000	21642g
MIC-S120-BH-1500	28018g
MIC-S120-BH-2000	34393g

Submittal text:

Hilti Hot-dipped galvanized bracket used as fixed to structural steel profiles.
 The fixation could be done by two different principles.
 First principle is clamping, using four beam clamps clamped on flange of the structural steel profile.

Designation	L[mm]
MIC-S120-BH- 500	500
MIC-S120-BH- 750	750
MIC-S120-BH-1000	1000
MIC-S120-BH-1500	1500
MIC-S120-BH-2000	2000

Material properties

Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Girder DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

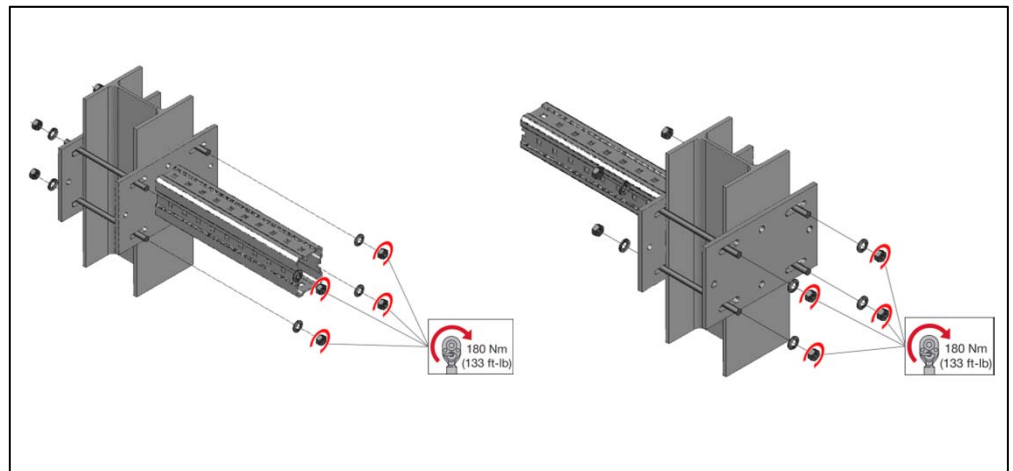
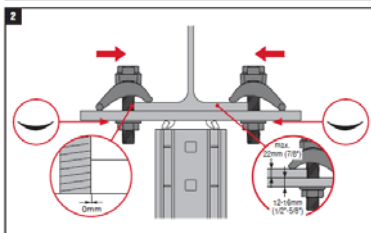
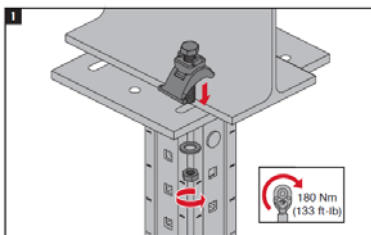
Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:

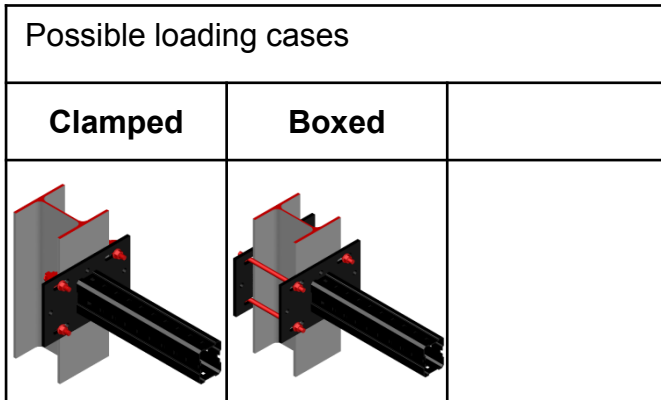
No IFU attached to the packaging

For clamped loading case

For boxed loading case (not attached to the packaging)



MIC-S120-BH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel



Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Finite element analysis
- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures – Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	09.2011
EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	03.2012
EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-5: Plated structural elements	03.2012
EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012
EN 10025-2	Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels	02.2005
RAL-GZ 655	Pipe Supports	04.2008

Software:

- Ansys 18.2
- Microsoft Excel
- Mathcad 15

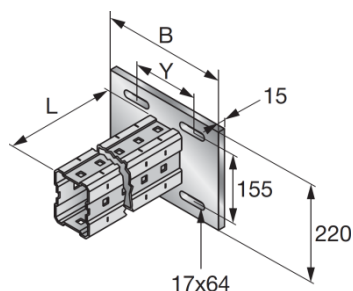
Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

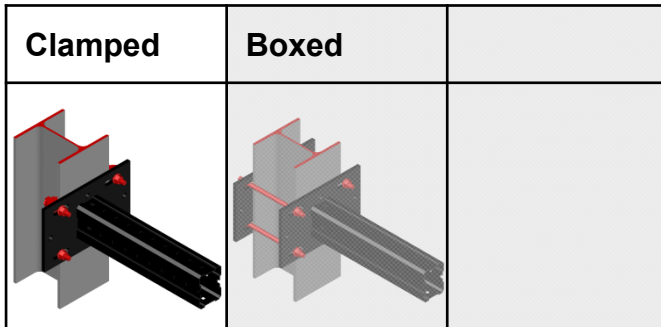
Simplified drawing:

B = 350mm
X = 300mm
Y = 210mm

Designation	L[mm]
MIC-S120-BH- 500	500
MIC-S120-BH- 750	750
MIC-S120-BH-1000	1000
MIC-S120-BH-1500	1500
MIC-S120-BH-2000	2000



MIC-S120-BH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel



Loading case: Clamped	Combinations covered by loading case
BOM: Brackets: 1x MIC-S120-BH- 500 2203602 MIC-S120-BH- 750 2203603 MIC-S120-BH-1000 2203604 MIC-S120-BH-1500 2203605 MIC-S120-BH-2000 2203606 Beam clamps 4x MI-SGC M16 387398	Pre-fab bracket for perpendicular connection to structural steel profiles flanges. Flange width 165-235mm.

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

Method																			
	<table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <tr> <td>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$</td> <td>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$</td> <td>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>[kN]</td> <td>[kN]</td> <td>[kN]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>47.93</td> <td>6.87</td> <td>6.87</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3">$\pm M_{y,rec.}$</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3">[kNm]</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3">4.91</td> </tr> </table> <p style="font-size: small;">These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$	[kN]	[kN]	[kN]	47.93	6.87	6.87	$\pm M_{y,rec.}$			[kNm]			4.91		
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$																	
[kN]	[kN]	[kN]																	
47.93	6.87	6.87																	
$\pm M_{y,rec.}$																			
[kNm]																			
4.91																			

Design loading capacity - 3D 1/3

Method	

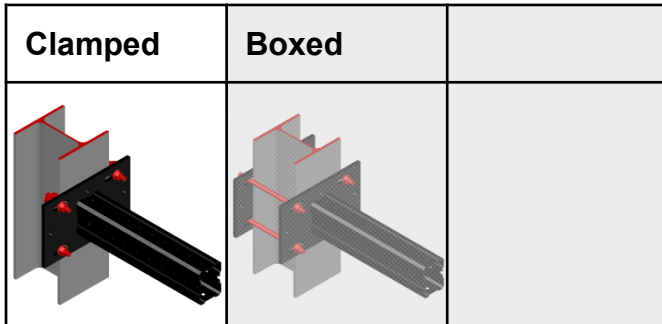
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

1. Bracket per FEA simulation 	2. Welds – per analytical calculation 	3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation
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MIC-S120-BH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



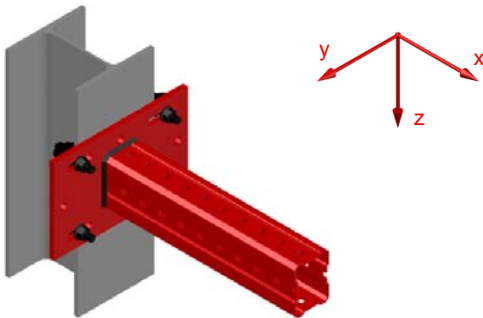
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing and independent from the cantilever length. So they are valid equally for L=500, 750, 1000, 1500, 2000mm..

1. Bracket per FEA simulation



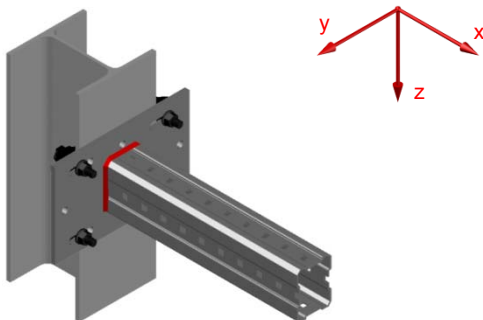
+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
71.90	132.97	62.60	62.60	94.80	94.80
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
6.80	6.80	8.80	8.80	8.03	8.03

includes cross section resistance of steel base plate and channel

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds – per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
346.20	346.20	116.39	116.39	166.28	166.28
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
13.34	13.34	11.91	11.91	10.28	10.28

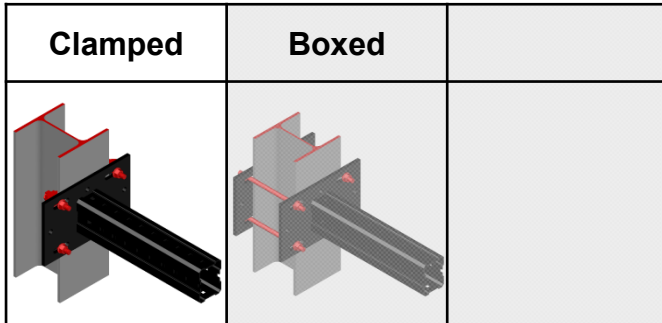
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-S120-BH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



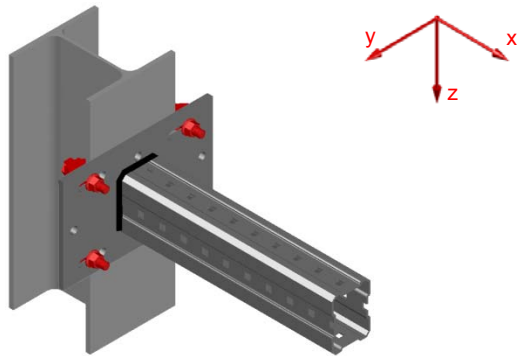
Design loading capacity - 3D

3/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing and independent from the cantilever length. So they are valid equally for L=500, 750, 1000, 1500, 2000mm..

3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
102.40	Not decisive	10.31	10.31	10.31	10.31
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
1.12	1.12	7.37	7.37	6.81	6.81

includes cross section resistance of steel base plate and channel

Interaction:

Normal force interaction:

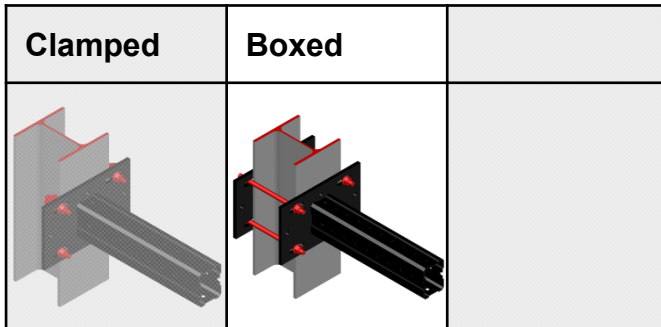
$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Shear force interaction:

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)} \leq 1$$

Important note: The resistance of steel girder on which connector MIC-SA-MAH is mounted must be checked appropriately by the client. For determination of connector resistances the steel girder is considered to be rigid.

MIC-S120-BH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel



<p>Loading case: Boxed</p> <p>BOM: Brackets: 1x MIC-S120-BH- 500 2203602 MIC-S120-BH- 750 2203603 MIC-S120-BH-1000 2203604 MIC-S120-BH-1500 2203605 MIC-S120-BH-2000 2203606</p> <p>Hardware not included in packaging: Base plate 1x MIB-SAH 2174674 Threaded rods cut to particular length 4x AM16x1000 8.8 HDG...m 419104 Lock washer 8x LW M16 HDG plus washer 2185343 Nut 8x M16-F nut 304767</p>	<p>Combinations covered by loading case</p> <p>Pre-fab bracket for perpendicular connection to structural steel Profiles boxing it with two base plates. Flange width 165-235mm.</p>
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Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

<p>Method</p>	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</td> <td>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</td> <td>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">51.40</td> <td style="text-align: center;">13.34</td> <td style="text-align: center;">13.34</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3" style="text-align: center;">$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3" style="text-align: center;">6.18</td> </tr> </table> <p><small>These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</small></p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	51.40	13.34	13.34	$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]			6.18		
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]											
51.40	13.34	13.34											
$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]													
6.18													

Design loading capacity - 3D

1/3

<p>Method</p>	
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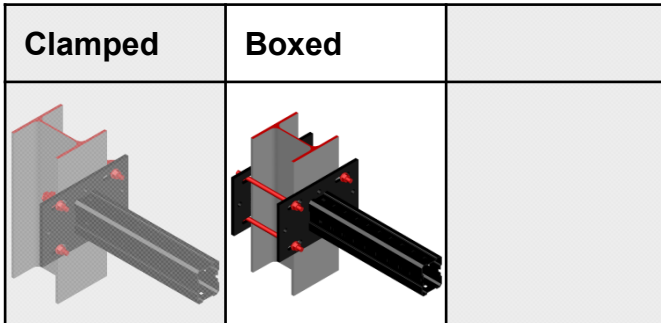
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

<p>1. Bracket per FEA simulation</p>	<p>2. Welds - per analytical calculation</p>	<p>3. Base plate and through bolts - per analytical calculation</p>
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MIC-S120-BH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



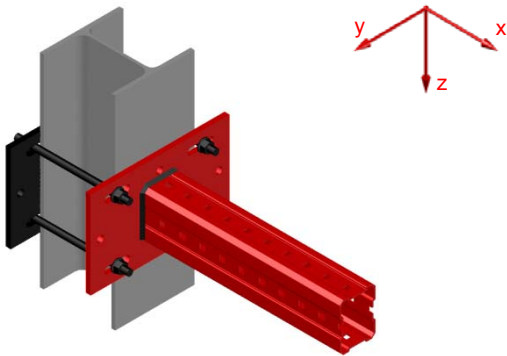
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing and independent from the cantilever length. So they are valid equally for L=500, 750, 1000, 1500, 2000mm..

1. Bracket per FEA simulation



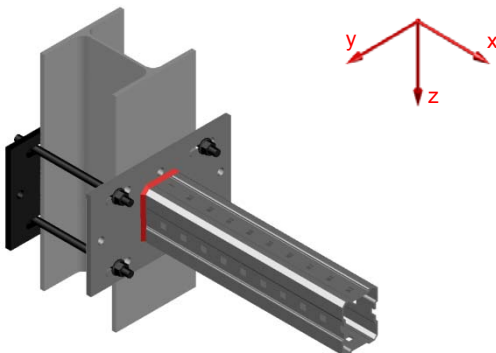
+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
77.10	132.97	62.60	62.60	94.80	94.80
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
6.80	6.80	9.27	9.27	8.03	8.03

includes cross section resistance of steel base plate and channel

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
346.20	346.20	116.39	116.39	166.28	166.28
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
13.34	13.34	11.91	11.91	10.28	10.28

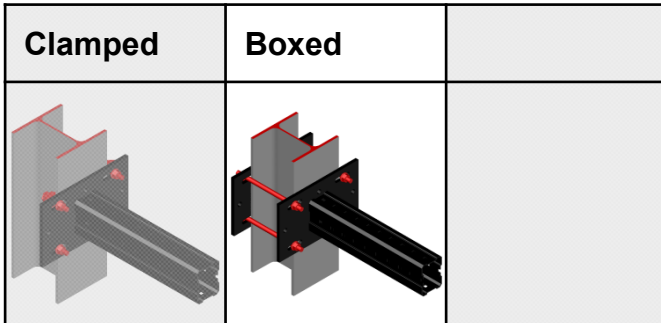
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd}} + \frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd}} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-S120-BH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



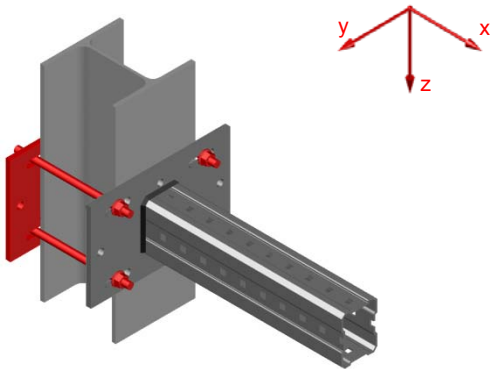
Design loading capacity - 3D

3/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing and independent from the cantilever length. So they are valid equally for L=500, 750, 1000, 1500, 2000mm..

3. Base plate and through bolts - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
158.80	Not decisive	20.01	20.01	20.01	20.01
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
2.06	2.06	11.27	11.27	10.56	10.56

includes cross section resistance of steel base plate and channel

Interaction:

Normal force interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Shear force interaction:

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)} \leq 1$$

Important note: The resistance of steel girder on which connector MIC-SA-MAH is mounted must be checked appropriately by the client. For determination of connector resistances the steel girder is considered to be rigid.

MIC-S120-CH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel

Designation	Item number
MIC-S120-CH- 500	2203607
MIC-S120-CH- 750	2203608
MIC-S120-CH-1000	2203609
MIC-S120-CH-1500	2203570
MIC-S120-CH-2000	2203571

Corrosion protection:

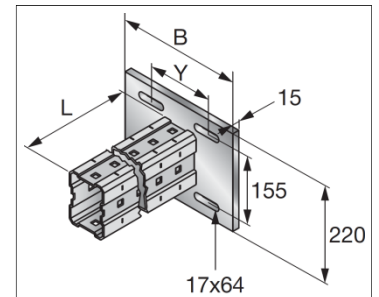
Material	HDG per	Zinc thickness, min. (µm)
Bracket	ISO 1461	55

Weight:

MIC-S120-CH- 500	17410g
MIC-S120-CH- 750	20597g
MIC-S120-CH-1000	23785g
MIC-S120-CH-1500	30160g
MIC-S120-CH-2000	36535g

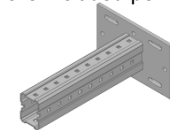
Submittal text:

Hilti Hot-dipped galvanized bracket used as fixed to structural steel profiles. The fixation could be done by two different principles. First principle is clamping, using four beam clamps clamped on flange of the structural steel profile.



B = 430mm
X = 350mm
Y = 290mm

Hardware included per connector



Designation	L[mm]
MIC-S120-CH- 500	500
MIC-S120-CH- 750	750
MIC-S120-CH-1000	1000
MIC-S120-CH-1500	1500
MIC-S120-CH-2000	2000

Material properties

Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	Modulus of elasticity	Shear modulus
Plate S235JR - (DIN EN10025-2) or DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$
Girder DD11 MOD (EN 10111)	$f_y = 235 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$f_u = 360 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$E = 210000 \frac{N}{mm^2}$	$G = 80769 \frac{N}{mm^2}$

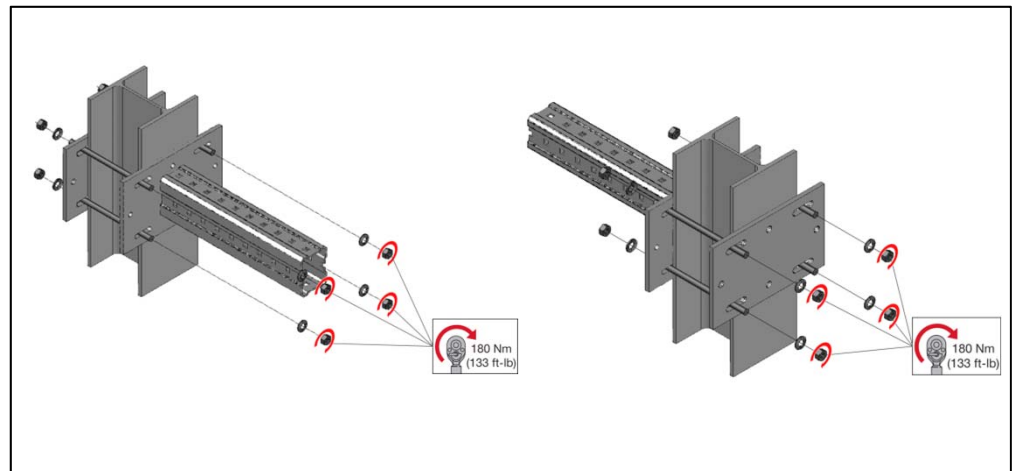
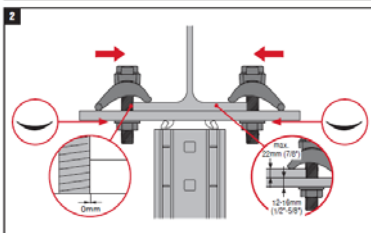
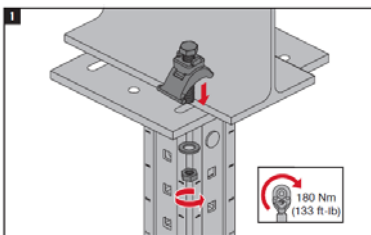
Values for Modulus of Elasticity and Shear Modulus are according to EN 1993-1-1 and used for all Eurocode calculations

Instruction For Use:

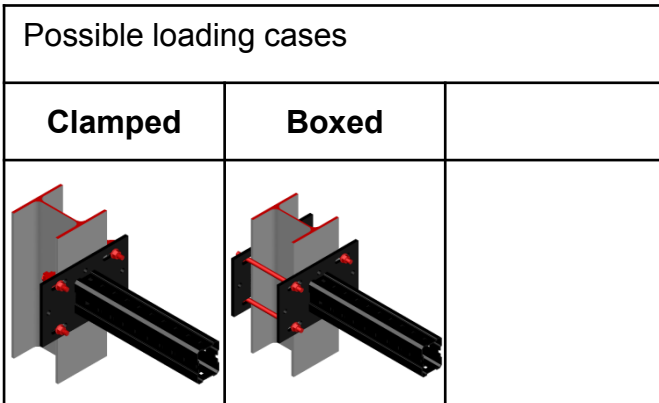
No IFU attached to the packaging

For clamped loading case

For boxed loading case (not attached to the packaging)



MIC-S120-CH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel



Design criteria used for loading capacity

Methodology:

- Finite element analysis
- Analytic calculation

Standards and codes:

EN 1990	Basics of structural design	03.2003
EN 1991-1-1	Eurocode 1: Actions on structures – Part 1-1: General actions – densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings	09.2011
EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings	03.2012
EN 1993-1-3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-3: General rules- Supplementary rules for cold-formed members and sheeting	03.2012
EN 1993-1-5	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-5: Plated structural elements	03.2012
EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-8: Design of joints	03.2012
EN 10025-2	Hot rolled products of structural steels- Part 2: technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels	02.2005
RAL-GZ 655	Pipe Supports	04.2008

Software:

- Ansys 18.2
- Microsoft Excel
- Mathcad 15

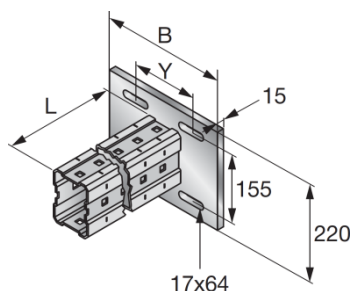
Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.

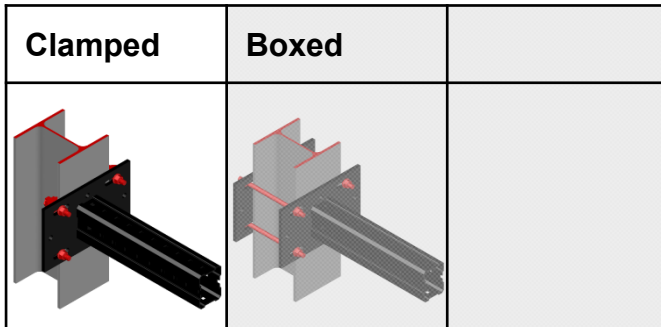
Simplified drawing:

B = 350mm
X = 300mm
Y = 210mm

Designation	L[mm]
MIC-S120-CH- 500	500
MIC-S120-CH- 750	750
MIC-S120-CH-1000	1000
MIC-S120-CH-1500	1500
MIC-S120-CH-2000	2000



MIC-S120-CH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel



Loading case: Clamped	Combinations covered by loading case
<p>BOM: Brackets: 1x MIC-S120-CH- 500 2203607 MIC-S120-CH- 750 2203608 MIC-S120-CH-1000 2203609 MIC-S120-CH-1500 2203570 MIC-S120-CH-2000 2203571 Beam clamps 4x MI-SGC M16 387398</p>	<p>Pre-fab bracket for perpendicular connection to structural steel profiles flanges. Flange width 235-300mm.</p>

Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications

Method													
	<table border="1"> <tr> <th>$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</th> <th>$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</th> </tr> <tr> <td>31.80</td> <td>6.87</td> <td>6.87</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3">$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3">4.91</td> </tr> </table> <p>These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	31.80	6.87	6.87	$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]			4.91		
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]											
31.80	6.87	6.87											
$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]													
4.91													

Design loading capacity - 3D

1/3

Method	
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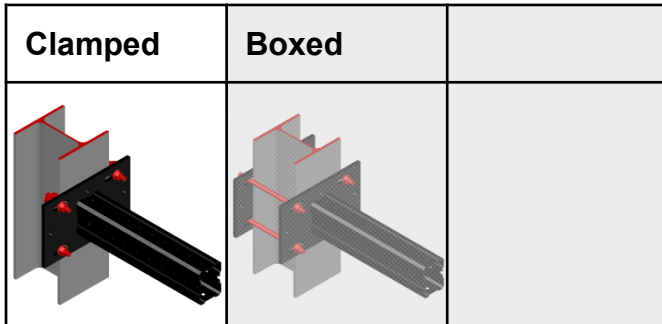
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

1. Bracket per FEA simulation 	2. Welds – per analytical calculation 	3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation
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MIC-S120-CH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



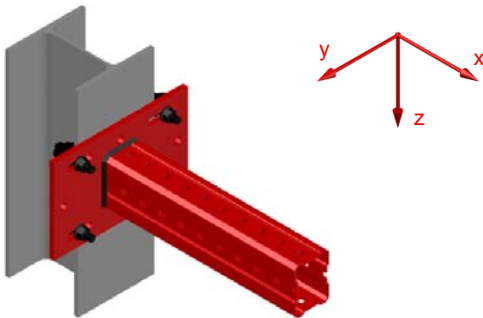
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing and independent from the cantilever length. So they are valid equally for L=500, 750, 1000, 1500, 2000mm..

1. Bracket per FEA simulation



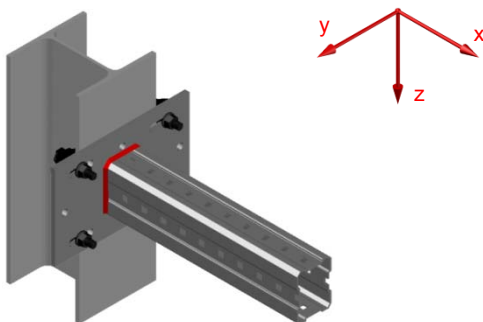
+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
47.70	132.97	62.60	62.60	94.80	94.80
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
6.80	6.80	8.03	8.03	8.03	8.03

includes cross section resistance of steel base plate and channel

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds – per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
346.20	346.20	116.39	116.39	166.28	166.28
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
13.34	13.34	11.91	11.91	10.28	10.28

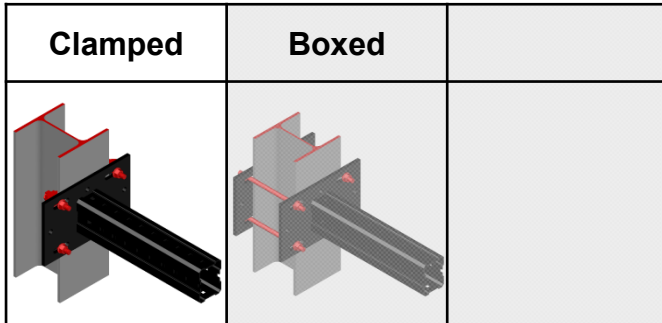
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-S120-CH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



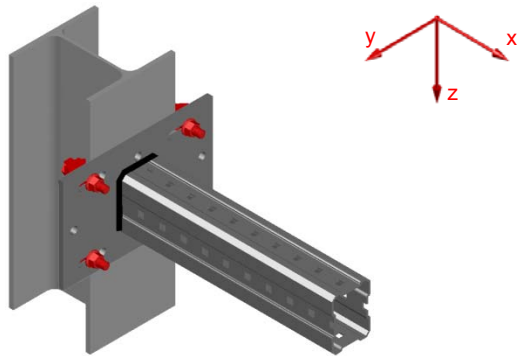
Design loading capacity - 3D

3/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing and independent from the cantilever length. So they are valid equally for L=500, 750, 1000, 1500, 2000mm..

3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
102.40	Not decisive	10.31	10.31	10.31	10.31
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
1.41	1.41	7.37	7.37	8.45	8.45

includes cross section resistance of steel base plate and channel

Interaction:

Normal force interaction:

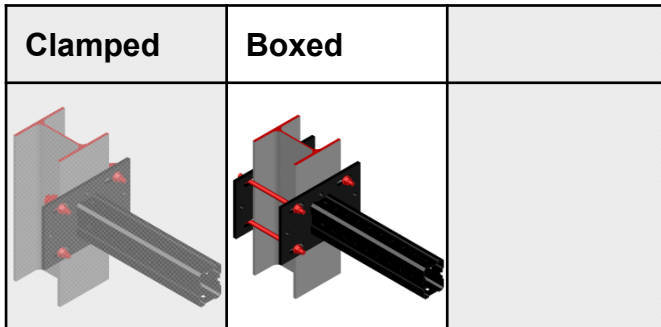
$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Shear force interaction:

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)} \leq 1$$

Important note: The resistance of steel girder on which connector MIC-SA-MAH is mounted must be checked appropriately by the client. For determination of connector resistances the steel girder is considered to be rigid.

MIC-S120-CH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel



<p>Loading case: Boxed</p> <p>BOM: Brackets: 1x MIC-S120-CH- 500 2203607 MIC-S120-CH- 750 2203608 MIC-S120-CH-1000 2203609 MIC-S120-CH-1500 2203570 MIC-S120-CH-2000 2203571</p> <p>Hardware not included in packaging: Base plate 1x MIB-SAH 2174674 Threaded rods cut to particular length 4x AM16x1000 8.8 HDG...m 419104 Lock washer 8x LW M16 HDG plus washer 2185343 Nut 8x M16-F nut 304767</p>	<p>Combinations covered by loading case</p> <p>Pre-fab bracket for perpendicular connection to structural steel Profiles boxing it with two base plates. Flange width 235-300mm.</p>
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Recommended loading capacity - simplified for most common applications													
<p>Method</p>	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]</td> <td style="text-align: center;">$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]</td> <td style="text-align: center;">$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">32.73</td> <td style="text-align: center;">12.67</td> <td style="text-align: center;">12.67</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3" style="text-align: center;">$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3" style="text-align: center;">5.48</td> </tr> </table> <p style="font-size: small;">These values are individual one directional maximal capacity limits. For any combinations of multiple directions, use design values and their corresponding interaction formulas.</p>	$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]	32.73	12.67	12.67	$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]			5.48		
$\pm F_{x,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{y,rec.}$ [kN]	$\pm F_{z,rec.}$ [kN]											
32.73	12.67	12.67											
$\pm M_{y,rec.}$ [kNm]													
5.48													

Design loading capacity - 3D	1/3
<p>Method</p>	

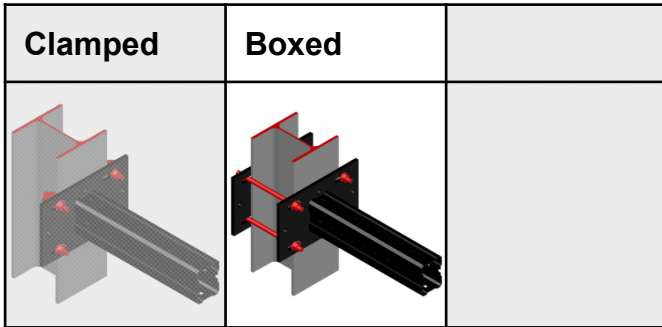
Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:

<p>1. Bracket per FEA simulation</p>	<p>2. Welds - per analytical calculation</p>	<p>3. Base plate and through bolts - per analytical calculation</p>
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MIC-S120-CH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



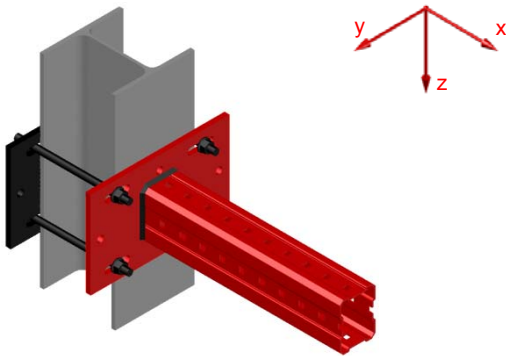
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing and independent from the cantilever length. So they are valid equally for L=500, 750, 1000, 1500, 2000mm..

1. Bracket per FEA simulation



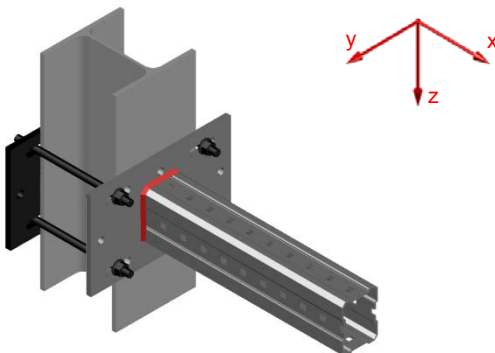
+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
49.10	97.70	62.60	62.60	94.80	94.80
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
6.80	6.80	8.22	8.22	8.03	8.03

includes cross section resistance of steel base plate and channel

Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

2. Welds - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
346.20	346.20	116.39	116.39	166.28	166.28
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
13.34	13.34	11.91	11.91	10.28	10.28

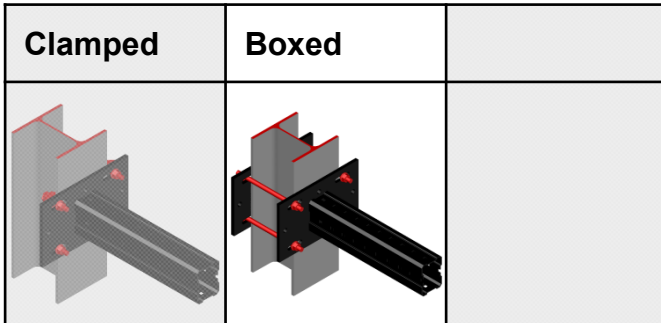
Interaction:

$$\frac{F_{xEd}}{F_{xRd}} + \frac{F_{yEd}}{F_{yRd}} + \frac{F_{zEd}}{F_{zRd}} + \frac{M_{xEd}}{M_{xRd}} + \frac{M_{yEd}}{M_{yRd}} + \frac{M_{zEd}}{M_{zRd}} \leq 1$$

MIC-S120-CH-500-2000 Bracket - Steel

Validity:

- Temperature limits: -30°C (-22°F) to +93°C (200°F).
- Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



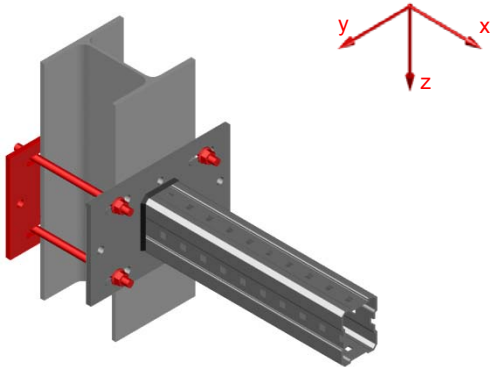
Design loading capacity - 3D

2/3

Summary of design loads*

NOTE: all values in interaction formulas should be used in absolute values! The values below are referred to the coordinate system shown in the drawing and independent from the cantilever length. So they are valid equally for L=500, 750, 1000, 1500, 2000mm..

3. Base plate and through bolts - per analytical calculation



+Fx,Rd [kN]	-Fx,Rd [kN]	+Fy,Rd [kN]	-Fy,Rd [kN]	+Fz,Rd [kN]	-Fz,Rd [kN]
150.80	Not decisive	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00
+Mx,Rd [kNm]	-Mx,Rd [kNm]	+My,Rd [kNm]	-My,Rd [kNm]	+Mz,Rd [kNm]	-Mz,Rd [kNm]
2.57	2.57	10.71	10.71	12.44	12.44

includes cross section resistance of steel base plate and channel

Interaction:

Normal force interaction:

$$\frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rd}} + \frac{M_{z,Ed}}{M_{z,Rd}} \leq 1$$

Shear force interaction:

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{F_{y,Ed}}{F_{y,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{z,Ed}}{F_{z,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{x,Ed}}{M_{x,Rd} \times \left(1 - \frac{F_{x,Ed}}{F_{x,Rd}}\right)} \leq 1$$

Important note: The resistance of steel girder on which connector MIC-SA-MAH is mounted must be checked appropriately by the client. For determination of connector resistances the steel girder is considered to be rigid.



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